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Notes on Current Labor Statistics

This section of the Review presents the principal statistical series collected and calculated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics: series on labor force; employment; unemployment; labor compensation; consumer, producer, and international prices; productivity; international comparisons; and injury and illness statistics. In the notes that follow, the data in each group of tables are briefly described; key definitions are given; notes on the data are set forth; and sources of additional information are cited.

General notes

The following notes apply to several tables in this section:

Seasonal adjustment. Certain monthly and quarterly data are adjusted to eliminate the effect on the data of such factors as climatic conditions, industry production schedules, opening and closing of schools, holiday buying periods, and vacation practices, which might prevent short-term evaluation of the statistical series. Tables containing data that have been adjusted are identified as "seasonally adjusted." (All other data are not seasonally adjusted.) Seasonal effects are estimated on the basis of current and past experiences. When new seasonal factors are computed each year, revisions may affect seasonally adjusted data for several preceding years.

Seasonally adjusted data appear in tables 1-14, 17-21, 48, and 52. Seasonally adjusted labor force data in tables 1 and 4-9 and seasonally adjusted establishment survey data shown in tables 1, 12-14, and 17 usually are revised in the March issue of the Review. A brief explanation of the seasonal adjustment methodology appears in "Notes on the data."

Revisions in the productivity data in table 54 are usually introduced in the September issue. Seasonally adjusted indexes and percent changes from month-to-month and quarter-to-quarter are published for numerous Consumer and Producer Price Index series. However, seasonally adjusted indexes are not published for the U.S. average All-Items CPI. Only seasonally adjusted percent changes are available for this series.

Adjustments for price changes. Some data—such as the "real" earnings shown in table 14—are adjusted to eliminate the effect of changes in price. These adjustments are made by dividing current-dollar values by the Consumer Price Index or the appropriate component of the index, then multiplying by 100. For example, given a current hourly wage rate of \$3 and a current price index number of 150, where 1982 = 100, the hourly rate expressed in 1982 dollars is \$2 (\$3/150 \times 100 = \$2). The \$2 (or any other resulting values) are described as "real," "constant," or "1982" dollars.

Sources of information

Data that supplement the tables in this section are published by the Bureau in a variety of sources. Definitions of each series and notes on the data are contained in later sections of these Notes describing each set of data. For detailed descriptions of each data series, see BLS Handbook of Methods, Bulletin 2490. Users also may wish to consult Major Programs of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Report 919. News releases provide the latest statistical information published by the Bureau; the major recurring releases are published according to the schedule appearing on the back cover of this issue.

More information about labor force, employment, and unemployment data and the household and establishment surveys underlying the data are available in the Bureau's monthly publication, Employment and Earnings. Historical unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data from the household survey are available on the Internet:

www.bls.gov/cps/

Historically comparable unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data from the establishment survey also are available on the Internet:

www.bls.gov/ces/

Additional information on labor force data for areas below the national level are provided in the BLS annual report, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment.

For a comprehensive discussion of the Employment Cost Index, see Employment Cost Indexes and Levels, 1975-95, BLS Bulletin 2466. The most recent data from the Employee Benefits Survey appear in the following Bureau of Labor Statistics bulletins: Employee Benefits in Medium and Large Firms; Employee Benefits in Small Private Establishments; and Employee Benefits in State and Local Governments.

More detailed data on consumer and producer prices are published in the monthly periodicals, The CPI Detailed Report and Producer Price Indexes. For an overview of the 1998 revision of the CPI, see the December 1996 issue of the Monthly Labor Review. Additional data on international prices appear in monthly news releases.

Listings of industries for which productivity indexes are available may be found on the Internet:

www.bls.gov/lpc/

For additional information on international comparisons data, see International Comparisons of Unemployment, Bulletin 1979.

Detailed data on the occupational injury and illness series are published in Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in the United States, by Industry, a BLS annual bulletin.

Finally, the Monthly Labor Review carries analytical articles on annual and longer term developments in labor force, employment, and unemployment; employee compensation and collective bargaining; prices; productivity; international comparisons; and injury and illness data.

Symbols

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

n.e.s. = not elsewhere specified.

- preliminary. To increase the timeliness of some series, preliminary figures are issued based on representative but incomplete returns.
- revised. Generally, this revision reflects the availability of later data, but also may reflect other adjustments.

Comparative Indicators

(Tables 1–3)

Comparative indicators tables provide an overview and comparison of major BLS statistical series. Consequently, although many of the included series are available monthly, all measures in these comparative tables are presented quarterly and annually.

Labor market indicators include employment measures from two major surveys and information on rates of change in compensation provided by the Employment Cost Index (ECI) program. The labor force participation rate, the employment-population ratio, and unemployment rates for major demographic groups based on the Current Population ("household") Survey are presented, while measures of employment and average weekly hours by major industry sector are given using nonfarm payroll data. The Employment Cost Index (compensation), by major sector and by bargaining status, is chosen from a variety of BLS compensation and wage measures because it provides a comprehensive measure of employer costs for hiring labor, not just outlays for wages, and it is not affected by employment shifts among occupations and industries.

Data on changes in compensation, prices, and productivity are presented in table 2. Measures of rates of change of compensation and wages from the Employment Cost Index program are provided for all civilian nonfarm workers (excluding Federal and household workers) and for all private nonfarm workers. Measures of changes in consumer prices for all urban consumers; producer prices by stage of processing; overall prices by stage of processing; and overall export and import price indexes are given. Measures of productivity (output per hour of all persons) are provided for major sectors.

Alternative measures of wage and compensation rates of change, which reflect the overall trend in labor costs, are summarized in table 3. Differences in concepts and scope, related to the specific purposes of the series, contribute to the variation in changes among the individual measures.

Notes on the data

Definitions of each series and notes on the data are contained in later sections of these notes describing each set of data.

Employment and Unemployment Data

(Tables 1; 4-29)

Household survey data

Description of the series

Employment data in this section are obtained from the Current Population Survey, a program of personal interviews conducted monthly by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The sample consists of about 60,000 households selected to represent the U.S. population 16 years of age and older. Households are interviewed on a rotating basis, so that three-fourths of the sample is the same for any 2 consecutive months.

Definitions

Employed persons include (1) all those who worked for pay any time during the week which includes the 12th day of the month or who worked unpaid for 15 hours or more in a family-operated enterprise and (2) those who were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, industrial dispute, or similar reasons. A person working at more than one job is counted only in the job at which he or she worked the greatest number of hours.

Unemployed persons are those who did not work during the survey week, but were available for work except for temporary illness and had looked for jobs within the preceding 4 weeks. Persons who did not look for work because they were on layoff are also counted among the unemployed. **The unemployment rate** represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

The **civilian labor force** consists of all employed or unemployed persons in the civilian noninstitutional population. Persons not in the labor force are those not classified as employed or unemployed. This group includes discouraged workers, defined as persons who want and are available for a job and who have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months), but are not currently looking, because they believe there are no jobs available or there are none for which they would qualify. The civilian noninstitutional population comprises all persons 16 years of age and older who are not inmates of penal or mental institutions, sanitariums, or homes for the aged, infirm, or needy. The civilian labor force partici**pation** rate is the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is in the labor force. The **employment-population** ratio is employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

Notes on the data

From time to time, and especially after a decennial census, adjustments are made in the Current Population Survey figures to correct for estimating errors during the intercensal years. These adjustments affect the comparability of historical data. A description of these adjustments and their effect on the various data series appears in the Explanatory Notes of *Employment and Earnings*. For a discussion of changes introduced in January 2003, see "Revisions to the Current Population Survey Effective in January 2003" in the February 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings* (available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cps/rvcps03.pdf).

Effective in January 2003, BLS began using the X-12 ARIMA seasonal adjustment program to seasonally adjust national labor force data. This program replaced the X-11 ARIMA program which had been used since January 1980. See "Revision of Seasonally Adjusted Labor Force Series in 2003," in the February 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings* (available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cps/cpsrs.pdf) for a discussion of the introduction of the use of X-12 ARIMA for seasonal adjustment of the labor force data and the effects that it had on the data.

At the beginning of each calendar year, historical seasonally adjusted data usually are revised, and projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the January–June period. The historical season-

ally adjusted data usually are revised for only the most recent 5 years. In July, new seasonal adjustment factors, which incorporate the experience through June, are produced for the July–December period, but no revisions are made in the historical data.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on national household survey data, contact the Division of Labor Force Statistics: (202) 691–6378.

Establishment survey data

Description of the series

Employment, hours, and earnings data in this section are compiled from payroll records reported monthly on a voluntary basis to the Bureau of Labor Statistics and its cooperating State agencies by about 160,000 businesses and government agencies, which represent approximately 400,000 individual worksites and represent all industries except agriculture. The active CES sample covers approximately one-third of all nonfarm payroll workers. Industries are classified in accordance with the 2007 North American Industry Classification System. In most industries, the sampling probabilities are based on the size of the establishment; most large establishments are therefore in the sample. (An establishment is not necessarily a firm; it may be a branch plant, for example, or warehouse.) Self-employed persons and others not on a regular civilian payroll are outside the scope of the survey because they are excluded from establishment records. This largely accounts for the difference in employment figures between the household and establishment surveys.

Definitions

An **establishment** is an economic unit which produces goods or services (such as a factory or store) at a single location and is engaged in one type of economic activity.

Employed persons are all persons who received pay (including holiday and sick pay) for any part of the payroll period including the 12th day of the month. Persons holding more than one job (about 5 percent of all persons in the labor force) are counted in each establishment which reports them.

Production workers in the goods-producing industries cover employees, up through the level of working supervisors, who engage directly in the manufacture or construction of the establishment's product. In private service-providing industries, data are collected for nonsupervisory workers, which include most employees except those in executive, managerial, and supervisory positions. Those

workers mentioned in tables 11-16 include production workers in manufacturing and natural resources and mining; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in all private service-providing industries. Production and nonsupervisory workers account for about four-fifths of the total employment on private nonagricultural payrolls.

Earnings are the payments production or nonsupervisory workers receive during the survey period, including premium pay for overtime or late-shift work but excluding irregular bonuses and other special payments. Real earnings are earnings adjusted to reflect the effects of changes in consumer prices. The deflator for this series is derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

Hours represent the average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers for which pay was received, and are different from standard or scheduled hours. Overtime hours represent the portion of average weekly hours which was in excess of regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid.

The Diffusion Index represents the percent of industries in which employment was rising over the indicated period, plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment; 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment. In line with Bureau practice, data for the 1-, 3-, and 6month spans are seasonally adjusted, while those for the 12-month span are unadjusted. Table 17 provides an index on private nonfarm employment based on 278 industries, and a manufacturing index based on 84 industries. These indexes are useful for measuring the dispersion of economic gains or losses and are also economic indicators.

Notes on the data

With the release of data for January 2010, the CES program introduced its annual revision of national estimates of employment, hours, and earnings from the monthly survey of nonfarm establishments. Each year, the CES survey realigns its sample-based estimates to incorporate universe counts of employment—a process known as benchmarking. Comprehensive counts of employment, or benchmarks, are derived primarily from unemployment insurance (UI) tax reports that nearly all employers are required to file with State Workforce Agencies. With the release in June 2003, CES completed the transition from its original quota sample design to a

probability-based sample design. The industry-coding update included reconstruction of historical estimates in order to preserve time series for data users. Normally 5 years of seasonally adjusted data are revised with each benchmark revision. However, with this release, the entire new time series history for all CES data series were re-seasonally adjusted due to the NAICS conversion, which resulted in the revision of all CES time series.

Also in June 2003, the CES program introduced concurrent seasonal adjustment for the national establishment data. Under this methodology, the first preliminary estimates for the current reference month and the revised estimates for the 2 prior months will be updated with concurrent factors with each new release of data. Concurrent seasonal adjustment incorporates all available data, including first preliminary estimates for the most current month, in the adjustment process. For additional information on all of the changes introduced in June 2003, see the June 2003 issue of Employment and Earnings and "Recent changes in the national Current Employment Statistics survey," Monthly Labor Review, June 2003, pp. 3-13.

Revisions in State data (table 11) occurred with the publication of January 2003 data. For information on the revisions for the State data, see the March and May 2003 issues of Employment and Earnings, and "Recent changes in the State and Metropolitan Area CES survey," Monthly Labor Review, June 2003, pp. 14-19.

Beginning in June 1996, the BLS uses the X-12-ARIMA methodology to seasonally adjust establishment survey data. This procedure, developed by the Bureau of the Census, controls for the effect of varying survey intervals (also known as the 4- versus 5-week effect), thereby providing improved measurement of over-the-month changes and underlying economic trends. Revisions of data, usually for the most recent 5-year period, are made once a year coincident with the benchmark revisions.

In the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on incomplete returns and are published as preliminary in the tables (12–17 in the *Review*). When all returns have been received, the estimates are revised and published as "final" (prior to any benchmark revisions) in the third month of their appearance. Thus, December data are published as preliminary in January and February and as final in March. For the same reasons, quarterly establishment data (table 1) are preliminary for the first 2 months of publication and final in the third month. Fourth-quarter data are published as preliminary in January and February and as final in March.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on establishment survey data, contact the Division of Current Employment Statistics: (202) 691-6555.

Unemployment data by State

Description of the series

Data presented in this section are obtained from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program, which is conducted in cooperation with State employment security agencies.

Monthly estimates of the labor force, employment, and unemployment for States and sub-State areas are a key indicator of local economic conditions, and form the basis for determining the eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal economic assistance programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act. Seasonally adjusted unemployment rates are presented in table 10. Insofar as possible, the concepts and definitions underlying these data are those used in the national estimates obtained from the CPS.

Notes on the data

Data refer to State of residence. Monthly data for all States and the District of Columbia are derived using standardized procedures established by BLS. Once a year, estimates are revised to new population controls, usually with publication of January estimates, and benchmarked to annual average CPS levels.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on data in this series, call (202) 691–6392 (table 10) or (202) 691–6559 (table 11).

Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages

Description of the series

Employment, wage, and establishment data in this section are derived from the quarterly tax reports submitted to State employment security agencies by private and State and local government employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and from Federal, agencies subject to the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. Each quarter, State agencies edit and process the data and send the information to the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) data, also referred as ES-202 data, are the most complete enumeration of employment and wage information by industry at the national, State, metropolitan area, and county levels. They have broad economic significance in evaluating labor market trends and major industry developments.

Definitions

In general, the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages monthly employment data represent the number of covered workers who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period that included the 12th day of the month. Covered private industry employment includes most corporate officials, executives, supervisory personnel, professionals, clerical workers, wage earners, piece workers, and part-time workers. It excludes proprietors, the unincorporated self-employed, unpaid family members, and certain farm and domestic workers. Certain types of nonprofit employers, such as religious organizations, are given a choice of coverage or exclusion in a number of States. Workers in these organizations are, therefore, reported to a limited degree.

Persons on paid sick leave, paid holiday, paid vacation, and the like, are included. Persons on the payroll of more than one firm during the period are counted by each UI-subject employer if they meet the employment definition noted earlier. The employment count excludes workers who earned no wages during the entire applicable pay period because of work stoppages, temporary layoffs, illness, or unpaid vacations.

Federal employment data are based on reports of monthly employment and quarterly wages submitted each quarter to State agencies for all Federal installations with employees covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program, except for certain national security agencies, which are omitted for security reasons. Employment for all Federal agencies for any given month is based on the number of persons who worked during or received pay for the pay period that included the 12th of the month.

An **establishment** is an economic unit, such as a farm, mine, factory, or store, that produces goods or provides services. It is typically at a single physical location and engaged in one, or predominantly one, type of economic activity for which a single industrial classification may be applied. Occasionally, a single physical location encompasses two or more distinct and significant activities. Each activity should be reported as a separate establishment if separate records are kept and the various activities are classified under different NAICS industries.

Most employers have only one establishment; thus, the establishment is the predominant reporting unit or statistical entity for reporting employment and wages data. Most employers, including State and local governments who operate more than one establishment in a State, file a Multiple Worksite Report each quarter, in addition to their quarterly us report. The Multiple Worksite Report is used to collect separate employment and wage data for each of the employer's establishments, which are not detailed on the UI report. Some very small multi-establishment employers do not file a Multiple Worksite Report. When the total employment in an employer's secondary establishments (all establishments other than the largest) is 10 or fewer, the employer generally will file a consolidated report for all establishments. Also, some employers either cannot or will not report at the establishment level and thus aggregate establishments into one consolidated unit, or possibly several units, though not at the establishment level.

For the Federal Government, the reporting unit is the **installation**: a single location at which a department, agency, or other government body has civilian employees. Federal agencies follow slightly different criteria than do private employers when breaking down their reports by installation. They are permitted to combine as a single statewide unit: 1) all installations with 10 or fewer workers, and 2) all installations that have a combined total in the State of fewer than 50 workers. Also, when there are fewer than 25 workers in all secondary installations in a State, the secondary installations may be combined and reported with the major installation. Last, if a Federal agency has fewer than five employees in a State, the agency headquarters office (regional office, district office) serving each State may consolidate the employment and wages data for that State with the data reported to the State in which the headquarters is located. As a result of these reporting rules, the number of reporting units is always larger than the number of employers (or government agencies) but smaller than the number of actual establishments (or installations).

Data reported for the first quarter are tabulated into **size** categories ranging from worksites of very small size to those with 1,000 employees or more. The size category is determined by the establishment's March employment level. It is important to note that each establishment of a multi-establishment firm is tabulated separately into the appropriate size category. The total employment level of the reporting multi-establishment firm is not used in the size tabulation.

Covered employers in most States report total wages paid during the calendar quarter, regardless of when the services were performed. A few State laws, however, specify that wages be reported for, or based on the period during which services are performed rather than the period during which compensation is paid. Under most State laws or regulations, wages include bonuses, stock options, the cash value of meals and lodging, tips and other gratuities, and, in some States, employer contributions to certain deferred compensation plans such as 401(k) plans.

Covered employer contributions for old-age, survivors, and disability insurance (OASDI), health insurance, unemployment insurance, workers' compensation, and private pension and welfare funds are not reported as wages. Employee contributions for the same purposes, however, as well as money withheld for income taxes, union dues, and so forth, are reported even though they are deducted from the worker's gross pay.

Wages of covered Federal workers represent the gross amount of all payrolls for all pay periods ending within the quarter. This includes cash allowances, the cash equivalent of any type of remuneration, severance pay, withholding taxes, and retirement deductions. Federal employee remuneration generally covers the same types of services as for workers in private industry.

Average annual wage per employee for any given industry are computed by dividing total annual wages by annual average employment. A further division by 52 yields average weekly wages per employee. Annual pay data only approximate annual earnings because an individual may not be employed by the same employer all year or may work for more than one employer at a time.

Average weekly or annual wage is affected by the ratio of full-time to part-time workers as well as the number of individuals in high-paying and low-paying occupations. When average pay levels between States and industries are compared, these factors should be taken into consideration. For example, industries characterized by high proportions of part-time workers will show average wage levels appreciably less than the weekly pay levels of regular full-time employees in these industries. The opposite effect characterizes industries with low proportions of part-time workers, or industries that typically schedule heavy weekend and overtime work. Average wage data also may be influenced by work stoppages, labor turnover rates, retroactive payments, seasonal factors, bonus payments, and so on.

Notes on the data

Beginning with the release of data for 2007, publications presenting data from the Covered Employment and Wages program have

switched to the 2007 version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) as the basis for the assignment and tabulation of economic data by industry. NAICS is the product of a cooperative effort on the part of the statistical agencies of the United States, Canada, and Mexico. Due to difference in NAICS and Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) structures, industry data for 2001 is not comparable to the SIC-based data for earlier years.

Effective January 2001, the program began assigning Indian Tribal Councils and related establishments to local government ownership. This BLS action was in response to a change in Federal law dealing with the way Indian Tribes are treated under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act. This law requires federally recognized Indian Tribes to be treated similarly to State and local governments. In the past, the Covered Employment and Wage (CEW) program coded Indian Tribal Councils and related establishments in the private sector. As a result of the new law, CEW data reflects significant shifts in employment and wages between the private sector and local government from 2000 to 2001. Data also reflect industry changes. Those accounts previously assigned to civic and social organizations were assigned to tribal governments. There were no required industry changes for related establishments owned by these Tribal Councils. These tribal business establishments continued to be coded according to the economic activity of that entity.

To insure the highest possible quality of data, State employment security agencies verify with employers and update, if necessary, the industry, location, and ownership classification of all establishments on a 3-year cycle. Changes in establishment classification codes resulting from the verification process are introduced with the data reported for the first quarter of the year. Changes resulting from improved employer reporting also are introduced in the first quarter. For these reasons, some data, especially at more detailed geographic levels, may not be strictly comparable with earlier years.

County definitions are assigned according to Federal Information Processing Standards Publications as issued by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. Areas shown as counties include those designated as independent cities in some jurisdictions and, in Alaska, those areas designated by the Census Bureau where counties have not been created. County data also are presented for the New England States for comparative purposes, even though townships are the more common designation used in New England (and New Jersey).

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) defines metropolitan areas for use in Federal statistical activities and updates these definitions as needed. Data in this table use metropolitan area criteria established by OMB in definitions issued June 30, 1999 (OMB Bulletin No. 99-04). These definitions reflect information obtained from the 1990 Decennial Census and the 1998 U.S. Census Bureau population estimate. A complete list of metropolitan area definitions is available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), Document Sales, 5205 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Va. 22161, telephone 1-800-553-6847.

OMB defines metropolitan areas in terms of entire counties, except in the six New England States where they are defined in terms of cities and towns. New England data in this table, however, are based on a county concept defined by OMB as New England County Metropolitan Areas (NECMA) because county-level data are the most detailed available from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. The NECMA is a county-based alternative to the city- and town-based metropolitan areas in New England. The NECMA for a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) include: (1) the county containing the first-named city in that MSA title (this county may include the first-named cities of other MSA, and (2) each additional county having at least half its population in the MSA in which first-named cities are in the county identified in step 1. The NECMA is officially defined areas that are meant to be used by statistical programs that cannot use the regular metropolitan area definitions in New England.

For additional information on the covered employment and wage data, contact the Division of Administrative Statistics and Labor Turnover at (202) 691-6567.

Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey

Description of the series

Data for the Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS) are collected and compiled from a sample of 16,000 business establishments. Each month, data are collected for total employment, job openings, hires, quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. The JOLTS program covers all private nonfarm establishments such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as Federal, State, and local government entities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The JOLTS sample design is a random sample drawn from a universe of more than eight million establishments compiled as part of the operations of the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, or QCEW, program. This program includes all employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and Federal agencies subject to Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE).

The sampling frame is stratified by ownership, region, industry sector, and size class. Large firms fall into the sample with virtual certainty. JOLTS total employment estimates are controlled to the employment estimates of the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey. A ratio of CES to JOLTS employment is used to adjust the levels for all other JOLTS data elements. Rates then are computed from the adjusted levels.

The monthly JOLTS data series begin with December 2000. Not seasonally adjusted data on job openings, hires, total separations, quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations levels and rates are available for the total nonfarm sector, 16 private industry divisions and 2 government divisions based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), and four geographic regions. Seasonally adjusted data on job openings, hires, total separations, and quits levels and rates are available for the total nonfarm sector, selected industry sectors, and four geographic regions.

Definitions

Establishments submit job openings infor-mation for the last business day of the reference month. A job opening requires that (1) a specific position exists and there is work available for that position; and (2) work could start within 30 days regardless of whether a suitable candidate is found; and (3) the employer is actively recruiting from outside the establishment to fill the position. Included are full-time, part-time, permanent, short-term, and seasonal openings. Active recruiting means that the establishment is taking steps to fill a position by advertising in newspapers or on the Internet, posting help-wanted signs, accepting applications, or using other similar methods.

Jobs to be filled only by internal transfers, promotions, demotions, or recall from layoffs are excluded. Also excluded are jobs with start dates more than 30 days in the future, jobs for which employees have been hired but have not yet reported for work, and jobs to be filled by employees of temporary help agencies, employee leasing companies, outside contractors, or consultants. The job openings rate is computed by dividing the number of job openings by the sum of employment and job openings, and multiplying that quotient

by 100.

Hires are the total number of additions to the payroll occurring at any time during the reference month, including both new and rehired employees and full-time and parttime, permanent, short-term and seasonal employees, employees recalled to the location after a layoff lasting more than 7 days, on-call or intermittent employees who returned to work after having been formally separated, and transfers from other locations. The hires count does not include transfers or promotions within the reporting site, employees returning from strike, employees of temporary help agencies or employee leasing companies, outside contractors, or consultants. The hires rate is computed by dividing the number of hires by employment, and multiplying that quotient by 100.

Separations are the total number of terminations of employment occurring at any time during the reference month, and are reported by type of separation—quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. Quits are voluntary separations by employees (except for retirements, which are reported as other separations). Layoffs and discharges are involuntary separations initiated by the employer and include layoffs with no intent to rehire, formal layoffs lasting or expected to last more than 7 days, discharges resulting from mergers, downsizing, or closings, firings or other discharges for cause, terminations of permanent or short-term employees, and terminations of seasonal employees. Other separations include retirements, transfers to other locations, deaths, and separations due to disability. Separations do not include transfers within the same location or employees on strike.

The separations rate is computed by dividing the number of separations by employment, and multiplying that quotient by 100. The quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations rates are computed similarly, dividing the number by employment and multiplying by 100.

Notes on the data

The JOLTS data series on job openings, hires, and separations are relatively new. The full sample is divided into panels, with one panel enrolled each month. A full complement of panels for the original data series based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system was not completely enrolled in the survey until January 2002. The supplemental panels of establishments needed to create NAICS estimates were not completely enrolled until May 2003. The data collected up until those points are from less than a

full sample. Therefore, estimates from earlier months should be used with caution, as fewer sampled units were reporting data at that time.

In March 2002, BLS procedures for collecting hires and separations data were revised to address possible underreporting. As a result, JOLTS hires and separations estimates for months prior to March 2002 may not be comparable with estimates for March 2002 and later.

The Federal Government reorganization that involved transferring approximately 180,000 employees to the new Department of Homeland Security is not reflected in the JOLTS hires and separations estimates for the Federal Government. The Office of Personnel Management's record shows these transfers were completed in March 2003. The inclusion of transfers in the JOLTS definitions of hires and separations is intended to cover ongoing movements of workers between establishments. The Department of Homeland Security reorganization was a massive one-time event, and the inclusion of these intergovernmental transfers would distort the Federal Government time series.

Data users should note that seasonal adjustment of the JOLTS series is conducted with fewer data observations than is customary. The historical data, therefore, may be subject to larger than normal revisions. Because the seasonal patterns in economic data series typically emerge over time, the standard use of moving averages as seasonal filters to capture these effects requires longer series than are currently available. As a result, the stable seasonal filter option is used in the seasonal adjustment of the JOLTS data. When calculating seasonal factors, this filter takes an average for each calendar month after detrending the series. The stable seasonal filter assumes that the seasonal factors are fixed; a necessary assumption until sufficient data are available. When the stable seasonal filter is no longer needed, other program features also may be introduced, such as outlier adjustment and extended diagnostic testing. Additionally, it is expected that more series, such as layoffs and discharges and additional industries, may be seasonally adjusted when more data are available.

JOLTS hires and separations estimates cannot be used to exactly explain net changes in payroll employment. Some reasons why it is problematic to compare changes in payroll employment with JOLTS hires and separations, especially on a monthly basis, are: (1) the reference period for payroll employment is the pay period including the 12th of the month, while the reference period for hires and separations is the calendar month; and (2) payroll employment can vary from month

to month simply because part-time and oncall workers may not always work during the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Additionally, research has found that some reporters systematically underreport separations relative to hires due to a number of factors, including the nature of their payroll systems and practices. The shortfall appears to be about 2 percent or less over a 12-month period.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey, contact the Division of Administrative Statistics and Labor Turnover at (202) 961–5870.

Compensation and Wage Data

(Tables 1-3; 30-37)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) produces a variety of compensation data. These include: The Employment Cost Index (ECI) and NCS benefit measures of the incidence and provisions of selected employee benefit plans. Selected samples of these measures appear in the following tables. NCS also compiles data on occupational wages and the Employer Costs for Employee Compensation (ECEC).

Employment Cost Index

Description of the series

The **Employment Cost Index** (ECI) is a quarterly measure of the rate of change in compensation per hour worked and includes wages, salaries, and employer costs of employee benefits. It is a Laspeyres Index that uses fixed employment weights to measure change in labor costs free from the influence of employment shifts among occupations and industries.

The ECI provides data for the civilian economy, which includes the total private nonfarm economy excluding private households, and the public sector excluding the Federal government. Data are collected each quarter for the pay period including the 12th day of March, June, September, and December.

Sample establishments are classified by industry categories based on the 2007 North American Classification System (NAICS). Within a sample establishment, specific job categories are selected and classified into about 800 occupations according to the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) System. Individual occupations are combined to represent one of ten intermediate

aggregations, such as professional and related occupations, or one of five higher level aggregations, such as management, professional, and related occupations.

Fixed employment weights are used each quarter to calculate the most aggregate series-civilian, private, and State and local government. These fixed weights are also used to derive all of the industry and occupational series indexes. Beginning with the March 2006 estimates, 2002 fixed employment weights from the Bureau's Occupational Employment Statistics survey were introduced. From March 1995 to December 2005, 1990 employment counts were used. These fixed weights ensure that changes in these indexes reflect only changes in compensation, not employment shifts among industries or occupations with different levels of wages and compensation. For the series based on bargaining status, census region and division, and metropolitan area status, fixed employment data are not available. The employment weights are reallocated within these series each quarter based on the current ECI sample. The indexes for these series, consequently, are not strictly comparable with those for aggregate, occupational, and industry series.

Definitions

Total compensation costs include wages, salaries, and the employer's costs for employee benefits.

Wages and salaries consist of earnings before payroll deductions, including production bonuses, incentive earnings, commissions, and cost-of-living adjustments.

Benefits include the cost to employers for paid leave, supplemental pay (including nonproduction bonuses), insurance, retirement and savings plans, and legally required benefits (such as Social Security, workers' compensation, and unemployment

Excluded from wages and salaries and employee benefits are such items as paymentin-kind, free room and board, and tips.

Notes on the data

The ECI data in these tables reflect the con-version to the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. ECI series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

The ECI for changes in wages and salaries in the private nonfarm economy was published beginning in 1975. Changes in total compensation cost-wages and salaries and benefits combined—were published beginning in 1980. The series of changes in wages and salaries and for total compensation in the State and local government sector and in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding Federal employees) were published beginning in 1981. Historical indexes (December 2005=100) are available on the Internet: www.bls.gov/ect/

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Employment Cost Index is available at www. bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm or by telephone at (202) 691-6199.

National Compensation Survey Benefit Measures

Description of the series

NCS benefit measures of employee benefits are published in two separate reports. The annual summary provides data on the incidence of (access to and participation in) selected benefits and provisions of paid holidays and vacations, life insurance plans, and other selected benefit programs. Data on percentages of establishments offering major employee benefits, and on the employer and employee shares of contributions to medical care premiums also are presented. Selected benefit data appear in the following tables. A second publication, published later, contains more detailed information about health and retirement plans.

Definitions

Employer-provided benefits are benefits that are financed either wholly or partly by the employer. They may be sponsored by a union or other third party, as long as there is some employer financing. However, some benefits that are fully paid for by the employee also are included. For example, long-term care insurance paid entirely by the employee are included because the guarantee of insurability and availability at group premium rates are considered a benefit.

Employees are considered as having access to a benefit plan if it is available for their use. For example, if an employee is permitted to participate in a medical care plan offered by the employer, but the employee declines to do so, he or she is placed in the category with those having access to medical care.

Employees in contributory plans are considered as **participating** in an insurance or retirement plan if they have paid required contributions and fulfilled any applicable service requirement. Employees in noncontributory plans are counted as participating regardless of whether they have fulfilled the service requirements.

Defined benefit pension plans use predetermined formulas to calculate a retirement benefit (if any), and obligate the employer to provide those benefits. Benefits are generally based on salary, years of service, or both.

Defined contribution plans generally specify the level of employer and employee contributions to a plan, but not the formula for determining eventual benefits. Instead, individual accounts are set up for participants, and benefits are based on amounts credited to these accounts.

Tax-deferred savings plans are a type of defined contribution plan that allow participants to contribute a portion of their salary to an employer-sponsored plan and defer income taxes until withdrawal.

Flexible benefit plans allow employees to choose among several benefits, such as life insurance, medical care, and vacation days, and among several levels of coverage within a given benefit.

Notes on the data

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE NCS benefit measures is available at www.bls. gov/ncs/ebs/home.htm or by telephone at (202) 691–6199.

Work stoppages

Description of the series

Data on work stoppages measure the number and duration of major strikes or lockouts (involving 1,000 workers or more) occurring during the month (or year), the number of workers involved, and the amount of work time lost because of stoppage. These data are presented in table 37.

Data are largely from a variety of published sources and cover only establishments directly involved in a stoppage. They do not measure the indirect or secondary effect of stoppages on other establishments whose employees are idle owing to material shortages or lack of service.

Definitions

Number of stoppages: The number of strikes and lockouts involving 1,000 workers or more and lasting a full shift or longer.

Workers involved: The number of workers directly involved in the stoppage.

Number of days idle: The aggregate number of workdays lost by workers involved in the stoppages.

Days of idleness as a percent of estimated working time: Aggregate workdays lost as a percent of the aggregate number of standard workdays in the period multiplied by total employment in the period.

Notes on the data

This series is not comparable with the one terminated in 1981 that covered strikes involving six workers or more.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on work stop-pages data is available at **www. bls. gov/cba/home.htm** or by telephone at (202) 691–6199.

Price Data

(Tables 2; 38-46)

Price data are gathered by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from retail and primary markets in the United States. Price indexes are given in relation to a base period—December 2003 = 100 for many Producer Price Indexes (unless otherwise noted), 1982–84 = 100 for many Consumer Price Indexes (unless otherwise noted), and 1990 = 100 for International Price Indexes.

Consumer Price Indexes

Description of the series

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change in the prices paid by urban consumers for a fixed market basket of goods and services. The CPI is calculated monthly for two population groups, one consisting only of urban households whose primary source of income is derived from the employment of wage earners and clerical workers, and the other consisting of all urban households. The wage earner index (CPI-W) is a continuation of the historic index that was introduced well over a half-century ago for use in wage negotiations. As new uses were developed for the CPI in recent years, the need for a broader and more representative index became apparent. The all-urban consumer index (CPI-U), introduced in 1978, is representative of the 1993-95 buying habits of about 87 percent of the noninstitutional population of the United States at that time, compared with 32 percent represented in the CPI-W. In addition to wage earners and clerical workers, the CPI-U covers professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, shortterm workers, the unemployed, retirees, and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, fuel, drugs, transportation fares, doctors' and dentists' fees, and other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. The quantity and quality of these items are kept essentially unchanged between major revisions so that only price changes will be measured. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

Data collected from more than 23,000 retail establishments and 5,800 housing units in 87 urban areas across the country are used to develop the "U.S. city average." Separate estimates for 14 major urban centers are presented in table 39. The areas listed are as indicated in footnote 1 to the table. The area indexes measure only the average change in prices for each area since the base period, and do not indicate differences in the level of prices among cities.

Notes on the data

In January 1983, the Bureau changed the way in which homeownership costs are meaured for the CPI-U. A rental equivalence method replaced the asset-price approach to homeownership costs for that series. In January 1985, the same change was made in the CPI-W. The central purpose of the change was to separate shelter costs from the investment component of homeownership so that the index would reflect only the cost of shelter services provided by owner-occupied homes. An updated CPI-U and CPI-W were introduced with release of the January 1987 and January 1998 data.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, contact the Division of Prices and Price Indexes: (202) 691–7000.

Producer Price Indexes

Description of the series

Producer Price Indexes (PPI) measure average changes in prices received by domestic producers of commodities in all stages of processing. The sample used for calculating these indexes currently contains about 3,200 commodities and about 80,000 quotations per month, selected to represent the movement of prices of all commodities produced in the manufacturing; agriculture, forestry, and fishing; mining; and gas and electricity and public utilities sectors. The stage-of-processing structure of PPI organizes products by class of buyer and degree of fabrication (that is, finished goods, intermediate goods, and crude materials). The traditional commodity structure of PPI organizes products by similarity of end use or material composition. The industry and product structure of PPI organizes data in accordance with the North American Industry Classification System and product codes developed by the U.S. Census Bureau.

To the extent possible, prices used in calculating Producer Price Indexes apply to the first significant commercial transaction in the United States from the production or central marketing point. Price data are generally collected monthly, primarily by mail questionnaire. Most prices are obtained directly from producing companies on a voluntary and confidential basis. Prices generally are reported for the Tuesday of the week containing the 13th day of the month.

Since January 1992, price changes for the various commodities have been averaged together with implicit quantity weights representing their importance in the total net selling value of all commodities as of 1987. The detailed data are aggregated to obtain indexes for stage-of-processing groupings, commodity groupings, durability-of-product groupings, and a number of special composite groups. All Producer Price Index data are subject to revision 4 months after original publication.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, contact the Division of Industrial Prices and Price Indexes: (202) 691–7705.

International Price Indexes

Description of the series

The International Price Program produces monthly and quarterly export and import price indexes for nonmilitary goods and services traded between the United States and the rest of the world. The export price index provides a measure of price change for all products sold by U.S. residents to foreign buyers. ("Residents" is defined as in the national income accounts; it includes corporations, businesses, and individuals, but does not require the organizations to be U.S. owned nor the individuals to have U.S. citizenship.) The import price index provides a measure of price change for goods purchased from other countries by U.S. residents.

The product universe for both the import and export indexes includes raw materials, agricultural products, semifinished manufactures, and finished manufactures, including both capital and consumer goods. Price data for these items are collected primarily by mail questionnaire. In nearly all cases, the data are collected directly from the exporter or importer, although in a few cases, prices are obtained from other sources.

To the extent possible, the data gathered refer to prices at the U.S. border for exports and at either the foreign border or the U.S. border for imports. For nearly all products, the prices refer to transactions completed during

the first week of the month. Survey respondents are asked to indicate all discounts, allowances, and rebates applicable to the reported prices, so that the price used in the calculation of the indexes is the actual price for which the product was bought or sold.

In addition to general indexes of prices for U.S. exports and imports, indexes are also published for detailed product categories of exports and imports. These categories are defined according to the five-digit level of detail for the Bureau of Economic Analysis End-use Classification, the three-digit level for the Standard International Trade Classification (SITC), and the four-digit level of detail for the Harmonized System. Aggregate import indexes by country or region of origin are also available.

BLS publishes indexes for selected categories of internationally traded services, calculated on an international basis and on a balance-of-payments basis.

Notes on the data

The export and import price indexes are weighted indexes of the Laspeyres type. The trade weights currently used to compute both indexes relate to 2000.

Because a price index depends on the same items being priced from period to period, it is necessary to recognize when a product's specifications or terms of transaction have been modified. For this reason, the Bureau's questionnaire requests detailed descriptions of the physical and functional characteristics of the products being priced, as well as information on the number of units bought or sold, discounts, credit terms, packaging, class of buyer or seller, and so forth. When there are changes in either the specifications or terms of transaction of a product, the dollar value of each change is deleted from the total price change to obtain the "pure" change. Once this value is determined, a linking procedure is employed which allows for the continued repricing of the item.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, contact the Division of International Prices: (202) 691-7155.

Productivity Data

(Tables 2; 47-50)

Business and major sectors

Description of the series

The productivity measures relate real output to real input. As such, they encompass a family of measures which include single-factor input measures, such as output per hour, output per unit of labor input, or output per unit of capital input, as well as measures of multifactor productivity (output per unit of combined labor and capital inputs). The Bureau indexes show the change in output relative to changes in the various inputs. The measures cover the business, nonfarm business, manufacturing, and nonfinancial corporate sectors.

Corresponding indexes of hourly compensation, unit labor costs, unit nonlabor payments, and prices are also provided.

Definitions

Output per hour of all persons (labor productivity) is the quantity of goods and services produced per hour of labor input. Output per unit of capital services (capital productivity) is the quantity of goods and services produced per unit of capital services input. Multifactor productivity is the quantity of goods and services produced per combined inputs. For private business and private nonfarm business, inputs include labor and capital units. For manufacturing, inputs include labor, capital, energy, nonenergy materials, and purchased business services.

Compensation per hour is total compensation divided by hours at work. Total compensation equals the wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans, plus an estimate of these payments for the self-employed (except for nonfinancial corporations in which there are no self-employed). Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour deflated by the change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers.

Unit labor costs are the labor compensation costs expended in the production of a unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation by output. Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from current-dollar value of output and dividing by output.

Unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments per unit of output.

Hours of all persons are the total hours at work of payroll workers, self-employed persons, and unpaid family workers.

Labor inputs are hours of all persons adjusted for the effects of changes in the education and experience of the labor force.

Capital services are the flow of services from the capital stock used in production. It is developed from measures of the net stock of physical assets-equipment, structures, land, and inventories-weighted by rental prices for each type of asset.

Combined units of labor and capital inputs are derived by combining changes in labor and capital input with weights which represent each component's share of total cost. Combined units of labor, capital, energy, materials, and purchased business services are similarly derived by combining changes in each input with weights that represent each input's share of total costs. The indexes for each input and for combined units are based on changing weights which are averages of the shares in the current and preceding year (the Tornquist index-number formula).

Notes on the data

Business sector output is an annually-weighted index constructed by excluding from real gross domestic product (GDP) the following outputs: general government, nonprofit institutions, paid employees of private households, and the rental value of owner-occupied dwellings. Nonfarm business also excludes farming. Private business and private nonfarm business further exclude government enterprises. The measures are supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce's Bureau of Economic Analysis. Annual estimates of manufacturing sectoral output are produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Quarterly manufacturing output indexes from the Federal Reserve Board are adjusted to these annual output measures by the BLS. Compensation data are developed from data of the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Hours data are developed from data of the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The productivity and associated cost measures in tables 47-50 describe the relationship between output in real terms and the labor and capital inputs involved in its production. They show the changes from period to period in the amount of goods and services produced per unit of input.

Although these measures relate output to hours and capital services, they do not measure the contributions of labor, capital, or any other specific factor of production. Rather, they reflect the joint effect of many influences, including changes in technology; shifts in the composition of the labor force; capital investment; level of output; changes in the utilization of capacity, energy, material, and research and development; the organization of production; managerial skill; and characteristics and efforts of the work force.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this

productivity series, contact the Division of Productivity Research: (202) 691–5606.

Industry productivity measures

Description of the series

The BLS industry productivity indexes measure the relationship between output and inputs for selected industries and industry groups, and thus reflect trends in industry efficiency over time. Industry measures include labor productivity, multifactor productivity, compensation, and unit labor costs.

The industry measures differ in methodology and data sources from the productivity measures for the major sectors because the industry measures are developed independently of the National Income and Product Accounts framework used for the major sector measures.

Definitions

Output per hour is derived by dividing an index of industry output by an index of labor input. For most industries, output indexes are derived from data on the value of industry output adjusted for price change. For the remaining industries, output indexes are derived from data on the physical quantity of production.

The **labor input** series is based on the hours of all workers or, in the case of some transportation industries, on the number of employees. For most industries, the series consists of the hours of all employees. For some trade and services industries, the series also includes the hours of partners, proprietors, and unpaid family workers.

Unit labor costs represent the labor compensation costs per unit of output produced, and are derived by dividing an index of labor compensation by an index of output. Labor compensation includes payroll as well as supplemental payments, including both legally required expenditures and payments for voluntary programs.

Multifactor productivity is derived by dividing an index of industry output by an index of combined inputs consumed in producing that output. Combined inputs include capital, labor, and intermediate purchases. The measure of capital input represents the flow of services from the capital stock used in production. It is developed from measures of the net stock of physical assets—equipment, structures, land, and inventories. The measure of intermediate purchases is a combination of purchased materials, services, fuels, and electricity.

Notes on the data

The industry measures are compiled from data produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Census Bureau, with additional data supplied by other government agencies, trade associations, and other sources.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this series, contact the Division of Industry Productivity Studies: (202) 691–5618, or visit the Web site at: www.bls.gov/lpc/home.htm

International Comparisons

(Tables 51-53)

Labor force and unemployment

Description of the series

Tables 51 and 52 present comparative measures of the labor force, employment, and unemployment approximating U.S. concepts for the United States, Canada, Australia, Japan, and six European countries. The Bureau adjusts the figures for these selected countries, for all known major definitional differences, to the extent that data to prepare adjustments are available. Although precise comparability may not be achieved, these adjusted figures provide a better basis for international comparisons than the figures regularly published by each country. For further information on adjustments and comparability issues, see Constance Sorrentino, "International unemployment rates: how comparable are they?" Monthly Labor Review, June 2000, pp. 3-20, available on the Internet at www. bls.gov/opub/mlr/2000/06/art1full.pdf.

Definitions

For the principal U.S. definitions of the labor force, employment, and unemployment, see the Notes section on Employment and Unemployment Data: Household survey data.

Notes on the data

Foreign country data are adjusted as closely as possible to the U.S. definitions. Primary areas of adjustment address conceptual differences in upper age limits and definitions of employment and unemployment, provided that reliable data are available to make these adjustments. Adjustments are made where applicable to include employed and unemployed persons above upper age limits; some European countries do not include persons older than age 64 in their labor force measures, because a large portion

of this population has retired. Adjustments are made to exclude active duty military from employment figures, although a small number of career military may be included in some European countries. Adjustments are made to exclude unpaid family workers who worked fewer than 15 hours per week from employment figures; U.S. concepts do not include them in employment, whereas most foreign countries include all unpaid family workers regardless of the number of hours worked. Adjustments are made to include full-time students seeking work and available for work as unemployed when they are classified as not in the labor force.

Where possible, lower age limits are based on the age at which compulsory schooling ends in each country, rather than based on the U.S. standard of 16. Lower age limits have ranged between 13 and 16 over the years covered; currently, the lower age limits are either 15 or 16 in all 10 countries.

Some adjustments for comparability are not made because data are unavailable for adjustment purposes. For example, no adjustments to unemployment are usually made for deviations from U.S. concepts in the treatment of persons waiting to start a new job or passive job seekers. These conceptual differences have little impact on the measures. Furthermore, BLS studies have concluded that no adjustments should be made for persons on layoff who are counted as employed in some countries because of their strong job attachment as evidenced by, for example, payment of salary or the existence of a recall date. In the United States, persons on layoff have weaker job attachment and are classified as unemployed.

The annual labor force measures are obtained from monthly, quarterly, or continuous household surveys and may be calculated as averages of monthly or quarterly data. Quarterly and monthly unemployment rates are based on household surveys. For some countries, they are calculated by applying annual adjustment factors to current published data and, therefore, are less precise indicators of unemployment under U.S. concepts than the annual figures. The labor force measures may have breaks in series over time due to changes in surveys, sources, or estimation methods. Breaks are noted in data tables.

For up-to-date information on adjustments and breaks in series, see the Technical Notes of *Comparative Civilian Labor Force Statistics*, 10 Countries, on the Internet at www.bls.gov/fls/flscomparelf.htm, and the Notes of *Unemployment rates in 10 countries, civilian labor force basis, approximating U.S. concepts, seasonally adjusted,* on the Internet at www.bls.gov/fls/flsjec.pdf.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on

this series, contact the Division of Foreign Labor Statistics: (202) 691–5654 or flshelp@ bls.gov.

Manufacturing productivity and labor costs

Description of the series

Table 53 presents comparative indexes of manufacturing output per hour (labor productivity), output, total hours, compensation per hour, and unit labor costs for the United States, Australia, Canada, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Singapore, Taiwan, and 10 European countries. These measures are trend comparisons—that is, series that measure changes over time—rather than level comparisons. BLS does not recommend using these series for level comparisons because of technical problems.

BLS constructs the comparative indexes from three basic aggregate measures—output, total labor hours, and total compensation. The hours and compensation measures refer to employees (wage and salary earners) in Belgium and Taiwan. For all other economies, the measures refer to all employed persons, including employees, self-employed persons, and unpaid family workers.

The data for recent years are based on the United Nations System of National Accounts 1993 (SNA 93). Manufacturing is generally defined according to the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC). However, the measures for France include parts of mining as well. For the United States and Canada, manufacturing is defined according to the North American Industry Classification System.

Definitions

Output. For most economies, the output measures are real value added in manufacturing from national accounts. However, output for Japan prior to 1970 and for the Netherlands prior to 1960 are indexes of industrial production. The manufacturing value added measures for the United Kingdom are essentially identical to their indexes of industrial production.

For United States, the output measure for the manufacturing sector is a chain-weighted index of real gross product originating (deflated value added) produced by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the U.S. Department of Commerce. Most of the other economies now also use chain-weighted as opposed to fixed-year weights that are periodically updated.

To preserve the comparability of the U.S.

measures with those of other economies, BLS uses gross product originating in manufacturing for the United States. The gross product originating series differs from the manufacturing output series that BLS publishes in its quarterly news releases on U.S. productivity and costs (and that underlies the measures that appear in tables 48 and 50 in this section). The quarterly measures are on a "sectoral output" basis, rather than a valueadded basis. Sectoral output is gross output less intrasector transactions.

Total hours refer to hours worked in all economies. The measures are developed from statistics of manufacturing employment and average hours. For most other economies, recent years' aggregate hours series are obtained from national statistical offices, usually from national accounts. However, for some economies and for earlier years, BLS calculates the aggregate hours series using employment figures published with the national accounts, or other comprehensive employment series, and data on average hours worked.

Hourly compensation is total compensation divided by total hours. Total compensation includes all payments in cash or in-kind made directly to employees plus employer expenditures for legally required insurance programs and contractual and private benefit plans. For Australia, Canada, France, Singapore, and Sweden, compensation is increased to account for important taxes on payroll or employment. For the United Kingdom, compensation is reduced between 1967 and 1991 to account for subsidies.

Labor productivity is defined as real output per hour worked. Although the labor productivity measure presented in this release relates output to the hours worked of persons employed in manufacturing, it does not measure the specific contributions of labor as a single factor of production. Rather, it reflects the joint effects of many influences, including new technology, capital investment, capacity utilization, energy use, and managerial skills, as well as the skills and efforts of the workforce.

Unit labor costs are defined as the cost of labor input required to produce one unit of output. They are computed as compensation in nominal terms divided by real output. Unit labor costs can also be computed by dividing hourly compensation by output per hour, that is, by labor productivity.

Notes on the data

The measures for recent years may be based on current indicators of manufacturing output (such as industrial production indexes), employment, average hours, and hourly compensation until national ac-

counts and other statistics used for the long-term measures become available.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this series, go to http://www.bls.gov/news. release/prod4.toc.htm or contact the Division of International Labor Comparison at (202) 691-5654.

Occupational Injury and Illness Data

(Tables 54-55)

Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses

Description of the series

The Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses collects data from employers about their workers' job-related nonfatal injuries and illnesses. The information that employers provide is based on records that they maintain under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. Self-employed individuals, farms with fewer than 11 employees, employers regulated by other Federal safety and health laws, and Federal, State, and local government agencies are excluded from the survey.

The survey is a Federal-State cooperative program with an independent sample selected for each participating State. A stratified random sample with a Neyman allocation is selected to represent all private industries in the State. The survey is stratified by Standard Industrial Classification and size of employment.

Definitions

Under the Occupational Safety and Health Act, employers maintain records of nonfatal work-related injuries and illnesses that involve one or more of the following: loss of consciousness, restriction of work or motion, transfer to another job, or medical treatment other than first aid.

Occupational injury is any injury such as a cut, fracture, sprain, or amputation that results from a work-related event or a single, instantaneous exposure in the work environment.

Occupational illness is an abnormal condition or disorder, other than one resulting from an occupational injury, caused by exposure to factors associated with employment. It includes acute and chronic illnesses or disease which may be caused by inhalation, absorption, ingestion, or direct contact.

Lost workday injuries and illnesses are cases that involve days away from work, or

days of restricted work activity, or both.

Lost workdays include the number of workdays (consecutive or not) on which the employee was either away from work or at work in some restricted capacity, or both, because of an occupational injury or illness. BLS measures of the number and incidence rate of lost workdays were discontinued beginning with the 1993 survey. The number of days away from work or days of restricted work activity does not include the day of injury or onset of illness or any days on which the employee would not have worked, such as a Federal holiday, even though able to work.

Incidence rates are computed as the number of injuries and/or illnesses or lost work days per 100 full-time workers.

Notes on the data

The definitions of occupational injuries and illnesses are from *Recordkeeping Guidelines* for Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, September 1986).

Estimates are made for industries and employment size classes for total recordable cases, lost workday cases, days away from work cases, and nonfatal cases without lost workdays. These data also are shown separately for injuries. Illness data are available for seven categories: occupational skin diseases or disorders, dust diseases of the lungs, respiratory conditions due to toxic agents, poisoning (systemic effects of toxic agents), disorders due to physical agents (other than toxic materials), disorders associated with repeated trauma, and all other occupational illnesses.

The survey continues to measure the number of new work-related illness cases which are recognized, diagnosed, and reported during the year. Some conditions, for example, long-term latent illnesses caused by exposure to carcinogens, often are difficult to relate to the workplace and are not adequately recognized and reported. These long-term latent illnesses are believed to be understated in the survey's illness measure. In contrast, the overwhelming majority of the reported new illnesses are those which are easier to directly relate to workplace activity (for example, contact dermatitis and carpal

tunnel syndrome).

Most of the estimates are in the form of incidence rates, defined as the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 equivalent full-time workers. For this purpose, 200,000 employee hours represent 100 employee years (2,000 hours per employee). Full detail on the available measures is presented in the annual bulletin, *Occupational Injuries and Illnesses: Counts, Rates, and Characteristics*.

Comparable data for more than 40 States and territories are available from the BLS Office of Safety, Health and Working Conditions. Many of these States publish data on State and local government employees in addition to private industry data.

Mining and railroad data are furnished to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration and the Federal Railroad Administration. Data from these organizations are included in both the national and State data published annually.

With the 1992 survey, BLS began publishing details on serious, nonfatal incidents resulting in days away from work. Included are some major characteristics of the injured and ill workers, such as occupation, age, gender, race, and length of service, as well as the circumstances of their injuries and illnesses (nature of the disabling condition, part of body affected, event and exposure, and the source directly producing the condition). In general, these data are available nationwide for detailed industries and for individual States at more aggregated industry levels.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on occupational injuries and illnesses, contact the Office of Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions at (202) 691–6180, or access the Internet at: www.bls.gov/iif/

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries compiles a complete roster of fatal job-related injuries, including detailed data about the fatally injured workers and the fatal events. The program collects and cross checks fatality information from multiple sources, including death certificates, State and Federal workers'

compensation reports, Occupational Safety and Health Administration and Mine Safety and Health Administration records, medical examiner and autopsy reports, media accounts, State motor vehicle fatality records, and follow-up questionnaires to employers.

In addition to private wage and salary workers, the self-employed, family members, and Federal, State, and local government workers are covered by the program. To be included in the fatality census, the decedent must have been employed (that is working for pay, compensation, or profit) at the time of the event, engaged in a legal work activity, or present at the site of the incident as a requirement of his or her job.

Definition

A fatal work injury is any intentional or unintentional wound or damage to the body resulting in death from acute exposure to energy, such as heat or electricity, or kinetic energy from a crash, or from the absence of such essentials as heat or oxygen caused by a specific event or incident or series of events within a single workday or shift. Fatalities that occur during a person's commute to or from work are excluded from the census, as well as work-related illnesses, which can be difficult to identify due to long latency periods.

Notes on the data

Twenty-eight data elements are collected, coded, and tabulated in the fatality program, including information about the fatally injured worker, the fatal incident, and the machinery or equipment involved. Summary worker demographic data and event characteristics are included in a national news release that is available about 8 months after the end of the reference year. The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries was initiated in 1992 as a joint Federal-State effort. Most States issue summary information at the time of the national news release.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries contact the BLS Office of Safety, Health, and Working Conditions at (202) 691–6175, or the Internet at: www.bls.gov/iif/

1. Labor market indicators

Selected indicators	2008	2009		20	80			20	09		2010
Selected indicators	2008	2009	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
Employment data											
Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional											
population (household survey):1											
Labor force participation rate	66.0	65.4	66.1	66.1	66.0	65.9	65.7	65.7	65.3	64.9	64.8
Employment-population ratio	62.2	59.3	62.8	62.6	62.0	61.3	60.3	59.7	59.0	58.4	58.5
Unemployment rate	5.8	9.3	5.0	5.3	6.0	6.9	8.2	9.3	9.7	10.0	9.7
Men	6.1	10.3	5.1	5.5	6.4	7.6	9.0	10.4	10.8	11.2	10.7
16 to 24 years	14.4	20.1	12.7	13.3	14.9	16.5	18.1	19.9	20.7	22.0	21.7
25 years and older	4.8	8.8	3.9	4.2	5.1	6.1	7.6	8.9	9.4	9.5	9.0
Women	5.4	8.1	4.8	5.1	5.6	6.2	7.3	8.0	8.3	8.7	8.5
16 to 24 years	11.2	14.9	10.2	11.0	11.7	11.7	13.2	14.6	15.6	15.9	15.5
25 years and older	4.4	6.9	3.9	4.1	4.5	5.3	6.2	6.9	7.1	7.5	7.4
Employment, nonfarm (payroll data), in thousands: 1											
Total nonfarm	136,790	130,912	137,858	137,285	136,283	134,328	132,070	130,640	129,857	129,588	129,750
Total private	114,281	108,369	115,419	114,775	113,715	111,767	109,510	108,075	107,377	107,107	107,254
Goods-producing	21,334	18,620	21,815	21,511	21,092	20,294	19,233	18,503	18,124	17,906	17,870
Manufacturing	13,406	11,883	13,654	13,528	13,270	12,822	12,212	11,782	11,634	11,534	11,579
Service-providing	115,456	112,292	116,043	115,774	115,191	114,031	112,837	112,137	111,733	111,682	111,880
Average hours:											
Total private	33.6	33.1	33.8	33.7	33.5	33.3	33.1	33.0	33.1	33.2	33.3
Manufacturing	40.8	39.8	41.3	41.0	40.4	39.8	39.4	39.5	39.9	40.5	41.0
Overtime	3.7	2.9	4.1	3.9	3.5	2.9	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.4	3.7
Employment Cost Index ^{1, 2, 3}											
Total compensation:											
Civilian nonfarm ⁴	2.6	1.5	.8	.7	.8	.3	.4	.4	.5	.3	.6
Private nonfarm	2.4	1.2	.9	.7	.6	.2	.4	.3	.4	.2	.8
Goods-producing ⁵		1.0				.3		.3		.2	1.1
			1.0	.7	.4		.4		.2		
Service-providing ⁵	2.5	1.3	.9	.7	.6	.3	.4	.3	.4	.3	.7
State and local government	3.0	2.4	.5	.5	1.7	.3	.6	.5	1.0	.3	.3
Workers by bargaining status (private nonfarm):											
Union	2.8	2.9	.8	.8	.7	.6	1.0	.6	.6	.5	1.5
Nonunion	2.4	.9	.9	.7	.6	.2	.3	.2	.3	.2	.7

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, household survey data reflect revised population controls. Nonfarm data reflect the conversion to the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), replacing the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. NAICS-based data by industry are not comparable with SICbased data.

Quarterly data seasonally adjusted.
 Annual changes are December-to-December changes. Quarterly changes

are calculated using the last month of each quarter.

The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

⁴ Excludes Federal and private household workers.

Excludes Federal and private nousenoid workers.
5 Goods-producing industries include mining, construction, and manufacturing. Service-providing industries include all other private sector industries.

2. Annual and quarterly percent changes in compensation, prices, and productivity

Selected measures	2008	2009		20	08			20	09		2010
Selected measures	2006	2003	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I
Compensation data ^{1, 2, 3}											
Employment Cost Index—compensation:											
Civilian nonfarm	2.6	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.6
Private nonfarm	2.4	1.2	.9	.7	.6	.2	.4	.3	.4	.2	.8
Employment Cost Index—wages and salaries:											
Civilian nonfarm	2.7	1.5	.8	.7	.8	.3	.4	.4	.5	.3	.4
Private nonfarm	2.6	1.4	.9	.7	.6	.3	.4	.3	.5	.3	.5
Price data ¹											
Consumer Price Index (All Urban Consumers): All Items	3.8	4	1.7	2.5	0	-3.9	1.2	1.4	.1	.0	.8
Producer Price Index:											
Finished goods	6.3	-2.5	2.8	4.2	1	-7.4	.2	3.1	6	1.7	1.7
Finished consumer goods	7.4	-3.8	3.4	5.2	4	-10.0	.3	4.3	7	2.1	2.3
Capital equipment	2.9	2.0	.7	.6	1.0	1.9	2	2	4	.8	.0
Intermediate materials, supplies, and components	10.3	-8.3	5.0	6.9	.7	-13.6	-2.1	2.8	1.2	1.1	2.4
Crude materials	21.6	-30.5	14.5	14.9	-15.6	-32.1	-7.2	12.3	-3.5	11.7	10.2
Productivity data ⁴											
Output per hour of all persons:											
Business sector	2.1	3.8	2	2.9	1.4	2.1	.9	7.6	8.0	6.6	3.0
Nonfarm business sector	2.0	3.7	5	3.0	1.1	2.2	.9	7.6	7.8	6.3	3.6
Nonfinancial corporations 5	2.2	1.9	-3.2	6.6	4.9	.2	-6.8	9.2	3.9	8.2	_

¹ Annual changes are December-to-December changes. Quarterly changes are calculated using the last month of each quarter. Compensation and price data are not seasonally adjusted, and the price data are not compounded.

² Excludes Federal and private household workers.

only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

3. Alternative measures of wage and compensation changes

		Quar	terly ch	ange			Four qu	arters e	nding—	
Components		20	09		2010		20	09		2010
	I	II	Ш	IV	I	I	II	III	IV	ı
Average hourly compensation: 1										
All persons, business sector	-4.1	7.5	0.0	0.4	1.7	1.7	3.3	1.8	0.9	2.4
All persons, nonfarm business sector	-4.2	7.7	4	.4	1.9	1.8	3.4	1.8	.8	2.3
Employment Cost Index—compensation: 2										
Civilian nonfarm ³	.4	.4	.5	.3	.6	2.1	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.7
Private nonfarm	.4	.3	.4	.2	.8	1.9	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.6
Union	1.0	.6	.6	.5	1.5	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.4
Nonunion	.3	.2	.3	.2	.7	1.8	1.2	.9	.9	1.4
State and local government	.6	.5	1.0	.3	.3	3.1	3.2	2.4	2.4	2.0
Employment Cost Index—wages and salaries: 2										
Civilian nonfarm ³	.4	.4	.5	.3	.4	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.5
Private nonfarm	.4	.3	.5	.3	.5	2.0	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.5
Union	.6	.7	.5	.6	.5	3.1	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.5
Nonunion	.4	.2	.4	.3	.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.3
State and local government	.5	.5	.8	.2	.3	3.0	3.0	2.1	2.0	1.8

Seasonally adjusted. "Quarterly average" is percent change from a

Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

³ The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes

⁴ Annual rates of change are computed by comparing annual averages. Quarterly percent changes reflect annual rates of change in quarterly indexes. The data are seasonally adjusted.

⁵ Output per hour of all employees.

quarter ago, at an annual rate.

² The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard

³ Excludes Federal and private household workers.

4. Employment status of the population, by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
Limployment status	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
TOTAL															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population ¹	233,788	235,801	235,086	235,271	235,452	235,655	235,870	236,087	236,322	236,550	236,743	236,924	236,832	236,998	237,159
Civilian labor force	154,287	154,142	154,164	154,718	154,956	154,759	154,351	154,426	153,927	153,854	153,720	153,059	153,170	153,512	153,910
Participation rate	66.0	65.4	65.6	65.8	65.8	65.7	65.4	65.4	65.1	65.0	64.9	64.6	64.7	64.8	64.9
Employed Employment-pop-	145,362	139,877	140,854	140,902	140,438	140,038	139,817	139,433	138,768	138,242	138,381	137,792	138,333	138,641	138,905
ulation ratio ²	62.2	59.3	59.9	59.9	59.6	59.4	59.3	59.1	58.7	58.4	58.5	58.2	58.4	58.5	58.6
Unemployed	8,924	14,265	13,310	13,816	14,518	14,721	14,534	14,993	15,159	15,612	15,340	15,267	14,837	14,871	15,005
Unemployment rate	5.8	9.3	8.6	8.9	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.7	9.8	10.1	10.0	10.0	9.7	9.7	9.7
Not in the labor force	79,501	81,659	80,922	80,554	80,496	80,895	81,519	81,661	82,396	82,696	83,022	83,865	83,663	83,487	83,249
Men, 20 years and over															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	104,453	105,493	105,095	105,196	105,299	105,412	105,530	105,651	105,780	105,906	106,018	106,125	105,998	106,100	106,198
Civilian labor force	79,047	78,897	78,680	79,106	79,339	79,246	78,984	79,196	78,977	79,024	78,901	78,402	78,225	78,471	78,796
Participation rate	75.7	74.8	74.9	75.2	75.3	75.2	74.8	75.0	74.7	74.6	74.4	73.9	73.8	74.0	74.2
Employed	74,750	71,341	71,667	71,665	71,552	71,354	71,255	71,142	70,861	70,662	70,662	70,391	70,390	70,623	70,913
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	71.6	67.6	68.2	68.1	68.0	67.7	67.5	67.3	67.0	66.7	66.7	66.3	66.4	66.6	66.8
Unemployed	4,297	7,555	7,013	7,441	7,787	7,892	7,728	8,055	8,116	8,362	8,239	8,011	7,835	7,848	7,882
Unemployment rate Not in the labor force	5.4 25,406	9.6	8.9	9.4	9.8	10.0	9.8	10.2	10.3	10.6	10.4	10.2	10.0	10.0	10.0
Not in the labor force	25,406	26,596	26,415	26,091	25,961	26,166	26,547	26,455	26,803	26,882	27,117	27,723	27,774	27,628	27,403
Women, 20 years and over															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	112,260	113,265	112,908	112,999	113.089	113,189	113,296	113,405	113,522	113,636	113,737	113,832	113,796	113,886	113,974
Civilian labor force	68,382	68,856	68,972	69,105	69,060	68,984	68,910	68,847	68,686	68,687	68,742	68,620	68,949	69,069	69,027
Participation rate	60.9	60.8	61.1	61.2	61.1	60.9	60.8	60.7	60.5	60.4	60.4	60.3	60.6	60.6	60.6
Employed	65,039	63,699	64,110	64,147	63,847	63,741	63,685	63,552	63,280	63,133	63,269	62,998	63,527	63,538	63,495
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	57.9	56.2	56.8	56.8	56.5	56.3	56.2	56.0	55.7	55.6	55.6	55.3	55.8	55.8	55.7
Unemployed	3,342	5,157	4,863	4,957	5,213	5,243	5,225	5,295	5,406	5,554	5,473	5,622	5,422	5,531	5,532
Unemployment rate	4.9 43,878	7.5 44,409	7.1 43,936	7.2 43,894	7.5 44,029	7.6 44,205	7.6 44,386	7.7 44,558	7.9 44,837	8.1 44,949	8.0 44,994	8.2 45,212	7.9 44,848	8.0 44,818	8.0 44,947
Not in the labor force	43,878	44,409	43,936	43,894	44,029	44,205	44,366	44,558	44,637	44,949	44,994	45,212	44,848	44,616	44,947
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	17,075	17,043	17,083	17,076	17,064	17,053	17,044	17,031	17,020	17,008	16,988	16,967	17,038	17,012	16,987
Civilian labor force	6,858	6,390	6,512	6,507	6,557	6,529	6,457	6,383	6,264	6,143	6,077	6,037	5,996	5,972	6,087
Participation rate	40.2	37.5	38.1	38.1	38.4	38.3	37.9	37.5	36.8	36.1	35.8	35.6	35.2	35.1	35.8
Employed	5,573	4,837	5,077	5,089	5,039	4,943	4,877	4,740	4,627	4,448	4,450	4,403	4,416	4,480	4,496
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	32.6	28.4	29.7	29.8	29.5	29.0	28.6	27.8	27.2	26.1	26.2	25.9	25.9	26.3	26.5
Unemployed	1,285	1,552	1,435	1,418	1,518	1,586	1,581	1,643	1,637	1,696	1,627	1,634	1,580	1,491	1,591
Unemployment rate	18.7	24.3	22.0	21.8	23.2	24.3	24.5	25.7	26.1	27.6	26.8	27.1	26.4	25.0	26.1
Not in the labor force	10,218	10,654	10,571	10,569	10,507	10,525	10,586	10,648	10,756	10,865	10,911	10,930	11,041	11,041	10,899
White ³															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population ¹	189,540	190 902	190 436	190 552	190 667	190 801	190 044	191 086	191,244	191 30/	191 516	191 628	191 454	191 552	191,648
Civilian labor force	125,635	125,644	125,659	126,108	126,326	126,088	125,911	126,038	125,581	125,567	125,258	124,605	124,579	124,847	125,054
Participation rate	66.3	65.8	66.0	66.2	66.3	66.1	65.9	66.0	65.7	65.6	65.4	65.0	65.1	65.2	65.3
Employed	119,126	114,996	115,663	115,896	115,451	115,102	114,984	114,784	114,215	113,754	113,669	113,339	113,797	113,865	114,108
Employment-pop-							·								
ulation ratio ²	62.8	60.2	60.7	60.8	60.6	60.3	60.2	60.1	59.7	59.4	59.4	59.1	59.4	59.4	59.5
Unemployed	6,509	10,648	9,996	10,213	10,874	10,986	10,927	11,254	11,366	11,813	11,589	11,266	10,782	10,982	10,945
Unemployment rate	5.2	8.5	8.0	8.1	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.9	9.1	9.4	9.3	9.0	8.7	8.8	8.8
Not in the labor force	63,905	65,258	64,777	64,443	64,342	64,713	65,033	65,048	65,663	65,827	66,258	67,024	66,875	66,705	66,594
Black or African American ³															
Civilian noninstitutional															
	27,843	28,241	28,118	28,153	28,184	28,217	28,252	28,290	28,330	28,369	28,404	28,437	28,526	28,559	28,591
population 1		17,632	17,543	17,795	17,716	17,665	17,651	17,596	17,455	17,516	17,660	17,600	17,749	17,748	17,871
Civilian Jahor force	17 7/0		11,040				62.5	62.2	61.6	61.7	62.2	61.9	62.2		62.5
Civilian labor force Participation rate	17,740 63.7		62.4	63.2	62.91	n/n									
Participation rate	63.7	62.4	62.4 15,176	63.2 15,119	62.9 15,066	62.6 15,048								62.1 14,936	
			62.4 15,176	63.2 15,119	62.9 15,066	15,048	15,050	14,914	14,754	14,763	14,904	14,758	14,820	14,936	14,920
Participation rate Employed Employment-pop-	63.7	62.4													
Participation rate Employed	63.7 15,953	62.4 15,025	15,176	15,119	15,066	15,048	15,050	14,914	14,754	14,763	14,904	14,758	14,820	14,936	14,920
Participation rate Employed Employment-pop- ulation ratio ²	63.7 15,953 57.3	62.4 15,025 53.2	15,176 54.0	15,119 53.7	15,066 53.5	15,048 53.3	15,050 53.3	14,914 52.7	14,754 52.1	14,763 52.0	14,904 52.5	14,758 51.9	14,820 52.0	14,936 52.3	14,920 52.2

See footnotes at end of table.

4. Continued—Employment status of the population, by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status	Annual a	average					20	10						2010	
Limployment status	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Hispanic or Latino															
ethnicity															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population ¹	32,141	32,891	32,585	32,671	32,753	32,839	32,926	33,017	33,110	33,202	33,291	33,379	33,251	33,335	33,414
Civilian labor force	22,024	22,352	22,236	22,403	22,459	22,348	22,540	22,320	22,444	22,492	22,564	22,404	22,578	22,648	22,707
Participation rate	68.5	68.0	68.2	68.6	68.6	68.1	68.5	67.6	67.8	67.7	67.8	67.1	67.9	67.9	68.0
Employed	20,346	19,647	19,664	19,855	19,599	19,609	19,748	19,411	19,595	19,553	19,692	19,513	19,730	19,848	19,848
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	63.3	59.7	60.3	60.8	59.8	59.7	60.0	58.8	59.2	58.9	59.2	58.5	59.3	59.5	59.4
Unemployed	1,678	2,706	2,571	2,548	2,860	2,739	2,792	2,908	2,849	2,939	2,872	2,891	2,848	2,800	2,859
Unemployment rate	7.6	12.1	11.6	11.4	12.7	12.3	12.4	13.0	12.7	13.1	12.7	12.9	12.6	12.4	12.6
Not in the labor force	10,116	10,539	10,350	10,268	10,294	10,491	10,386	10,697	10,666	10,710	10,727	10,976	10,674	10,687	10,706

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (white and black or African American) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

5. Selected employment indicators, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[In thousands]

	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
Selected categories	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Characteristic															
Employed, 16 years and older	145,362	139,877	140,854	140,902	140,438	- ,	139,817	139,433	138,768	138,242	138,381	137,792	138,333	138,641	138,905
Men	. 77,486	73,670	74,072	74,107	73,974	73,727	73,613	73,436	73,120	72,844	72,794	72,499	72,516	72,813	73,092
Women	67,876	66,208	66,782	66,794	66,463	66,311	66,205	65,997	65,648	65,398	65,587	65,293	65,817	65,828	65,813
Married men, spouse															
present	. 45,860	43,998	44,451	44,424	44,214	44,242	43,955	43,847	43,656	43,401	43,336	43,312	43,126	43,168	43,083
Married women, spouse															
present	. 35,869	35,207	35,465	35,438	35,347	35,402	35,321	35,151	34,891	34,736	34,867	35,004	35,073	35,248	34,887
Persons at work part time ¹															
All industries:															
Part time for economic															
reasons	5,875	8,913	9,023	8,888	9,048	8,962	8,808	9,077	9,158	9,240	9,225	9,165	8,316	8,791	9,054
Slack work or business															
conditions	4,169	6,648	6,839	6,699	6,788	6,779	6,831	6,895	6,815	6,882	6,684	6,453	5,873	6,185	6,177
Could only find part-time															
work	1,389	1,966	1,847	1,819	1,917	1,970	1,826	2,065	2,081	2,084	2,238	2,346	2,295	2,212	2,388
Part time for noneconomic															
reasons	19,343	18,710	18,829	18,976	18,848	18,715	18,993	18,768	18,590	18,632	18,354	18,364	18,563	18,360	18,379
Nonagricultural industries:															
Part time for economic															
reasons	5,773	8,791	8,910	8,795	8,894	8,825	8,664	8,946	8,983	9,158	9,137	9,055	8,193	8,651	8,946
Slack work or business															
conditions	4,097	6,556	6,761	6,634	6,670	6,685	6,713	6,797	6,695	6,797	6,616	6,378	5,792	6,079	6,099
Could only find part-time															
work	1,380	1,955	1,848	1,826	1,910	1,964	1,789	2,046	2,063	2,033	2,241	2,349	2,288	2,199	2,406
Part time for noneconomic															
reasons	19,005	18,372	18,494	18,595	18,478	18,358	18,610	18,383	18,251	18,317	18,066	18,056	18,218	18,043	18,066

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial disputes.

NOTE: Reginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey

¹ The population figures are not seasonally adjusted. ² Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

³ Beginning in 2003, persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, persons who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main

6. Selected unemployment indicators, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Unemployment rates]

Calcutad automories	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
Selected categories	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Characteristic															
Total, 16 years and older	5.8	9.3	8.6	8.9	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.7	9.8	10.1	10.0	10.0	9.7	9.7	9.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	18.7	24.3	22.0	21.8	23.2	24.3	24.5	25.7	26.1	27.6	26.8	27.1	26.4	25.0	26.1
Men, 20 years and older	5.4	9.6	8.9	9.4	9.8	10.0	9.8	10.2	10.3	10.6	10.4	10.2	10.0	10.0	10.0
Women, 20 years and older	4.9	7.5	7.1	7.2	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.9	8.1	8.0	8.2	7.9	8.0	8.0
White, total ¹	5.2	8.5	8.0	8.1	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.9	9.1	9.4	9.3	9.0	8.7	8.8	8.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	16.8	21.8	20.3	20.0	20.7	21.7	22.5	24.3	23.3	25.1	23.0	23.6	23.5	22.5	23.7
Men, 16 to 19 years	19.1	25.2	23.5	22.9	24.6	24.4	26.1	28.1	26.8	28.6	26.0	27.4	27.9	25.0	27.0
Women, 16 to 19 years	14.4	18.4	17.1	17.1	16.6	19.0	18.7	20.2	19.7	21.4	20.0	19.8	18.8	19.9	20.3
Men, 20 years and older	4.9	8.8	8.1	8.5	9.0	9.2	9.1	9.3	9.6	9.9	9.8	9.3	9.1	9.0	8.9
Women, 20 years and older	4.4	6.8	6.5	6.4	6.9	6.8	6.8	7.0	7.1	7.4	7.4	7.4	6.8	7.3	7.3
Black or African American, total 1	10.1	14.8	13.5	15.0	15.0	14.8	14.7	15.2	15.5	15.7	15.6	16.2	16.5	15.8	16.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.2	39.5	33.1	35.1	39.9	38.5	36.2	35.0	41.7	42.1	49.8	48.4	43.8	42.0	41.1
Men, 16 to 19 years	35.9	46.0	41.7	41.7	46.2	44.8	39.2	46.8	50.8	43.6	57.1	52.2	48.3	44.9	47.4
Women, 16 to 19 years	26.8	33.4	26.0	28.2	34.8	33.1	33.5	24.5	32.7	40.7	41.4	44.8	39.4	39.1	34.7
Men, 20 years and older	10.2	16.3	15.6	17.2	16.7	16.4	16.0	17.0	16.5	17.0	16.8	16.6	17.6	17.8	19.0
Women, 20 years and older	8.1	11.5	10.1	11.4	11.3	11.5	11.9	12.2	12.5	12.5	11.7	13.1	13.3	12.1	12.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	7.6	12.1	11.6	11.4	12.7	12.3	12.4	13.0	12.7	13.1	12.7	12.9	12.6	12.4	12.6
Married men, spouse present	3.4	6.6	6.0	6.3	6.7	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	6.6	6.8	6.7
Married women, spouse present	3.6	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.8	6.1	6.0
Full-time workers	5.8	10.0	9.3	9.6	10.2	10.3	10.2	10.5	10.7	11.1	11.0	10.9	10.4	10.5	10.5
Part-time workers	5.5	6.0	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.3	6.4	6.1	5.6	6.0	6.4	6.2	6.7
Educational attainment ²															
Less than a high school diploma	9.0	14.6	13.8	14.9	15.4	15.4	15.3	15.5	15.0	15.5	15.0	15.3	15.2	15.6	14.5
High school graduates, no college 3	5.7	9.7	9.1	9.4	10.0	9.8	9.4	9.8	10.8	11.2	10.4	10.5	10.1	10.5	10.8
Some college or associate degree	4.6	8.0	7.3	7.5	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.2	8.6	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.5	8.0	8.2
Bachelor's degree and higher ⁴	2.6	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.9	5.0	4.9	5.0	4.9

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,$ Beginning in 2003, persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, persons who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main

7. Duration of unemployment, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Weeks of	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
unemployment	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Less than 5 weeks	2.932	3.165	3.314	3.284	3.219	3.152	3.181	2.992	2.938	3.131	2.774	2.929	3.008	2.748	2.646
5 to 14 weeks	,	3,828	4,032	3,962	4,300	3,132	3,539	4,093	3,838	3,671	3,517	3,486	3,362	3,412	3,228
15 weeks and over	3,188	7,272	5,815	6,296	7,013	7,844	7,819	7,849	8,405	8,804	8,976	8,969	8,945	8,829	8,983
15 to 26 weeks	1,427	2,775	2,574	2,571	2,983	3,404	2,847	2,825	2,958	3,184	3,075	2,840	2,632	2,696	2,436
27 weeks and over	1,761	4,496	3,241	3,725	4,030	4,440	4,972	5,024	5,447	5,620	5,901	6,130	6,313	6,133	6,547
Mean duration, in weeks	17.9	24.4	20.8	21.8	22.9	24.4	25.3	25.2	26.5	27.2	28.6	29.1	30.2	29.7	31.2
Median duration, in weeks	9.4	15.1	11.9	13.1	14.9	18.2	15.9	15.5	17.8	19.0	20.2	20.5	19.9	19.4	20.0

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

² Data refer to persons 25 years and older.

8. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Reason for	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
unemployment	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Job losers ¹	4.789	9.160	8,434	8,867	9.428	9.562	9.549	9.814	10.236	10.261	9.965	9.701	9,323	9.550	9.354
On temporary layoff	1.176	1,630	1,581	1,638	1,842	1.741	1,670	1,704	1.918	1.671	1.548	1.558	1.454	1,558	1,595
Not on temporary layoff	3,614	7,530	6,853	7,229	7,586	7,821	7,880	8,110	8,318	8,590	8,418	8,143	7,869	7,992	7,758
Job leavers	896	882	884	887	909	822	882	835	869	909	929	932	914	866	894
Reentrants	2,472	3,187	3,017	3,127	3,200	3,322	3,306	3,294	3,255	3,461	3,221	3,334	3,585	3,451	3,544
New entrants	766	1,035	881	919	977	969	994	1,096	1,134	1,114	1,270	1,270	1,235	1,238	1,197
Percent of unemployed															
Job losers ¹	53.7	64.2	63.8	64.3	65.0	65.2	64.8	65.3	66.1	65.2	64.8	63.7	61.9	63.2	62.4
On temporary layoff	13.2	11.4	12.0	11.9	12.7	11.9	11.3	11.3	12.4	10.6	10.1	10.2	9.7	10.3	10.6
Not on temporary layoff	40.5	52.8	51.9	52.4	52.3	53.3	53.5	53.9	53.7	54.6	54.7	53.4	52.3	52.9	51.8
Job leavers	10.0	6.2	6.7	6.4	6.3	5.6	6.0	5.6	5.6	5.8	6.0	6.1	6.1	5.7	6.0
Reentrants	27.7	22.3	22.8	22.7	22.0	22.6	22.4	21.9	21.0	22.0	20.9	21.9	23.8	22.8	23.6
New entrants	8.6	7.3	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.8	7.3	7.3	7.1	8.3	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.0
Percent of civilian															
labor force															
Job losers ¹	3.1	5.9	5.5	5.7	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.4	6.6	6.7	6.5	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.1
Job leavers	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.5	.6	.5	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6
Reentrants	1.6	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3
New entrants	.5	.7	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.7	.7	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8

¹ Includes persons who completed temporary jobs.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

9. Unemployment rates by sex and age, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Civilian workers]

Cov and ago	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
Sex and age	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and older	5.8	9.3	8.6	8.9	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.7	9.8	10.1	10.0	10.0	9.7	9.7	9.7
16 to 24 years	12.8	17.6	16.4	16.7	17.5	17.9	18.0	18.3	18.3	19.2	19.1	18.9	18.9	18.5	18.8
16 to 19 years	18.7	24.3	22.0	21.8	23.2	24.3	24.5	25.7	26.1	27.6	26.8	27.1	26.4	25.0	26.1
16 to 17 years	22.1	25.9	23.9	23.4	23.8	25.5	26.0	26.5	28.2	30.2	28.8	29.9	27.9	28.2	29.6
18 to 19 years	16.8	23.4	21.1	21.7	23.2	23.8	23.3	25.2	24.4	25.7	26.1	25.8	25.4	23.7	24.4
20 to 24 years	10.2	14.7	14.0	14.6	15.1	15.2	15.3	15.1	15.0	15.6	15.9	15.6	15.8	16.0	15.8
25 years and older	4.6	7.9	7.3	7.6	8.1	8.2	8.1	8.4	8.6	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.2	8.3	8.3
25 to 54 years	4.8	8.3	7.7	7.9	8.5	8.5	8.4	8.8	9.1	9.2	8.9	8.9	8.6	8.6	8.8
55 years and older	3.8	6.6	6.2	6.4	6.7	7.0	6.7	6.8	6.8	7.0	7.1	7.2	6.8	7.1	6.9
Men, 16 years and older	6.1	10.3	9.6	10.1	10.5	10.6	10.5	11.0	11.0	11.4	11.2	11.0	10.8	10.7	10.7
16 to 24 years	14.4	20.1	19.2	19.6	20.3	19.9	20.3	20.8	20.9	22.2	21.8	22.0	22.5	21.2	21.6
16 to 19 years	21.2	27.8	25.9	25.9	27.1	26.5	27.9	29.9	29.9	31.0	30.4	30.9	30.6	27.6	29.7
16 to 17 years	25.2	28.7	28.2	26.4	26.5	26.5	28.5	29.6	31.1	33.5	30.5	33.1	30.8	30.4	30.9
18 to 19 years	19.0	27.4	24.8	25.7	28.0	27.1	27.3	29.9	28.3	28.9	30.5	30.2	30.3	27.3	29.1
20 to 24 years	11.4	17.0	16.5	17.0	17.4	17.2	17.1	17.0	17.2	18.6	18.3	18.4	19.2	18.7	18.4
25 years and older	4.8	8.8	8.0	8.5	9.0	9.2	9.1	9.5	9.7	9.7	9.5	9.2	9.0	9.1	9.0
25 to 54 years	5.0	9.2	8.4	8.9	9.5	9.6	9.6	10.0	10.3	10.2	10.0	9.6	9.4	9.5	9.5
55 years and older	3.9	7.0	6.4	6.8	7.0	7.8	7.4	7.5	7.3	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.5	7.8	7.4
Women, 16 years and older	5.4	8.1	7.6	7.6	8.1	8.3	8.2	8.3	8.5	8.8	8.6	8.8	8.4	8.6	8.6
16 to 24 years	11.2	14.9	13.4	13.6	14.5	15.8	15.6	15.6	15.5	15.9	16.2	15.7	15.0	15.8	15.8
16 to 19 years	16.2	20.7	18.2	17.6	19.1	22.1	20.9	21.4	22.2	24.0	23.1	23.1	21.9	22.3	22.4
16 to 17 years	19.1	23.1	19.7	20.4	21.2	24.6	23.6	23.3	25.1	26.8	27.1	26.8	25.0	26.2	28.3
18 t0 19 years	14.3	19.4	17.4	17.5	18.0	20.3	19.2	20.2	20.2	22.4	21.5	21.3	20.1	19.9	19.5
20 to 24 years	8.8	12.3	11.3	11.8	12.5	12.9	13.2	13.1	12.7	12.4	13.3	12.5	12.2	13.1	13.0
25 years and older	4.4	6.9	6.6	6.6	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.6	7.3	7.6	7.3	7.4	7.5
25 to 54 years	4.6	7.2	6.8	6.8	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.7	8.0	7.5	8.1	7.7	7.7	7.9
55 years and older1	3.7	6.0	5.8	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.1	6.7	6.3	6.1	6.2	5.8	6.1	6.5	6.0

¹ Data are not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

10. Unemployment rates by State, seasonally adjusted

.	Feb.	Jan.	Feb.	• .	Feb.	Jan.	Feb.
State	2009	2010 ^p	2010 ^p	State	2009	2010 ^p	2010 ^p
Alabama	8.7	11.1	11.1	Missouri	8.5	9.4	9.4
Alaska	7.3	8.5	8.5	Montana	5.7	6.8	6.9
Arizona	8.3	9.2	9.5	Nebraska	4.3	4.7	4.8
Arkansas	6.8	7.6	7.7	Nevada	10.1	13.0	13.2
California	10.2	12.5	12.5	New Hampshire	5.5	7.0	7.1
Colorado	7.3	7.4	7.7	New Jersey	8.0	9.9	9.9
Connecticut	7.4	9.0	9.1	New Mexico	6.1	8.5	8.7
Delaware	7.4	8.9	9.2	New York	7.5	8.8	8.8
District of Columbia	8.8	12.0	11.9	North Carolina	9.8	11.1	11.2
Florida	9.2	12.0	12.2	North Dakota	4.2	4.2	4.1
Georgia	8.7	10.4	10.5	Ohio	9.1	10.8	10.9
Hawaii	6.3	6.9	6.9	Oklahoma	5.5	6.7	6.8
Idaho	6.9	9.3	9.5	Oregon	10.6	10.7	10.5
Illinois	8.7	11.3	11.4	Pennsylvania	7.2	8.8	8.9
Indiana	9.5	9.7	9.8	Rhode Island	9.9	12.7	12.7
lowa	5.3	6.6	6.7	South Carolina	10.7	12.5	12.4
Kansas	6.0	6.5	6.5	South Dakota	4.6	4.8	4.8
Kentucky	9.6	10.7	10.9	Tennessee	9.6	10.7	10.7
Louisiana	5.9	7.4	7.3	Texas	6.8	8.2	8.2
Maine	7.7	8.2	8.3	Utah	6.1	6.8	7.1
Maryland	6.4	7.5	7.7	Vermont	6.7	6.7	6.6
Massachusetts	7.4	9.5	9.5	Virginia	6.1	6.9	7.2
Michigan	12.0	14.3	14.1	Washington	8.1	9.3	9.4
Minnesota	7.7	7.3	7.3	West Virginia	6.4	9.2	9.5
Mississippi	8.6	11.0	11.5	Wisconsin	7.7	8.7	8.7
• •				Wyoming	4.8	7.6	7.5

p = preliminary

11. Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by State, seasonally adjusted

	Feb.	Jan.	Feb.		Feb.	Jan.	Feb.
State	2009	2010 ^p	2010 ^p	State	2009	2010 ^p	2010 ^p
Alabama	2,146,523	2,056,589	2,056,113	Missouri	3,054,073	2,993,859	2,991,506
Alaska	359,405	362,932	363,773	Montana	502,160	495,774	496,843
Arizona	3,147,205	3,137,804	3,149,642	Nebraska	987,863	984,103	985,999
Arkansas	1,371,452	1,377,005	1,377,122	Nevada	1,363,908	1,373,224	1,374,082
California	18,357,363	18,118,429	18,161,705	New Hampshire	742,613	743,208	746,463
Colorado	2,734,150	2,644,485	2,647,690	New Jersey	4,533,347	4,533,371	4,553,718
Connecticut	1,885,416	1,897,295	1,905,578	New Mexico	957,586	962,289	964,181
Delaware	440,345	428,226	427,906	New York	9,727,669	9,635,330	9,645,128
District of Columbia	331,804	335,581	336,407	North Carolina	4,578,622	4,538,076	4,549,039
Florida	9,198,592	9,235,310	9,254,495	North Dakota	365,860	364,875	366,534
Georgia	4,823,110	4,700,613	4,703,442	Ohio	6,002,137	5,910,922	5,928,409
Hawaii	641,337	633,401	635,148	Oklahoma	1,766,093	1,777,523	1,779,634
Idaho	750,713	753,185	755,517	Oregon	1,980,296	1,939,343	1,945,234
Illinois	6,608,997	6,616,993	6,640,974	Pennsylvania	6,447,362	6,421,703	6,451,557
Indiana	3,242,137	3,112,330	3,118,743	Rhode Island	563,154	576,653	578,042
lowa	1,674,239	1,680,897	1,682,233	South Carolina	2,181,436	2,173,981	2,174,240
Kansas	1,511,087	1,516,142	1,516,629	South Dakota	447,535	445,079	444,577
Kentucky	2,079,717	2,070,714	2,078,579	Tennessee	3,045,619	2,996,682	3,000,621
Louisiana	2,070,856	2,074,018	2,081,332	Texas	11,821,111	12,091,623	12,131,502
Maine	705,272	705,260	705,848	Utah	1,377,028	1,342,627	1,342,774
Maryland	3,011,369	2,956,926	2,956,941	Vermont	361,085	359,916	361,376
Massachusetts	3,475,667	3,472,156	3,478,197	Virginia	4,184,963	4,149,845	4,163,844
Michigan	4,926,706	4,839,634	4,843,997	Washington	3,532,844	3,515,653	3,510,476
Minnesota	2,969,308	2,970,308	2,979,529	West Virginia	803,135	786,557	787,262
Mississippi	1,294,569	1,296,244	1,301,362	Wisconsin	3,109,716	3,030,254	3,039,902
				Wyoming	293,903	292,412	292,201

NOTE: Some data in this table may differ from data published elsewhere because of the continual updating of the database.

p = preliminary

12. Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted [In thousands]

[III IIIOusarius]	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
Industry	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
TOTAL NONFARM	136,790	130,920	132,070	131,542	131,155	130,640	130,294	130,082	129,857	129,633	129,697	129,588	129,602	129,588	129,750
TOTAL PRIVATE	114,281 21,334	108,371 18,620	109,510 19,233	108,861 18,956	108,527 18,731	108,075 18,503	107,778 18,375	107,563 18,245	107,377 18,124	107,115 17,993	107,190 17,960	107,107 17,906	107,123 17,876	107,131 17,829	107,254 17,870
GOODS-PRODUCING	21,334	10,020	19,233	10,950	10,731	10,503	10,375	10,245	10,124	17,993	17,960	17,906	17,070	17,029	17,070
Natural resources and	767	700	700	711	700	602	607	670	676	660	676	676	694	600	600
mining Logging	767 56.6	700 49.8	728 50.3	714 50.1	700 49.5	692 49.3	687 49.1	678 49.4	676 50.1	669 48.5	676 47.2	676 46.9	684 47.0	690 47.0	699 47.2
Mining	709.8	650.0	677.9	664.0	650.7	642.7	637.4	628.6	625.5	620.8	628.4	629.4	637.2	643.2	651.3
Oil and gas extraction	160.5	161.6	162.8	162.2	162.0	161.6	161.0	160.1	160.4	160.4	160.2	159.8	160.9	161.5	162.9
Mining, except oil and gas 1	226.0 81.2	211.6 82.2	217.3 85.3	214.8 84.2	212.2 83.0	210.0 82.0	208.6 80.9	207.4 81.0	206.8 80.6	204.3 79.3	207.2 79.3	207.7 79.2	209.3 79.6	211.0 80.3	213.1 80.5
Coal mining Support activities for mining	323.4	276.7	297.8	287.0	276.5	271.1	267.8	261.1	258.3	256.1	261.0	261.9	267.0	270.7	275.3
Construction	7,162	6,037	6,293	6,179	6,120	6,029	5,949	5,885	5,814	5,747	5,732	5,696	5,636	5,577	5,592
Construction of buildings	1,641.7	1,365.6	1,422.5	1,400.4	1,386.9	1,362.8	1,344.1	1,332.2	1,313.0	1,300.0	1,295.9	1,282.5	1,266.3	1,251.7	1,260.3
Heavy and civil engineering Speciality trade contractors	964.5 4,555.8	846.9 3,824.4	887.8 3,982.8	866.7 3,911.9	856.8 3,876.5	841.3 3.824.9	834.6 3,770.7	830.5 3,722.3	817.8 3,682.9	804.6 3,642.8	808.7 3,627.6	797.9 3,615.1	800.8 3,568.4	792.1 3,533.0	798.1 3,533.1
Manufacturing	13,406	11,883	12,212	12,063	11,911	11,782	11,739	11,682	11,634	11,577	11,552	11,534	11,556	11,562	11,579
Production workers	9,629	8,350	8,593	8,478	8,349	8,244	8,230	8,192	8,166	8,124	8,108	8,089	8,113	8,116	8,130
Durable goods	8,463	7,309	7,580	7,450	7,326	7,222	7,197	7,151	7,112	7,070	7,047	7,036	7,062	7,065	7,086
Production workers	5,975 456.0	5,008 360.7	5,211 375.4	5,108 370.5	5,005 361.9	4,921 355.1	4,920 352.4	4,886 350.2	4,865 349.2	4,833 348.4	4,816 348.6	4,801 348.9	4,828 348.3	4,829 348.5	4,847 350.0
Wood products Nonmetallic mineral products	465.0	397.7	407.1	405.1	399.7	394.1	393.5	391.6	389.5	382.2	382.6	383.9	382.2	382.3	380.6
Primary metals	442.0	364.7	381.9	371.7	363.4	355.2	353.8	353.9	351.3	350.1	350.8	351.8	353.5	358.2	361.8
Fabricated metal products	1,527.5	1,317.5	1,367.3	1,339.9	1,323.2	1,305.0	1,291.4	1,284.2	1,276.9	1,272.1	1,268.0	1,266.8	1,268.4	1,272.9	1,282.0
Machinery Computer and electronic	1,187.6	1,029.3	1,079.3	1,057.5	1,038.7	1,022.7	1,008.6	1,002.9	993.8	983.8	975.9	973.2	975.6	979.5	985.4
products ¹	1,244.2	1,136.3	1,175.0	1,160.2	1,144.0	1,131.0	1,122.8	1,113.3	1,107.5	1,101.5	1,097.9	1,093.3	1,091.6	1,090.9	1,090.9
equipment	183.2	166.0	174.8	169.1	164.9	163.7	163.2	161.2	160.8	159.6	159.5	158.3	158.2	157.8	157.4
Communications equipment	127.3	121.4	123.0	122.5	121.7	121.0	120.8	120.1	120.4	119.3	118.3	119.0	118.1	118.6	119.2
Semiconductors and															
electronic components	431.8	377.0	394.8	387.5	381.0	374.2	369.2	365.8	363.3	361.1	360.8	359.7	360.0	361.2	361.8
Electronic instruments	441.0	421.3	429.2	428.9	425.0	421.8	419.9	417.4	414.9	413.5	411.4	408.9	408.2	406.7	405.5
Electrical equipment and															
appliances	424.3	376.7	387.7	379.3	376.0	374.4	370.9	369.8	369.0	365.6	363.4	361.8	362.5	364.2	365.6
Transportation equipment	1,608.0	1,353.0	1,408.3	1,376.3	1,338.9	1,313.0	1,341.6	1,331.1	1,328.0	1,326.3	1,318.0	1,316.6	1,343.6	1,332.9	1,335.4
Furniture and related															
products Miscellaneous manufacturing	479.6 628.9	385.7 587.0	403.6 594.5	395.7 593.6	389.1 591.3	382.6 588.4	377.5 584.5	372.8 581.5	368.5 578.2	364.6 575.6	365.8 576.1	363.9 575.6	361.0 575.1	360.6 575.2	358.7 575.1
Nondurable goods	4,943	4,574	4,632	4,613	4,585	4,560	4,542	4,531	4,522	4,507	4,505	4,498	4,494	4,497	4,493
Production workers	3,653	3,341	3,382	3,370	3,344	3,323	3,310	3,306	3,301	3,291	3,292	3,288	3,285	3,287	3,283
Food manufacturing	1,480.9	1,459.0	1,451.1	1,462.6	1,459.5	1,459.9	1,460.3	1,463.3	1,463.6	1,462.0	1,457.4	1,455.6	1,450.6	1,455.2	1,457.8
Beverages and tobacco															
products	198.4	187.7	189.6	188.6	188.2	187.6	186.8	187.2	187.2	187.8	185.3	183.6	182.3	183.4	183.9
Textile mills Textile product mills	151.2 147.2	125.6 126.6	128.6 128.4	127.7 126.4	126.3 126.0	124.6 125.8	122.8 124.9	122.1 124.6	120.9 124.9	119.9 123.6	122.5 122.8	124.2 122.1	121.1 121.6	122.8 122.0	121.8 121.8
Apparel	199.0	169.6	175.5	171.8	171.6	165.6	168.2	166.8	165.2	163.5	164.0	166.0	168.9	168.2	168.0
Leather and allied products	33.1	29.4	30.0	30.2	29.8	29.4	29.0	29.1	28.6	28.1	28.4	28.4	28.5	28.7	28.5
Paper and paper products	444.9	407.4	415.6	412.1	407.5	406.2	403.9	402.7	402.2	399.3	398.5	397.6	397.2	398.0	395.4
Printing and related support															
activities	594.1	523.8 115.3	541.0 115.7	534.6 115.9	529.9 116.1	522.6 115.8	517.9 115.6	513.4 115.4	510.6	506.7	501.4 115.2	501.0 112.3	499.6	499.3 113.2	495.2
Petroleum and coal products Chemicals	117.4 847.1	802.8	813.7	809.3	805.3	801.5	797.3	793.2	115.6 791.3	115.3 790.5	794.7	791.2	113.3 788.7	783.7	113.4 781.5
Plastics and rubber products	729.4	627.4	643.2	633.9	625.2	620.7	615.3	613.5	611.7	610.7	614.8	616.4	622.4	622.2	625.9
SERVICE-PROVIDING	115,456	112,300	112,837	112,586	112,424	112,137	111,919	111,837	111,733	111,640	111,737	111,682	111,726	111,759	111,880
PRIVATE SERVICE-															
PROVIDING	92,947	89,751	90,277	89,905	89,796	89,572	89,403	89,318	89,253	89,122	89,230	89,201	89,247	89,302	89,384
Trade, transportation,															
and utilities	26,293	24,949	25,174	25,052	24,997	24,943	24,845	24,819	24,754	24,670	24,678	24,653	24,666	24,669	24,700
Wholesale trade	5,942.7	5,625.3	5,671.9	5,641.7	5,625.9	5,612.7	5,596.9	5,588.2	5,579.9	5,574.5	5,568.3	5,564.0	5,556.3	5,559.9	5,568.9
Durable goods Nondurable goods	3,052.0 2,047.7	2,827.0 1,980.0	2,868.1 1,986.2	2,845.6 1,981.0	2,831.8 1,979.5	2,819.6 1,977.3	2,808.0 1,975.6	2,799.3 1,972.8	2,792.1 1,969.9	2,787.0 1,968.7	2,775.0 1,975.4	2,766.7 1,974.3	2,761.9 1,975.1	2,763.8 1,972.0	2,763.0 1,978.6
	2,047.7	1,960.0	1,900.2	1,961.0	1,979.5	1,977.3	1,975.0	1,972.0	1,909.9	1,900.7	1,975.4	1,974.3	1,975.1	1,972.0	1,970.0
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	0.40.0	010.4	047.6	0454	0146	045.0	042.2	046.4	017.0	040.0	017.0	000.0	040.2	004.4	007.0
ů .	842.9 15,283.1	818.4 14,527.8	817.6 14,635.2	815.1 14,592.4	814.6 14,570.2	815.8 14,545.8	813.3 14 492 3	816.1 14 477 0	817.9 14,428.7	818.8 14,365.7	817.9 14,374.5	823.0 14,360.0	819.3 14 409 1	824.1 14.417.4	827.3 14,432.3
Retail trade Motor vehicles and parts	.0,200.1	,021.0	.,,500.2	,002.4	,070.2	,0-10.0	, .02.0	, ., .,	, .20.7	,500.7	,57 4.0	,000.0	, .00.1	,	, .02.0
	1,831.2	1,640.0	1,657.8	1,647.2	1.637.6	1,630.7	1.624.9	1,628.0	1,621.2	1,618.6	1,620.4	1,624.0	1,622.5	1,621.0	1.622.5
dealers ¹ Automobile dealers	1,176.7	1,021.8	1,037.6	1,027.0	1,019.4	1,013.1	1,008.9	1,012.6	1,007.3	1,005.7	1,020.4	1,014.0	1,013.6	1,012.8	1,013.5
Furniture and home															
furnishings stores	531.1	450.0	461.6	455.0	449.0	447.1	445.9	441.2	439.6	437.3	438.6	439.0	439.8	441.3	441.9
Electronics and appliance															
stores	540.5	487.1	489.6	488.0	486.8	484.5	482.0	482.4	481.5	475.3	477.2	477.2	481.0	481.8	481.0

See notes at end of table.

12. Continued—Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted [In thousands]

Industry	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
muustry	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Building material and garden															
supply stores Food and beverage stores	1,248.0 2,862.0	1,162.6 2,829.0	1,176.8 2,839.6	1,171.2 2,839.0	1,168.3 2,838.4	1,163.3 2,839.8	1,155.0 2,834.4	1,149.6 2.832.3	1,146.3 2,825.4	1,138.9 2.823.5	1,142.9 2,808.5	1,150.0 2,799.8	1,154.6 2,813.3	1,163.1 2,804.9	1,174.6 2,804.2
-	2,002.0	2,023.0	2,000.0	2,000.0	2,000.4	2,000.0	2,054.4	2,002.0	2,020.4	2,023.3	2,000.5	2,799.0	2,013.3	2,004.3	2,004.2
Health and personal care stores	1,002.8	984.2	987.4	985.8	986.3	986.1	984.6	983.6	977.5	978.8	979.1	978.7	980.9	977.0	976.5
Gasoline stations	842.4	827.0	827.1	827.6	826.1	825.9	826.8	830.3	827.1	827.5	823.5	822.5	820.9	820.1	819.9
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	1,468.0	1,368.9	1,379.6	1,377.9	1,374.0	1,369.7	1,361.1	1,354.4	1,354.3	1,351.8	1,363.1	1,360.9	1,371.6	1,373.0	1,378.3
Sporting goods, hobby,	054.0	040.4				0404	040.4	040.0		500.0	0047				
book, and music stores	651.0 3,025.6	616.4 2,956.1	623.7 2,976.1	622.3 2,968.8	621.0 2,970.9	619.1 2,970.8	619.4 2,956.9	619.6 2,955.2	620.3 2,944.3	596.3 2,930.4	604.7 2,928.1	606.9 2,911.8	608.8 2,927.8	611.9 2,934.5	609.2 2,933.9
Department stores	1,540.5	1,471.2	1,479.1	1,471.0	1,475.5	1,473.3	1,467.8	1,471.7	1,467.7	1,457.0	1,464.3	1,458.7	1,471.0	1,477.1	1,476.5
Miscellaneous store retailers Nonstore retailers	842.5 438.0	784.6 421.8	791.6 424.3	786.7 422.9	788.8 423.0	786.1 422.7	780.3 421.0	780.3 420.1	772.6 418.6	770.6 416.7	773.3 415.1	769.4 419.8	772.6 415.3	772.0 416.8	771.2 419.1
Transportation and	100.0	12110	.20	122.0	120.0		.20	120	110.0			110.0	110.0	110.0	11011
warehousing	4,508.3	4,235.3	4,303.6	4,255.8	4,239.9	4,223.2	4,195.9	4,194.8	4,184.4	4,168.6	4,175.8	4,171.8	4,142.5	4,133.3	4,141.1
Air transportation	490.7 231.0	459.7 219.4	466.8 225.0	458.0 222.6	459.9 219.2	457.8 217.3	457.0 217.0	457.6 217.7	456.8 215.7	457.1 214.1	454.7 213.2	453.8 213.7	454.1 213.2	452.9 213.6	450.9 214.2
Water transportation	67.1	63.7	65.6	64.3	63.6	62.6	61.8	62.5	62.7	62.8	63.0	63.3	62.9	62.3	62.3
Truck transportation	1,389.0	1,265.9	1,293.4	1,274.2	1,267.9	1,260.0	1,254.5	1,251.0	1,249.6	1,240.8	1,243.3	1,231.3	1,232.1	1,229.1	1,229.7
Transit and ground passenger															
transportation Pipeline transportation	423.3 41.7	419.3 41.7	422.1 41.9	416.6 42.0	420.9 41.6	427.8 41.3	418.7 40.9	417.6 41.4	416.2 42.2	416.7 42.3	417.5 41.6	414.6 40.7	414.8 41.0	410.7 40.9	414.2 40.9
	41.7	41.7	41.5	42.0	41.0	41.5	40.5	41.4	42.2	42.5	41.0	40.7	41.0	40.9	40.3
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	28.0	27.8	27.0	27.7	28.3	27.9	28.3	28.0	28.0	27.3	27.7	28.1	27.5	27.5	27.6
Support activities for transportation	592.0	549.0	560.7	556.8	552.1	543.3	538.7	539.8	540.5	537.8	539.0	538.5	538.2	535.5	538.6
Couriers and messengers	573.4	547.1	551.2	548.1	542.8	543.1	539.6	540.6	537.1	538.6	542.7	553.6	523.8	522.8	521.6
Warehousing and storage	672.1	641.6	649.9	645.5	643.6	642.1	639.4	638.6	635.6	631.1	633.1	634.2	634.9	638.0	641.1
Utilities	558.9 2,984	561.1 2,807	563.3 2,861	562.1 2,837	560.9 2,812	561.2 2,797	559.8 2,785	559.3 2,776	560.6 2,777	561.0 2,774	559.8 2,762	557.2 2,748	558.5 2,745	558.0 2,738	557.7 2,726
Publishing industries, except	2,00	2,007	2,00	2,007	2,012	2,. 0.	2,. 00	2,	2,	2,	2,7 02	2,7 10	2,7 10	2,700	2,120
Internet	880.4	796.4	820.4	812.9	801.6	794.5	788.1	781.1	779.8	772.5	770.7	769.3	770.8	763.5	761.4
Motion picture and sound recording industries	371.3	350.4	359.3	355.3	347.3	345.7	345.6	347.6	349.6	353.8	350.6	341.7	341.9	346.1	342.6
Broadcasting, except Internet.	318.7	301.0	307.4	304.8	302.7	300.4	298.2	296.3	296.2	296.0	295.5	294.3	295.2	296.1	296.7
Internet publishing and															
broadcasting	4 040 4	074.0	000.4	979.9	077.0	070.4	000.0	000.0	000.7	007.0	004.4	050.0	054.0	0.40.0	040.0
Telecommunications	1,019.4	974.8	989.4	979.9	977.3	972.4	968.9	966.8	966.7	967.0	961.4	956.9	951.9	946.8	943.0
ISPs, search portals, and data processing	260.3	250.0	250.2	251.0	249.3	249.5	249.3	251.1	250.1	248.8	248.3	250.2	249.7	249.6	247.3
Other information services	133.5	134.5	133.9	133.1	133.4	134.9	134.4	133.0	134.3	135.7	135.4	135.3	135.8	135.7	135.2
Financial activities	8,145	7,758	7,852	7,805	7,773	7,742	7,719	7,695	7,683	7,664	7,666	7,657	7,635	7,620	7,599
Finance and insurance	6,014.9	5,762.7	5,827.9	5,796.1	5,776.3	5,756.8	5,738.1	5,718.9	5,707.5	5,694.8	5,699.6	5,693.7	5,677.0	5,663.7	5,646.6
Monetary authorities— central bank	22.4	21.1	21.5	21.2	21.0	20.9	20.9	21.0	21.1	21.2	21.1	21.1	21.2	21.2	21.2
Credit intermediation and															
related activities ¹ Depository credit	2,732.7	2,597.3	2,625.0	2,608.8	2,600.8	2,592.0	2,587.3	2,578.6	2,571.3	2,565.6	2,573.1	2,570.9	2,565.5	2,565.4	2,560.9
intermediation ¹	1.815.2	1,760.5	1,769.6	1,764.3	1,760.2	1,758.0	1,755.6	1,752.5	1,749.3	1.747.4	1,750.9	1,750.3	1,748.5	1,749.3	1.750.3
Commercial banking	1,357.5	1,318.8	1,326.0	1,321.9	1,319.8	1,316.3	1,315.3	1,311.9	1,309.5	1,308.4	1,311.4	1,310.8	1,310.1	1,310.9	1,311.1
Securities, commodity				040.0				700.0	7000	705.5	705.4	705.0	7000	700 5	700 4
contracts, investments	864.2	809.7	825.7	816.3	811.3	805.4	800.6	798.6	796.3	795.5	795.1	795.9	792.6	789.5	786.4
Insurance carriers and related activities	2,305.2	2,246.7	2,267.3	2,261.5	2,255.1	2,250.1	2,241.9	2,233.4	2,231.9	2,225.4	2,223.7	2,219.6	2,212.1	2,202.8	2,193.6
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	90.5	87.8	88.4	88.3	88.1	88.4	87.4	87.3	86.9	87.1	86.6	86.2	85.6	84.8	84.5
Real estate and rental															
and leasing	2,129.6	1,995.3	2,024.2	2,008.7	1,996.5	1,984.8	1,980.8	1,975.8	1,975.8	1,969.1	1,966.8	1,963.3	1,958.3	1,956.1	1,951.9
Real estate Rental and leasing services	1,485.0 616.9	1,416.7 552.4	1,432.3 565.0	1,422.0 560.0	1,414.0 555.7	1,406.2 552.3	1,404.7 550.1	1,402.8 547.2	1,407.5 542.5	1,403.8 539.4	1,405.6 535.7	1,403.5 534.2	1,399.4 533.7	1,397.7 533.5	1,391.6 535.3
Lessors of nonfinancial	0.0.0	002.1	000.0	000.0	000	002.0	000.1	011.2	0.12.0	000.1	000.7	001.2	000.7	000.0	000.0
intangible assets	27.7	26.3	26.9	26.7	26.8	26.3	26.0	25.8	25.8	25.9	25.5	25.6	25.2	24.9	25.0
Professional and business	47 705	40 500	40.774	40.000	40 505	40.450	40 405	40.074	40.040	40.000	40.400	40.400	40.544	40.554	40 500
Professional and technical	17,735	16,580	16,774	16,636	16,585	16,453	16,405	16,371	16,349	16,360	16,466	16,488	16,511	16,551	16,562
	7,799.4	7,508.5	7,583.7	7,557.8	7,526.0	7,481.6	7,464.9	7,450.6	7,444.6	7,434.1	7,433.3	7,431.5	7,417.7	7,416.1	7,403.6
services ¹ Legal services	1,161.5	1,122.4	1,136.5	1,131.1	1,127.7	1,121.8	1,117.5	1,116.5	1,113.5	1,107.4	1,106.2	1,104.5	1,105.0	1,105.7	1,105.2
Accounting and bookkeeping services	951.0	920.4	925.7	925.0	924.8	918.8	921.0	921.3	916.6	919.4	918.4	915.8	919.0	915.1	908.7
			-												
Architectural and engineering															

12. Continued—Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[In thousands]

Industry	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
industry	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Computer systems design															
and related services	1,439.6	1,426.3	1,423.0	1,425.8	1,419.7	1,417.7	1,423.6	1,421.4	1,425.5	1,429.9	1,431.3	1,428.3	1,433.4	1,438.3	1,432.5
Management and technical consulting services	1,002.0	992.5	991.5	991.6	991.6	988.5	988.0	987.8	987.5	995.1	990.6	993.3	986.3	984.9	986.0
Management of companies and enterprises	1,904.5	1,856.0	1,885.5	1,873.9	1,864.3	1,854.5	1,849.0	1,845.1	1,837.4	1,830.0	1,824.9	1,819.8	1,819.2	1,818.6	1,817.7
Administrative and waste															
services	8,031.5	7,214.9	7,304.4	7,204.0	7,194.2	7,116.5	7,091.3	7,075.6	7,066.6	7,096.2	7,207.3	7,236.4	7,273.6	7,316.5	7,340.8
services ¹	7,674.7	6,864.3	6,955.7	6,854.7	6,844.4	6,767.3	6,741.0	6,725.1 2.381.7	6,714.2	6,744.0	6,856.5	6,888.7	6,927.0	6,969.3	6,992.5
Employment services 1 Temporary help services	3,133.0	2,497.6 1,827.7	2,554.5 1,871.2	2,477.8 1,805.3	2,460.8 1,792.4	2,421.7 1,758.1	2,398.7 1,749.3	1,733.6	2,375.0 1,724.4	2,408.6 1,766.6	2,515.8 1,861.3	2,575.0 1,911.0	2,629.3 1,960.2	2,669.8 1,996.9	2,712.4 2,037.1
Business support services Services to buildings	832.3	816.8	826.4	820.2	815.6	808.7	809.4	809.1	810.8	811.2	813.4	805.3	801.5	795.9	790.4
and dwellings	1,839.8	1,748.5	1,763.9	1,755.6	1,766.8	1,743.3	1,738.6	1,735.0	1,730.4	1,727.1	1,726.8	1,725.9	1,710.9	1,716.4	1,701.5
Waste management and remediation services	. 356.8	350.7	348.7	349.3	349.8	349.2	350.3	350.5	352.4	352.2	350.8	347.7	346.6	347.2	348.3
Educational and health															
Services Educational services	18,838 3,039.7	19,191 3,089.9	19,095 3,084.8	19,099 3,079.0	19,137 3,081.5	19,165 3,091.7	19,186 3,085.8	19,221 3,088.7	19,247 3,080.4	19,282 3,087.7	19,313 3,092.7	19,350 3,107.3	19,370 3,111.5	19,397 3,119.2	19,442 3,127.6
Health care and social assistance	15,798.3	16,100.8	16,010.4	16,019.5	16,055.5	16,073.4	16,100.6	16,132.6	16,166.3	16,194.6	16,220.7	16,242.5	16,258.2	16,277.4	16,314.1
Ambulatory health care	,	,	,	,	,	,		,	,	,	,	,		,	
services ¹	5,646.6	5,777.3	5,731.7	5,741.2	5,757.1	5,769.9	5,779.3	5,789.0	5,804.9	5,813.8	5,830.3	5,847.2	5,855.0	5,862.7	5,878.2
Offices of physicians	2,252.6	2,279.8	2,266.2	2,266.4	2,268.7	2,273.5	2,280.0	2,283.8	2,287.9	2,287.6	2,298.1	2,306.5	2,309.7	2,311.4	2,315.4
Outpatient care centers Home health care services	533.3 961.4	543.0 1,023.9	539.7 1,005.6	540.3 1,012.9	541.2 1,020.1	545.0 1.023.8	543.0 1,025.7	544.2 1,028.1	544.6 1,035.1	548.4 1,040.7	544.4 1.046.1	546.2 1,051.0	544.7 1,050.9	544.8 1,052.2	545.5 1,056.5
Hospitals	4,627.3	4,677.1	4,670.0	4,669.0	4,670.5	4,672.1	4.675.2	4,675.4	4,680.8	4,688.6	4,690.4	4,694.4	4.702.5	4,703.8	4,705.7
Nursing and residential	4,027.0	4,077.1	4,070.0	4,000.0	4,070.0	4,072.1	4,070.2	4,070.4	4,000.0	4,000.0	4,000.4	4,004.4	4,702.0	4,700.0	4,700.7
care facilities 1	3,016.1	3,081.2	3,066.7	3,066.5	3,072.3	3,077.8	3,086.3	3,094.2	3,096.1	3,103.2	3,102.2	3,099.0	3,096.5	3,101.6	3,111.0
Nursing care facilities	1,618.7	1,643.9	1,637.4	1,639.7	1,642.6	1,644.4	1,645.4	1,649.4	1,650.8	1,652.9	1,649.7	1,648.2	1,644.9	1,646.8	1,651.1
Social assistance 1	2,508.4 859.4	2,565.2	2,542.0	2,542.8	2,555.6	2,553.6	2,559.8	2,574.0	2,584.5	2,589.0	2,597.8 859.6	2,601.9	2,604.2	2,609.3	2,619.2 864.1
Child day care services Leisure and hospitality	13,436	857.0 13,102	857.7 13,137	854.9 13,103	860.6 13,126	851.3 13,105	849.4 13,101	855.7 13,083	857.4 13,099	855.0 13,045	13,024	858.9 12,991	859.8 13,003	860.9 13,019	13,041
	13,430	13,102	10,107	13,103	13,120	13,103	13,101	13,003	13,033	13,043	13,024	12,331	13,003	13,013	13,041
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,970.1	1,914.5	1,931.8	1,908.8	1,910.9	1,896.4	1,905.9	1,901.9	1,938.7	1,904.7	1,895.7	1,886.5	1,884.8	1,893.2	1,900.6
Performing arts and spectator sports	405.7	397.2	398.2	394.2	397.7	396.1	401.9	398.6	401.3	400.0	393.2	391.8	390.1	396.4	393.0
Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	131.6	129.9	129.5	129.4	130.1	130.1	129.8	129.9	130.5	130.5	129.1	129.0	128.2	129.5	130.5
Amusements, gambling, and recreation	1,432.8	1,387.4	1,404.1	1,385.2	1,383.1	1,370.2	1,374.2	1,373.4	1,406.9	1,374.2	1,373.4	1,365.7	1,366.5	1,367.3	1,377.1
Accommodations and	11 460 0	11 107 5	11 205 5	11 104 0	11 015 0	11 200 7	11 105 1	11 100 0	11 160 1	11 140 0	11 100 0	11 104 5	11 1177	11 105 0	11.140.3
food services	11,466.3 1,868.7	11,187.5 1,759.7	11,205.5 1,771.4	11,194.2 1,762.1	11,215.0 1,764.3	11,208.7 1,759.0	11,195.4 1,755.4	11,180.9 1,754.0		11,140.3 1,741.3	11,128.2 1,735.0	11,104.5 1,733.1	11,117.7 1,726.1	11,125.8 1,726.6	11,140.3
Food services and drinking	0.505	0.40= -	0.404	0.455	0.450	0.410-	0.4:0-	0.400	0.410 -	0.000	0.000	0.6=4	0.001 -	0.000	0.4:0.5
places Other services	9,597.5	9,427.8	9,434.1	9,432.1	9,450.7	9,449.7	9,440.0 5,362	9,426.9 5,353	9,412.0	9,399.0	9,393.2	9,371.4	9,391.6 5,317	9,399.2	9,413.9
Repair and maintenance	5,515 1,227.0	5,364 1,153.7	5,384 1,162.6	5,373 1,158.7	5,366 1,153.0	5,367 1,150.4	1,149.1	1,148.0	5,344 1,141.2	5,327 1,138.2	5,321 1,141.3	5,314 1,139.8	1,138.5	5,308 1,135.6	5,314 1,138.7
Personal and laundry services	1,322.6	1,282.3	1,290.7	1,283.2	1,277.9	1,282.3	1,280.2	1,278.5		1,269.7	1,270.8	1,269.6	1,268.4	1,271.3	1,270.7
Membership associations and organizations	2,965.7	2,927.6	2,930.8	2,931.1	2,935.3	2,934.5	2,932.2	2,926.6	2,927.8	2,918.8	2,908.7	2,904.4	2,910.5	2,901.2	2,905.0
Government	22,509	22,549		22,681	22,628	22,565	22,516	22,519	22,480	22,518	22,507	22,481	22,479	22,457	22,496
Federal	2,762	2,828	2,797	2,919	2,865	2,810	2,816	2,815	2,818	2,836	2,833	2,824	2,857	2,863	2,911
Federal, except U.S. Postal															:
Service	2,014.4	2,124.2		2,201.9	2,156.0	2,106.3	2,113.9	2,120.4		2,147.4	2,150.4	2,160.1	2,181.4	2,196.3	2,247.6
U.S. Postal Service State	. 747.4 . 5,177	703.2 5,180	719.5 5,183	716.6 5,184	708.8 5,189	703.9 5,177	701.7 5,154	694.4 5,172	690.5 5,173	688.6 5,182	682.8 5,172	663.7 5,178	675.9 5,169	666.9 5,171	663.4 5,166
Education	2,354.4	2,370.5		2,367.9	2,372.8		2,351.5	2,367.4		2,378.5	2,378.0	2,383.7	2,383.2	2,389.4	2,389.0
Other State government	2,822.5	2,809.2	2,817.6	2,816.2	2,816.6	2,810.7	2,802.0	2,804.7	2,807.0	2,803.4	2,793.6	2,794.5	2,785.8	2,781.4	2,777.2
Local	. 14,571	14,542	14,580	14,578	14,574	14,578	14,546	14,532	14,489	14,500	14,502	14,479	14,453	14,423	14,419
Other local government	8,083.9 6,486.5	8,062.1 6.479.8	8,092.4 6.487.3	8,093.9	8,086.9		8,048.9 6.497.5	8,034.0		8,041.0	8,054.1 6,448.0	8,040.0 6,438.9	8,025.1	8,002.8 6.420.5	8,005.3 6,414.0
Other local government	0,400.5	6,479.8	6,487.3	6,484.4	6,486.9	0,403.0	6,497.5	6,497.9	6,476.1	6,459.0	0,440.0	0,430.9	6,427.9	6,420.5	0,414.0

¹ Includes other industries not shown separately.

NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision.

p = preliminary.

13. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
Industry	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
TOTAL PRIVATE	. 33.6	33.1	33.1	33.1	33.1	33.0	33.1	33.1	33.1	33.0	33.2	33.2	33.3	33.1	33.3
GOODS-PRODUCING	40.2	39.2	38.9	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.3	39.4	39.2	39.1	39.7	39.6	40.0	39.4	40.1
Natural resources and mining	. 45.1	43.3	43.4	43.1	43.3	43.2	42.9	43.3	43.1	42.8	43.0	43.4	44.2	43.5	44.1
Construction	38.5	37.6	37.6	37.5	37.6	37.5	37.8	38.0	37.4	36.9	37.8	37.5	37.9	37.0	37.8
Manufacturing	40.8 3.7	39.8 2.9	39.4 2.6	39.6 2.8	39.5 2.8	39.5 2.8	39.9 3.0	40.0 3.0	39.9 3.0	40.0 3.2	40.5 3.4	40.5 3.4	40.9 3.6	40.5 3.5	41.0 3.7
Durable goods	41.1	39.9	39.3	39.6	39.4	39.5	39.9	40.0	40.0	40.1	40.6	40.6	40.9	40.6	41.2
Overtime hours		2.7	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.7
Wood products		37.4	36.9	37.0	37.0	37.5	37.7	37.7	37.8	37.6	38.2	38.2	39.2	38.2	39.2
Nonmetallic mineral products	. 42.1	40.9	39.9	40.4	40.6	40.8	41.5	41.3	40.9	40.8	41.9	40.2	41.4	39.9	41.0
Primary metals	42.2	40.7	40.2	40.1	40.1	39.8	40.2	40.8	40.7	41.0	42.4	42.7	42.9	42.7	42.8
Fabricated metal products	41.3	39.4	39.0	39.3	39.2	39.3	39.4	39.5	39.4	39.5	39.9	40.1	40.5	40.4	41.0
Machinery		40.1	40.1	40.2	39.9	39.8	39.9	39.9	39.7	40.0	40.6	41.0	41.2	41.0	41.6
Computer and electronic products	41.0	40.4	39.9	40.2	40.0	40.0	40.2	40.5	40.4	40.5	41.0	40.8	41.1	41.2	41.3
Electrical equipment and appliances	40.9	39.3	38.8	39.6	39.4	38.8	39.0	39.1	39.3	39.4	40.0	40.5	40.8	39.6	40.5
Transportation equipment	41.9	41.2	40.2	40.8	40.0	40.4	41.9	41.6	41.9	41.9	42.4	42.5	42.5	42.4	43.0
Furniture and related products		37.7	37.7	37.6	37.8	37.8	37.9	37.5	38.0	38.2	37.9	37.8	37.8	37.5	38.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	38.9	38.5	38.2	38.3	38.1	38.0	38.4	38.6	38.6	38.7	39.3	38.9	38.8	38.8	38.7
Nondurable goods		39.8	39.4	39.6	39.6	39.6	39.8	39.9	39.9	40.0	40.3	40.4	40.8	40.3	40.7
Overtime hours		3.2	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.6
Food manufacturing		40.0	40.0	40.1	40.1	39.9	39.7	40.1	39.8	40.0	40.5	40.5	40.9	40.4	40.7
Beverage and tobacco products		35.7	36.0	35.8	36.6	35.3	35.1	35.4	35.8	36.1	34.6	34.7	35.4	35.1	35.6
Textile mills		37.7	36.4	36.9	36.8	37.9	37.8	37.9	38.0	38.8	40.1	39.4	40.5	40.0	41.4
Textile product mills		37.9 36.0	37.3 36.0	37.6 36.0	38.3 36.1	37.9 35.7	38.3 36.2	38.1 35.6	38.3 36.0	38.3 36.0	37.6 36.3	38.9 36.2	39.8	39.3 36.0	39.6 36.4
Apparel									33.7				36.7		
Leather and allied products Paper and paper products	. 37.6 42.9	33.6 41.8	32.9 41.1	32.5 41.5	31.9 41.2	32.0 41.9	33.6 42.2	33.8 42.0	42.3	35.0 42.2	35.6 42.4	36.2 42.1	38.3 42.9	37.9 42.1	38.2 42.6
Printing and related support															
activities	38.3	38.0	37.6	37.7	37.6	38.1	38.4	38.7	38.3	38.2	38.3	38.2	38.2	38.0	38.0
Petroleum and coal products	. 44.6	43.4	44.2	43.7	43.4	43.3	43.1	44.1	43.3	42.2	41.7	42.7	42.4	42.0	43.2
Chemicals	41.5	41.4	41.0	41.0	41.1	41.2	41.5	41.5	41.4	41.7	42.1	42.7	42.8	41.8	42.2
Plastics and rubber products	41.0	40.2	39.5	39.9	39.8	39.8	40.5	40.3	40.6	40.7	41.0	41.4	41.5	41.3	42.0
PRIVATE SERVICE-															
PROVIDING	32.3	32.1	32.0	32.0	32.0	31.9	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.1	32.1	32.2	32.1	32.2
Trade, transportation, and															
utilities	. 33.2	32.9	32.7	32.8	32.9	32.8	32.9	32.8	32.8	32.9	33.0	32.9	33.1	33.0	33.1
Wholesale trade	38.2	37.6	37.7	37.7	37.6	37.6	37.4	37.5	37.4	37.4	37.6	37.6	37.7	37.6	37.7
Retail trade	30.0	29.9	29.7	29.8	29.9	29.8	29.9	29.8	29.8	29.9	30.0	30.0	30.1	30.0	30.2
Transportation and warehousing	36.4	36.0	35.7	35.9	35.9	35.8	36.2	36.1	36.4	36.3	36.4	36.2	36.4	36.3	36.6
Utilities	42.7	42.1	42.4	42.3	42.1	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.5	41.7	41.6	41.4	41.4	41.5	41.6
Information	36.7	36.6	36.7	36.5	36.6	36.5	36.5	36.5	36.4	36.4	36.7	36.5	36.6	36.5	36.4
Financial activities	35.8	36.1	36.1	36.0	36.0	35.9	35.9	36.1	36.0	36.0	36.1	35.9	36.1	36.0	36.1
Professional and business															
services	34.8	34.7	34.6	34.7	34.7	34.6	34.6	34.7	34.7	34.6	34.8	34.8	34.9	34.7	34.9
Education and health services	32.5	32.3	32.3	32.3	32.3	32.2	32.2	32.2	32.2	32.2	32.2	32.3	32.3	32.2	32.1
Leisure and hospitality	25.2	24.8	24.8	24.8	24.8	24.7	24.7	24.7	24.8	24.6	24.9	24.8	24.8	24.8	25.0
Other services	30.8	30.5	30.5	30.5	30.5	30.4	30.4	30.5	30.5	30.5	30.5	30.5	30.7	30.6	30.7

Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries.

NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision.
p = preliminary.

14. Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

Industria.	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
Industry	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
TOTAL PRIVATE															
Current dollars	\$18.08	\$18.62	\$18.52	\$18.53	\$18.55	\$18.57	\$18.62	\$18.69	\$18.71	\$18.78	\$18.80	\$18.85	\$18.90	\$18.92	\$18.90
Constant (1982) dollars	8.57	8.88	8.93	8.93	8.93	8.86	8.87	8.86	8.85	8.86	8.85	8.85	8.85	8.86	8.84
GOODS-PRODUCING	. 19.33	19.90	19.85	19.83	19.85	19.86	19.92	19.95	19.92	20.04	20.02	20.04	20.10	20.14	20.14
Natural resources and mining	. 22.50	23.29	23.27	23.34	23.33	23.33	23.31	23.27	23.29	23.45	23.28	23.47	23.29	23.63	23.51
Construction	21.87	22.67	22.61	22.58	22.63	22.62	22.69	22.70	22.54	22.91	22.89	22.95	23.08	23.17	23.18
Manufacturing	17.75	18.23	18.14	18.15	18.15	18.17	18.26	18.31	18.39	18.41	18.38	18.38	18.42	18.46	18.45
Excluding overtime	16.97	17.58	17.56	17.53	17.53	17.55	17.60	17.65	17.72	17.70	17.64	17.64	17.64	17.70	17.65
Durable goods	. 18.70	19.35	19.22	19.24	19.27	19.27	19.40	19.45	19.53	19.55	19.55	19.57	19.63	19.69	19.66
Nondurable goods	. 16.15	16.56	16.47	16.49	16.47	16.55	16.56	16.63	16.70	16.72	16.66	16.64	16.64	16.63	16.64
PRIVATE SERVICE-PRIVATE SERVICE-															
PROVIDING	. 17.77	18.35	18.22	18.25	18.27	18.29	18.34	18.42	18.46	18.51	18.54	18.60	18.64	18.67	18.64
Trade,transportation, and															
utilities	16.16	16.50	16.40	16.42	16.45	16.41	16.44	16.54	16.56	16.59	16.65	16.73	16.78	16.79	16.79
Wholesale trade	. 20.13	20.85	20.57	20.70	20.86	20.78	20.86	20.98	21.03	21.08	21.16	21.35	21.49	21.47	21.46
Retail trade	12.87	13.02	12.95	12.95	12.96	12.96	12.96	13.04	13.07	13.05	13.12	13.16	13.18	13.21	13.21
Transportation and warehousing	18.41	18.80	18.82	18.77	18.77	18.67	18.75	18.82	18.77	18.91	18.94	19.00	19.14	19.10	19.15
Utilities	. 28.83	29.56	29.25	29.31	29.42	29.38	29.45	29.71	29.64	29.69	29.92	29.91	29.79	29.88	29.94
Information	24.78	25.45	25.33	25.30	25.45	25.48	25.48	25.67	25.54	25.69	25.68	25.64	25.58	25.62	25.62
Financial activities	20.28	20.83	20.66	20.66	20.79	20.83	20.79	20.90	20.94	21.03	21.07	21.11	21.37	21.25	21.37
Professional and business															
services	21.18	22.35	22.21	22.24	22.23	22.30	22.39	22.45	22.53	22.52	22.50	22.58	22.62	22.70	22.66
Education and health															
services	18.87	19.49	19.28	19.39	19.40	19.45	19.51	19.55	19.61	19.70	19.73	19.76	19.76	19.82	19.75
Leisure and hospitality	10.84	11.11	11.00	11.01	11.01	11.07	11.12	11.16	11.24	11.23	11.28	11.27	11.28	11.30	11.30
Other services	16.09	16.59	16.43	16.45	16.50	16.51	16.57	16.65	16.71	16.78	16.81	16.85	16.85	16.89	16.83

¹ Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries.

NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision. p = preliminary.

15. Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry

15. Average nourly earnings of p	Annual			701 1100	.,	11010		09	··········	payro	,,	maao		2010	
Industry	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
				-					-						
TOTAL PRIVATE		\$18.62	\$18.60	\$18.55	\$18.50	\$18.45	\$18.51	\$18.63	\$18.73	\$18.76	\$18.88	\$18.85	\$18.98	\$18.99	\$18.91
Seasonally adjusted	. –	_	18.52	18.53	18.55	18.57	18.62	18.69	18.71	18.78	18.80	18.85	18.90	18.92	18.90
GOODS-PRODUCING	19.33	19.90	19.75	19.79	19.84	19.84	19.98	20.01	20.04	20.08	20.06	20.08	20.02	19.99	20.02
Natural resources and mining	22.50	23.29	23.45	23.45	23.15	22.99	23.15	23.13	23.26	23.29	23.27	23.73	23.43	23.69	23.65
Construction	. 21.87	22.67	22.49	22.48	22.59	22.52	22.74	22.79	22.74	23.07	22.94	23.03	23.00	23.03	23.06
Manufacturing	17.75	18.23	18.12	18.16	18.12	18.15	18.21	18.26	18.43	18.33	18.39	18.46	18.47	18.46	18.42
Durable goods	18.70	19.35	19.21	19.24	19.24	19.25	19.36	19.43	19.60	19.51	19.56	19.67	19.64	19.70	19.64
Wood products	. 14.19	14.93	14.65	14.70	14.89	14.83	15.02	15.09	15.08	15.09	15.18	15.16	14.97	14.79	14.73
Nonmetallic mineral products	. 16.90	17.28	17.18	17.36	17.24	17.38	17.42	17.43	17.46	17.34	17.45	17.25	17.28	17.20	17.33
Primary metals	. 20.19	20.08	19.72	20.01	19.83	19.94	20.23	20.28	20.57	20.42	20.29	20.19	20.06	20.09	20.10
Fabricated metal products	. 16.99	17.49	17.30	17.42	17.40	17.45	17.48	17.52	17.65	17.61	17.66	17.87	17.79	17.85	17.87
Machinery	. 17.97	18.38	18.25	18.20	18.35	18.24	18.36	18.36	18.62	18.55	18.70	18.76	18.81	18.76	18.63
Computer and electronic products	. 21.04	21.88	21.73	21.74	21.71	21.67	21.86	22.08	22.00	22.05	22.40	22.42	22.52	22.88	22.40
Electrical equipment and appliances	15.78	16.27	15.95	15.99	16.15	16.23	16.39	16.58	16.61	16.48	16.55	16.65	16.76	16.62	16.61
Transportation equipment	. 23.85	24.93	24.89	24.85	24.94	25.05	25.10	24.92	25.18	24.98	24.82	24.96	24.89	24.86	25.00
Furniture and related products	. 14.54	15.04	15.00	14.97	15.00	15.09	15.20	15.12	15.28	14.98	14.98	15.05	15.04	14.99	14.89
Miscellaneous manufacturing	15.20	16.13	16.04	16.09	16.21	16.10	16.21	16.20	16.21	16.23	16.27	16.30	16.22	16.35	16.52
Nondurable goods	. 16.15	16.56	16.44	16.52	16.45	16.52	16.52	16.54	16.74	16.60	16.67	16.67	16.72	16.63	16.58
Food manufacturing	. 14.01	14.40	14.25	14.29	14.27	14.35	14.35	14.44	14.66	14.51	14.49	14.46	14.41	14.30	14.24
Beverages and tobacco products		20.49	20.40	20.25	20.38	20.20	20.15	20.27	20.29	20.60	21.34	21.71	22.12	21.99	22.16
Textile mills	. 13.58	13.71	13.88	13.79	13.64	13.63	13.50	13.78	13.77	13.62	13.62	13.64	13.50	13.56	13.50
Textile product mills		11.44	11.34	11.34	11.35	11.56	11.18	11.34	11.29	11.41	11.61	11.72	11.95	11.65	11.57
Apparel		11.37	11.25	11.44	11.28	11.38	11.38	11.30	11.53	11.15	11.35	11.72	11.28	11.36	11.38
Leather and allied products		13.90	14.21	14.34	13.85	14.06	13.69	13.59	13.46	13.83	13.93	13.49	13.56	13.37	13.18
Paper and paper products		19.28	18.93	19.32	19.12	19.32	19.48	19.12	19.53	19.21	19.43	19.55	19.60	19.56	19.50
Printing and related support activities		16.75	16.69	16.76	16.61	16.56	16.54	16.76	16.87	16.79	16.88	16.93	17.01	17.06	16.97
Petroleum and coal products		29.63	29.62	29.06	28.99	29.23	29.48	29.41	29.72	30.35	30.61	30.81	31.49	31.30	31.64
·		29.03	19.96	20.05	20.19	29.23		20.41	20.61	20.60		20.68	20.62		20.50
Chemicals Plastics and rubber products	15.85	16.01	16.20	16.19	16.09	16.05	20.38 15.82	15.90	16.05	15.78	20.61 15.83	15.72	15.90	20.57 15.69	15.65
PRIVATE SERVICE-															
PROVIDING	17.77	18.35	18.35	18.28	18.21	18.14	18.19	18.32	18.44	18.48	18.63	18.59	18.76	18.78	18.68
Trade, transportation, and															
utilities		16.50	16.48	16.45	16.42	16.37	16.42	16.58	16.62	16.59	16.63	16.57	16.83	16.86	16.80
Wholesale trade	. 20.13	20.85	20.62	20.67	20.75	20.64	20.81	21.00	21.01	21.05	21.25	21.40	21.55	21.52	21.36
Retail trade	. 12.87	13.02	13.00	12.99	12.97	12.94	12.97	13.10	13.20	13.05	13.05	12.99	13.20	13.24	13.22
Transportation and warehousing	. 18.41	18.80	18.79	18.73	18.69	18.69	18.80	18.89	18.77	18.89	18.97	18.98	19.14	19.15	19.13
Utilities	. 28.83	29.56	29.38	29.45	29.45	29.23	29.29	29.47	29.71	29.79	29.97	30.09	29.80	29.90	30.06
Information	24.78	25.45	25.43	25.29	25.45	25.31	25.35	25.73	25.65	25.77	25.76	25.50	25.60	25.57	25.48
Financial activities	. 20.28	20.83	20.72	20.69	20.76	20.71	20.69	20.92	20.94	21.01	21.19	21.08	21.35	21.25	21.37
Professional and business															
services	21.18	22.35	22.48	22.25	22.11	22.08	22.22	22.37	22.40	22.33	22.69	22.63	22.76	22.90	22.69
Education and health															
services	. 18.87	19.49	19.31	19.41	19.37	19.39	19.54	19.49	19.65	19.67	19.72	19.79	19.83	19.82	19.75
Leisure and hospitality	. 10.84	11.11	11.02	11.01	11.00	10.99	10.98	11.04	11.23	11.24	11.34	11.41	11.34	11.39	11.31
Other services	. 16.09	16.59	16.61	16.55	16.57	16.45	16.45	16.59	16.72	16.73	16.80	16.85	16.86	16.90	16.92

¹ Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries.

16. Average weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry

Industry	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
maddi y	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
TOTAL PRIVATESeasonally adjusted	\$607.95 -	\$617.11 -	\$615.66 613.01	\$608.44 613.34	\$610.50 614.01	\$610.70 612.81	\$614.53 616.32	\$625.97 618.64	\$618.09 619.30	\$620.96 619.74	\$632.48 624.16	\$623.94 625.82	\$626.34 629.37	\$622.87 626.25	\$625.9 629.3
GOODS-PRODUCING	776.66	779.83	764.33	759.94	773.76	781.70	789.21	798.40	781.56	791.15	800.39	799.18	794.79	775.61	798.8
Natural resources and mining	4044.00	4007.05	4000.04	000.07	000.44	4000.00	000.00	4000.00	4000.54	4002.00	4044.57	1007.51	1000.00	1010 20	4000.0
	1014.69	1007.85	1006.01	998.97	993.14	1002.36	990.82	1020.03	1002.51	1003.80	1014.57	1027.51	1026.23	1016.30	1038.2
CONSTRUCTION Manufacturing	842.61 724.46	852.45 725.87	836.63 710.30	831.76 706.42	858.42 712.12	860.26 720.56	882.31 721.12	888.81 734.05	832.28 737.20	860.51 740.53	871.72 750.31	849.81 758.71	855.60 749.88	822.17 738.40	862.4 753.3
Durable goods	767.95 547.53	771.03 559.05	753.03 530.33	748.44 533.61	756.13 552.42	764.23 572.44	766.66 576.77	781.09 582.47	784.00 574.55	790.16 573.42	800.00 581.39	812.37 580.63	799.35 571.85	791.94 550.19	807.2 570.0
Wood products Nonmetallic mineral products	711.11	706.16	673.46	696.14	699.94	721.27	742.09	744.26	735.07	721.34	741.63	686.55	691.20	650.19	700.
Primary metals	851.29	816.93	794.72	784.39	789.23	797.60	803.13	833.51	835.14	843.35	868.41	878.27	862.58	851.82	864.
Fabricated metal products	701.57	689.35	671.24	668.93	678.60	685.79	683.47	695.54	691.88	704.40	709.93	727.31	716.94	715.79	730.
Machinery	759.94	737.88	730.00	720.72	726.66	724.13	723.38	727.06	731.77	749.42	766.70	782.29	776.85	769.16	776.
Computer and electronic										-					
·	861.58	883.07	864.85	860.90	864.06	873.30	870.03	889.82	886.60	897.44	931.84	932.67	921.07	940.37	925.
products	001.00	003.07	004.00	000.90	004.00	075.50	070.03	009.02	000.00	051.44	931.04	932.07	921.07	540.57	925.
Electrical equipment and															
appliances	645.60	639.50	615.67	615.62	633.08	631.35	631.02	646.62	652.77	657.55	668.62	695.97	685.48	646.52	671.
Transportation equipment	1000.67	1026.61	995.60	991.52	995.11	1019.54	1024.08	1046.64	1062.60	1059.15	1054.85	1085.76	1055.34	1049.09	1072.
Furniture and related															
products	553.93	566.48	562.50	550.90	565.50	576.44	579.12	576.07	571.47	570.74	564.75	577.92	559.49	550.13	576.
Miscellaneous															
manufacturing	591.95	620.78	614.33	611.42	615.98	613.41	619.22	635.04	624.09	628.10	642.67	640.59	629.34	626.21	639.
*	652.22	658.36	644.45	640.98	648.13	657.50	655.84	661.60	669.60	668.98	676.80	681.80	677.16	661.87	671.
Nondurable goods	566.91	575.89	562.88	555.88	570.80	574.00	569.70	581.93	587.87	587.66	592.64	592.86	585.05	569.14	573.
Food manufacturing	300.91	313.08	302.00	333.00	370.00	374.00	309.70	301.93	307.07	307.00	392.04	392.00	303.03	309.14	575.
Beverages and tobacco															
products	750.25	731.37	730.32	706.73	754.06	719.12	705.25	725.67	734.50	741.60	744.77	744.65	774.20	763.05	786
Textile mills	525.00	517.15	502.46	496.44	497.86	520.67	507.60	525.02	521.88	533.90	555.70	541.51	544.05	535.62	558.
Textile product mills	453.10	433.13	420.71	417.31	432.44	448.53	429.31	435.46	434.67	433.58	436.54	461.77	467.25	455.52	459
Apparel	415.14	408.92	407.25	409.55	408.34	407.40	414.23	403.41	405.86	403.63	416.55	420.42	410.59	403.28	417.
Leather and allied products	486.58	466.73	470.35	457.45	445.97	451.33	451.77	462.06	438.80	495.11	497.30	499.13	517.99	504.05	508
Paper and paper products	809.57	805.86	770.45	794.05	782.01	807.58	818.16	801.13	835.88	814.50	831.60	836.74	836.92	813.70	822
Printing and related															
support activities	642.50	635.72	627.54	625.15	617.89	625.97	628.52	646.94	649.50	649.77	653.26	656.88	644.68	638.04	644
Petroleum and coal															
products	1222.07	1285.64	1282.55	1249.58	1246.57	1280.27	1300.07	1299.92	1289.85	1302.02	1291.74	1303.26	1332.03	1302.08	1347.
Chemicals	809.29	841.33	816.36	818.04	821.73	836.69	845.77	847.02	857.38	859.02	873.86	889.24	880.47	859.83	863.
Plastics and rubber															
products	648.98	643.81	636.66	633.03	635.56	643.61	632.80	643.95	653.24	646.98	653.78	660.24	658.26	641.72	655.
F															
PRIVATE SERVICE-															
PROVIDING	574.35	588.07	589.04	581.30	580.90	578.67	583.90	595.40	588.24	589.51	603.61	594.88	596.57	597.20	597.
Trade, transportation,															
and utilities	536.06	542.36	538.90	536.27	538.58	536.94	543.50	552.11	548.46	545.81	550.45	546.81	548.66	547.95	552.
Wholesale trade	769.62	784.75	781.50	775.13	778.13	776.06	776.21	795.90	779.47	787.27	809.63	802.50	805.97	802.70	801.
Retail trade	386.21	388.72	383.50	384.50	387.80	386.91	392.99	396.93	397.32	390.20	390.20	392.30	389.40	390.58	395
Transportation and															
•	670.37	677.44	670.80	661.17	665.36	667.23	682.44	695.15	685.11	685.71	698.10	690.87	689.04	681.74	696.
warehousing	1230.69	1243.76	1239.84	1248.68	1239.85	1224.74	1221.39	1234.79	1238.91	1245.22	1258.74	1245.73	1224.78	1246.83	1244
Utilities	1230.09	1243.70	1239.04	1240.00	1239.00	1224.74	1221.39	1234.79	1230.91	1245.22	1230.74	1245.73	1224.70	1240.03	1244.
Information	908.99	931.93	938.37	915.50	918.75	916.22	925.28	952.01	936.23	938.03	958.27	930.75	931.84	928.19	919.
Financial activities	727.07	751.21	756.28	740.70	741.13	739.35	738.63	767.76	747.56	750.06	777.67	754.66	766.47	760.75	765.
			. 50.20			. 20.00	. 20.00			. 20.00		. 500		. 500	, 55.
Professional and	70		70:	70- 15	70- 0	700 15	700	700.00	7000-	77.05	000 0-	7000	70-0-	70	
business services	737.70	775.81	784.55	765.40	765.01	766.18	766.59	789.66	768.32	774.85	800.96	783.00	785.22	787.76	787.
Education and															
health services	613.73	628.56	625.64	623.06	621.78	622.42	631.14	631.48	632.73	631.41	640.90	637.24	638.53	634.24	632.
Leisure and hospitality	273.39	275.80	273.30	270.85	272.80	274.75	277.79	283.73	277.38	275.38	282.37	278.40	272.16	277.92	279.
Other services	495.57	506.28	506.61	503.12	503.73	500.08	501.73	512.63	508.29	510.27	515.76	512.24	514.23	513.76	517.
Outel 3ci Aires	+30.0/	500.28	300.01	505.12	505.13	500.08	501.73	012.03	500.29	010.27	010.70	012.24	014.23	013.70	317.

construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the serviceproviding industries.

p = preliminary.

17. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

[In percent]

Timespan and year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
		l		Priva	te nonfa	arm pay	rolls, 2	78 indu	stries			l
Over 1-month span:						1	,					
2006	65.1	66.9	66.0	61.0	49.6	53.0	56.5	54.3	52.0	52.4	55.8	58.2
2007		59.1	55.4	51.5	56.7	49.1	49.1	43.1	52.4	52.2	53.7	50.6
2008		48.9	51.1	44.1	38.8	33.3	35.1	32.3	27.3	30.7	22.3	18.2
2009	19.7	17.1	16.5	20.6	27.3	23.0	26.4	32.9	32.9	31.0	46.8	39.6
2010	48.9	57.4	57.8	20.0	27.0	20.0	20.4	02.0	02.0	01.0	40.0	00.0
2010	. 40.0	07.4	07.0									
Over 3-month span:												
2006	67.7	67.8	69.0	69.5	62.5	60.6	55.0	57.4	52.6	49.3	54.8	58.0
2007	. 60.2	59.7	62.8	58.7	57.1	52.2	53.7	45.5	49.6	49.1	53.5	54.6
2008	. 56.3	48.1	48.5	46.3	39.6	33.1	31.6	29.0	27.1	26.8	20.8	18.8
2009	. 17.7	12.3	12.6	10.8	14.9	20.8	21.6	21.7	28.4	27.3	33.8	36.1
2010	. 42.4	40.9	55.6									
Over 6-month span:												
Over 6-month span: 2006	64.1	65.1	66.7	67.3	66.9	69.1	62.5	60.8	58.2	57.2	58.2	55.2
2007		57.1	62.5	61.9	59.5	59.1	56.7	54.8	56.3	51.5	53.5	51.3
2008		50.6	51.7	49.6	43.9	39.2	36.1	31.6	28.1	26.4	23.0	21.4
2009		13.2	12.1	11.9	12.5	13.4	13.2	15.8	20.1	20.4	21.0	24.7
2010	31.6	31.8	40.3	11.5	12.5	13.4	13.2	13.0	20.4	20.4	21.0	24.1
2010	01.0	01.0	40.0									
Over 12-month span:												
2006	67.7	66.0	66.4	63.4	65.6	67.3	64.9	64.5	66.7	65.8	65.1	66.0
2007	. 63.4	59.5	61.2	59.7	59.3	58.4	57.2	57.4	59.9	59.3	58.6	60.0
2008	. 54.8	56.5	53.0	47.4	48.1	44.2	41.1	39.8	36.4	33.1	29.0	26.8
2009	. 24.9	17.7	15.4	15.1	15.1	13.8	12.6	11.5	14.1	13.0	13.4	13.0
2010	. 14.5	16.5	23.0									
				Man	fo.ob		ralla O	1 indus	trico			
Over 1-month span:				iviai	lulactul	ing pay	TOIIS, 6	4 indus	tries			
2006	59.1	56.1	55.5	50.0	39.6	51.8	48.8	40.9	34.1	39.0	36.0	41.5
2007		45.7	31.7	28.7	42.7	36.0	40.2	22.6	32.3	37.2	51.8	42.1
2008		39.6	45.1	37.2	42.7	23.2	21.3	21.3	16.5	20.1	12.8	4.9
2009		10.4	9.1	16.5	11.0	11.0	19.5	26.2	20.1	18.9	45.7	41.5
2010	42.7	67.1	56.7									
Over 3-month span:												
2006	54.9	58.5	54.9	54.3	48.8	53.7	43.9	41.5	33.5	28.0	29.3	27.4
2007	. 39.6	40.2	45.7	32.3	31.7	34.1	31.7	25.0	24.4	25.0	32.9	39.0
2008	. 48.2	36.6	35.4	38.4	39.6	30.5	20.1	9.8	14.0	17.1	13.4	6.1
2009	. 4.9	2.4	2.4	7.3	8.5	11.0	7.3	10.4	17.7	17.7	21.3	29.9
2010	. 37.2	42.7	51.2									
Over 6-month span:												
2006	43.3	47.6	48.2	51.2	53.0	52.4	47.0	48.8	43.9	39.6	34.1	29.9
2007		31.7	32.3	32.9	35.4	39.0	34.1	27.4	28.7	24.4	30.5	25.6
2008		29.9	42.1	38.4	38.4	31.7	26.2	20.1	13.4	12.2	13.4	12.2
		4.9	2.4	6.1	2.4	6.1	7.3	6.1	7.3	8.5	8.5	15.2
ZUU9		26.2	31.7	0.1	2.4	0.1	7.5	0.1	7.5	0.5	0.5	10.2
2009												
2010 Over 12-month span:												
2010 Over 12-month span: 2006	44.5	41.5	41.5	40.2	40.2	45.7	42.7	43.3	47.6	48.8	46.3	43.9
2010 Over 12-month span: 2006	44.5 . 40.2	37.2	37.8	31.1	29.3	29.9	31.1	29.3	33.5	29.3	34.8	36.0
2010	44.5 . 40.2 . 28.0	37.2 29.3	37.8 26.2	31.1 25.6	29.3 31.1	29.9 26.8	31.1 23.2	29.3 19.5	33.5 24.4	29.3 20.1	34.8 16.5	36.0 14.6
2010 Over 12-month span: 2006	44.5 . 40.2	37.2	37.8	31.1	29.3	29.9	31.1	29.3	33.5	29.3	34.8	36.0

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.

See the "Definitions" in this section. See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision.

Data for the two most recent months are preliminary.

18. Job openings levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region		20	09			2010			20	09			2010	
	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar. ^p	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan	Feb.	Mar. ^p
Total ²	2,624	2,546	2,456	2,531	2,854	2,647	2,694	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.2	2.0	2.0
Industry														
Total private ²	2,333	2,164	2,113	2,130	2,471	2,266	2,286	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.1
Construction	73	65	71	67	62	65	77	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.4
Manufacturing	139	141	155	171	154	167	176	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	415	363	334	378	395	453	473	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.9
Professional and business services	446	436	425	404	424	409	420	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5
Education and health services	573	529	537	545	624	502	510	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.7	3.1	2.5	2.6
Leisure and hospitality	305	268	236	227	268	285	262	2.3	2.0	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.1	2.0
Government	292	382	343	401	383	381	408	1.3	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8
Region ³														
Northeast	532	532	482	547	585	542	536	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.1
South	952	915	859	943	986	916	942	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.0
Midwest	565	566	553	495	613	566	566	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.9
West	566	605	586	603	648	682	680	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

West Virginia; Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming. NOTE: The job openings level is the number of job openings on the last business day of the month; the job openings rate is the number of job openings on the last business day of the month as a percent of total employment plus job openings.

19. Hires levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region		20	09			2010			20	09			2010	
	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar. ^p	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan	Feb.	Mar. ^p
Total ²	4,091	4,001	4,160	3,997	4,087	4,011	4,242	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.3
Industry														
Total private ²	3,833	3,689	3,878	3,715	3,790	3,710	3,887	3.6	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6
Construction	349	325	329	335	312	306	398	6.0	5.7	5.7	5.9	5.6	5.5	7.1
Manufacturing	271	243	259	244	289	267	279	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.5	2.3	2.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	854	772	847	849	822	821	901	3.4	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.6
Professional and business services	698	709	808	652	729	767	742	4.3	4.3	4.9	4.0	4.4	4.6	4.5
Education and health services	532	522	512	496	487	470	473	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.4
Leisure and hospitality	693	663	693	657	715	652	671	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.1	5.5	5.0	5.1
Government	258	312	282	282	297	301	355	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.6
Region ³														
Northeast	731	805	758	746	836	733	837	3.0	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.4
South	1,518	1,420	1,555	1,463	1,449	1,381	1,596	3.2	3.0	3.3	3.1	3.1	2.9	3.4
Midwest	926	949	896	900	936	965	1,030	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.5
West	954	933	970	879	922	861	958	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.3

¹ Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

NOTE: The hires level is the number of hires during the entire month; the hires rate is the number of hires during the entire month as a percent of total employment. p = preliminary.

Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other

includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other services, not shown separately.

Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia,

P = preliminary.

adjustment of the various series. $^2\,$ Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other services, not shown separately.

³ Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New

York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia;

20. Total separations levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region		20	09			2010			20	09			2010	
	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar. ^p	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan	Feb.	Mar. ^p
Total ²	4,274	4,171	4,130	4,195	4,155	3,969	4,016	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1
Industry														
Total private ²	3,990	3,901	3,846	3,884	3,858	3,663	3,698	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.4
Construction	415	381	347	382	405	362	376	7.1	6.6	6.1	6.7	7.2	6.5	6.7
Manufacturing	313	293	285	273	276	260	251	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	916	844	853	901	856	806	873	3.7	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.5
Professional and business services	705	717	706	649	698	716	708	4.3	4.4	4.3	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.3
Education and health services	503	473	486	486	457	440	424	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2
Leisure and hospitality	677	707	716	688	709	621	639	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.5	4.8	4.9
Government	284	269	284	311	296	306	318	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4
Region ³														
Northeast	744	727	728	817	789	730	804	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.0	3.3
South	1,598	1,544	1,531	1,499	1,561	1,459	1,426	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.0
Midwest	948	920	752	1,016	988	858	894	3.2	3.1	2.6	3.5	3.4	2.9	3.0
West	1,037	939	894	1,061	1,034	954	890	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.7	3.6	3.3	3.1

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; **West:** Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

NOTE: The total separations level is the number of total separations during the entire month; the total separations rate is the number of total separations during the entire month as a percent of total employment.

21. Quits levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels1	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region		20	09			2010			20	09			2010	
	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar. ^p	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan	Feb.	Mar. ^p
Total ²	1,716	1,723	1,837	1,753	1,772	1,851	1,868	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Industry														
Total private ²	1,616	1,620	1,731	1,639	1,661	1,719	1,749	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6
Construction	77	62	92	76	99	84	90	1.3	1.1	1.6	1.3	1.8	1.5	1.6
Manufacturing	90	80	75	75	85	97	89	.8	.7	.6	.7	.7	.8	.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities	387	382	413	392	368	432	414	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.7
Professional and business services	265	277	264	248	259	300	301	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8
Education and health services	270	267	262	271	248	237	227	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2
Leisure and hospitality	345	356	397	375	401	393	403	2.6	2.7	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.1
Government	100	102	106	114	112	132	118	.4	.5	.5	.5	.5	.6	.5
Region ³														
Northeast	245	300	276	280	268	320	323	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3
South	659	677	757	722	736	755	752	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6
Midwest	359	382	377	391	380	421	434	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5
West	371	388	446	382	362	434	390	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.4

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

NOTE: The quits level is the number of quits during the entire month; the quits rate is the number of quits during the entire month as a percent of total employment.

Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other services, not shown separately.

³ Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; **South:** Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia;

p= preliminary

Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other

services, not shown separately.

3 Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia;

p = preliminary.

22. Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages: 10 largest counties, first quarter 2009.

	Establishments,	Emp	loyment	Average weekly wage ¹		
County by NAICS supersector	first quarter 2009 (thousands)	March 2009 (thousands)	Percent change, March 2008-09 ²	First quarter 2009	Percent change first quarter 2008-09 ²	
United States ³	9,113.9	128.992.2	-4.2	\$882	-2.5	
Private industry		106,866.1	-5.1	882	-3.3	
Natural resources and mining		1,670.1	-3.8	993	-2.3	
Construction	860.9	5,937.8	-15.4	906	.9	
Manufacturing	356.4	12,096.6	-10.6	1,062	-1.3	
Trade, transportation, and utilities		24,597.3	-5.5	733	-1.6	
Information		2,858.8	-5.0	1,439	-2.0	
Financial activities		7,651.3	-4.4	1,596	-15.9	
Professional and business services		16,534.8	-6.4	1,129	2	
Education and health services		18,245.7	2.2	776	1.2	
Leisure and hospitality		12,715.3	-3.1 -2.1	351 543	-2.2 5	
Other services		4,357.1 22,126.1	.5	884	1.6	
os Angeles, CA	431.2	3,996.3	-4.9	967	-2.4	
Private industry		3,395.0	-5.7	945	-3.0	
Natural resources and mining	.5	10.7	-6.2	1,479	-15.8	
Construction	14.0	123.3	-17.4	973	.3	
Manufacturing		401.4	-9.3	1,063	-1.8	
Trade, transportation, and utilities		744.8	-7.2	776	-1.5	
Information		197.3	-7.3	1,755	1.8	
Financial activities		223.4	-6.8	1,577	-12.1	
Professional and business services		541.8	-8.3	1,149	-2.1	
Education and health services Leisure and hospitality		499.8 384.1	1.1	865 519	2.4 -2.4	
Other services		258.5	3.0	424	-3.9	
Government		601.3	3	1,090	2	
Cook, IL		2,381.5	-4.4	1,084	-5.4	
Private industry		2,069.2	-5.0	1,093	-6.3	
Natural resources and mining		.9	-3.7	792	-12.8	
Construction		71.9	-14.4	1,317	.5	
Manufacturing		206.7	-9.5 -6.5	1,013	-4.1	
Trade, transportation, and utilitiesInformation		438.8 53.5	-6.5 (⁴)	797 1,644	-4.3 -8.7	
Financial activities		197.7	-5.0	2,397	-17.4	
Professional and business services		398.3	-8.0	1,403	6	
Education and health services		385.9	3.1	839	1.0	
Leisure and hospitality	11.9	216.4	-3.6	404	-2.9	
Other services		94.8 312.3	-1.4 .0	729 1,022	1.1 1.6	
New York, NY Private industry		2,290.3 1,837.8	-3.6 -4.4	2,149 2,425	-23.4 -24.9	
Natural resources and mining		.2	1.3	1,967	-16.9	
Construction		34.0	-7.2	1,479	-6.4	
Manufacturing		30.4	-15.3	1,365	-8.3	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	21.7	230.7	-6.6	1,136	-5.4	
Information		129.0	-4.7	2,449	-7.9	
Financial activities		355.9	-6.2	6,379	-35.2	
Professional and business services		463.7	-5.6	2,095	-10.2	
Education and health services Leisure and hospitality		293.9 208.9	.7 -3.0	998 725	.8 -5.0	
Other services		86.9	-3.0	999	-5.0 -9.0	
Government		452.6	.0	1,017	1.2	
Harris, TX	97.9	2,028.4	-1.1	1,143	-2.6	
Private industry		1,766.7	-1.5	1,175	-3.1	
Natural resources and mining		82.8	(4)	3,483	-5.5	
Construction		149.0	-6.5	1,051	.0	
Manufacturing		182.5	-2.0	1,411	-7.0	
Trade, transportation, and utilities		418.9	-1.5	1,029	-3.1	
Information		31.3	-3.4	1,314	-3.2	
Financial activities		116.2	-3.9	1,511	-12.7	
Professional and business services Education and health services		321.4	-4.5 3.9	1,321	2.1	
Leisure and hospitality		224.3 179.8	3.9	851 374	1.3 -2.3	
Other services		59.1	.3	628	-2.3	
Government		261.7	2.2	926	3.7	
Лагісора, AZ		1,671.0	-7.4	854	-1.3	
Private industry		1,444.9	-8.6	852	-1.3	
Natural resources and mining		8.5	-1.0	855	-14.2	
Construction		100.5	-30.7	877	9	
Manufacturing		111.9	-11.2	1,227	-2.1	
Trade, transportation, and utilities		344.5 29.0	-7.7 -5.0	801	7	
InformationFinancial activities		29.0 137.5	-5.0 -4.9	1,166 1,145	.0 -7.5	
Professional and business services		137.5 270.4	-4.9 -11.5	1,145 896	-7.5 3.1	
Education and health services		214.8	3.6	875	.0	
		178.1	-5.2	398	-1.7	
Leisure and hospitality	7.5	170.1	0.2	330	-1.7	
Leisure and hospitality Other services		47.8 226.1	-6.5 .5	567 868	-1.2	

See footnotes at end of table.

22. Continued—Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages: 10 largest counties, first quarter 2009.

	Establishments,	Emp	loyment	Average weekly wage ¹		
County by NAICS supersector	first quarter 2009 (thousands)	March 2009 (thousands)	Percent change, March 2008-09 ²	First quarter 2009	Percent change, first quarter 2008-09 ²	
Dallas, TX	67.9	1,425.7	-3.3	\$1,085	-3.3	
Private industry	67.3	1,257.6	-3.8	1,103	-3.9	
Natural resources and mining	.6	8.3	(4)	3,066	-13.0	
Construction	4.3	76.3	-9.8	942	8	
Manufacturing	3.1	123.7	-8.2	1,267	-3.8	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	15.0	287.9	(4)	964	-4.1	
Information	1.7	46.7	-6.5	1,823	(⁴)	
Financial activities	8.7	140.3	(4)	1,632	-13.3	
Professional and business services	14.8	255.0	-6.4	1,219	-2.5	
Education and health services	6.7	154.6	4.5	920	3.1	
Leisure and hospitality	5.4	126.3	(4)	499	-1.4	
Other services	6.7	37.7	-3.0	624	.8	
Government	.5	168.0	.7	950	3.6	
Orange, CA	102.3	1,399.5	-6.8	992	-2.7	
Private industry	100.9	1,244.8	-7.4	967	-3.6	
Natural resources and mining	.2	5.1	-16.0	561	-3.4	
Construction	6.9	78.3	-18.1	1,072	-1.0	
Manufacturing	5.3	159.9	-8.8	1,148	-3.1	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	17.3	253.7	-8.5	916	1	
Information	1.4	28.2	-4.8	1,567	.8	
Financial activities	10.7	106.7	(4)	1,502	-12.0	
Professional and business services	19.4	244.0	-10.4	1,121	-2.4	
Education and health services	10.2	150.7	1.7	873	1.6	
Leisure and hospitality	7.2	167.0	-4.7	382	-3.3	
Other services	19.2 1.4	47.7 154.7	-3.0 -1.8	513 1,188	-4.6 1.5	
One Diama OA	00.0	4 000 0	4.7	004		
San Diego, CA	99.6 98.3	1,263.0	-4.7 -5.5	934 916	-1.1 -1.9	
Private industry Natural resources and mining	96.3 .7	1,035.8 9.7	-5.5	540		
Construction	7.0	64.1	-18.1	975	.7 3	
Manufacturing	3.1	99.3	(⁴)	1,309	3	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	14.4	197.1	-7.9	744	(⁴)	
Information	1.3	37.8	-1.2	1,604	-16.1	
Financial activities	9.4	71.4	-6.0	1,257	-5.6	
Professional and business services	16.5	201.2	-6.9	1,208	2.7	
Education and health services	8.3	142.2	3.2	851	1.7	
Leisure and hospitality	7.0	152.2	-5.6	393	-6.9	
Other services	27.6	57.4	.2	466	-2.1	
Government	1.3	227.2	4	1,017	2.7	
King, WA	75.4	1,135.9	-3.9	1,127	.2	
Private industry	74.9	979.2	-4.6	1,136	5	
Natural resources and mining	.4	2.8	-9.6	1,553	-1.2	
Construction	6.4	57.1	-18.7	1,130	4.1	
Manufacturing	2.4	104.2	-7.2	1,366	-5.5	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	14.7	206.7	-5.7	967	1.5	
Information	1.8	80.7	4.0	2,125	9	
Financial activities	6.8	69.7	-6.7	1,579	-5.0	
Professional and business services	13.6	176.9	-6.8	1,311	.2	
Education and health services	6.6	130.4	5.1	857	2.4	
Leisure and hospitality	6.1	105.0	-4.2	422	-5.8	
Other services	16.3 .5	45.8 156.6	.6 .8	634 1,074	5.8 6.0	
				,		
Miami-Dade, FL	84.7	963.9	-6.1	858	-1.2	
Private industry	84.4	813.6	-6.9	818	-1.8	
Natural resources and mining	.5	10.0	-8.8	403	-12.6	
Construction	6.1	37.7	-25.4	861 783	6.6	
Manufacturing	2.6	38.4	-16.7		.3	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	23.0 1.5	238.8	-6.0 -7.1	765	6 -3.5	
Information		18.5		1,308	-3.5	
Professional and business services	9.8 17.7	63.7	-9.0 -8.7	1,353	-9.7	
Education and health services	9.4	124.5 144.1	1.8	992 801	.1 1.0	
	9.4 5.9	102.0	-4.2	471	-1.5	
Leisure and hospitality Other services	5.9 7.5	35.3	-4.2 -5.5	529	-1.5 4	
Government	.4	150.3	-1.7	1,074	.8	
Government	.4	150.5	-1./	1,074	.0	

¹ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

Virgin Islands.

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

 $^{^2}$ Percent changes were computed from quarterly employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications. See Notes on Current Labor Statistics.

³ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the

 $^{^{\}rm 4}\,$ Data do not meet BLS or State agency disclosure standards.

23. Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages: by State, first quarter 2009.

	Establishments,	Emp	loyment	Average	weekly wage ¹
State	first quarter 2009 (thousands)	March 2009 (thousands)	Percent change, March 2008-09	First quarter 2009	Percent change first quarter 2008-09
United States ²	9,113.9	128,992.2	-4.2	\$882	-2.5
Alabama	119.2	1,844.6	-5.2	736	4
Alaska	21.3	303.5	.1	887	2.5
Arizona	164.6	2,459.7	-6.9	807	-1.3
Arkansas	86.4	1,144.5	-2.9	695	4.2
California	1,369.6	14,742.5	-5.0	994	-1.2
Colorado	176.6	2,211.0	-3.9	913	8
Connecticut	113.0	1,620.1	-3.8	1,189	-5.6
Delaware	29.3	399.9	-5.1	975	8
District of Columbia	33.3	679.2	1	1.461	-1.9
Florida	612.2	7,352.2	-7.0	771	8
Georgia	274.4	3,835.9	-5.4	831	-1.4
Hawaii	39.2	599.1	-4.9	775	.4
daho	56.7	603.4	-6.3	638	.3
llinois	372.2	5,552.0	-4.2	951	-3.0
ndiana	161.3	2.701.1	-5.6	739	-2.4
owa	94.6	1,432.5	-2.5	709	1
Kansas	87.3	1,326.2	-2.6	719	-2.3
Kentucky	109.1	1,710.0	-4.6	719	-2.3
	124.2		-4.0	772	3
ouisiana	51.0	1,867.4 563.1	-3.7	688	.8 -1.9
Naryland	164.5	2,452.8	-3.1	964	.1
Massachusetts	213.0	3,102.8	-3.3	1,101	-3.7
Michigan	253.8	3,765.9	-7.2	825	-3.7
Minnesota	168.6	2,538.5	-4.0	882	-2.9
Mississippi	71.0	1,087.9	-4.5	633	2
Missouri	173.7	2,618.3	-3.4	771	.1
Montana	42.9	413.9	-4.2	628	.5
Nebraska	59.6	894.8	-2.0	699	1.7
Nevada New Hampshire	76.6 48.8	1,150.8 601.2	-9.1 -3.2	810 837	-3.5 -3.0
dow Jorgov	271.3	3,775.1	-4.0	1,100	-2.8
New Jersey					
New Mexico	54.9	794.1	-3.5	723	.7
New York	588.1	8,332.4	-2.6	1,207	-13.8
North Carolina	260.6	3,852.4	-5.2	766	-2.8
North Dakota	25.6	341.8	4	666	2.0
Ohio	293.6	4,937.1	-4.9	790	-1.0
Oklahoma	100.5	1,517.0	-2.0	709	3
Oregon	130.7	1,602.8	-6.3	772	6
Pennsylvania	342.4	5,449.4	-2.9	862	7
Rhode Island	35.5	441.8	-4.9	831	-2.4
South Carolina	115.3	1,779.4	-5.9	692	4
South Dakota	30.6	382.9	-1.7	630	3
ennessee	142.7	2,586.1	-5.7	751	-1.3
exas	564.9	10,237.9	-1.8	886	-1.9
Jtah	85.3	1,162.2	-4.6	726	1.1
/ermont	24.8	291.7	-3.2	719	-2.0
/irginia	232.6	3,541.6	-3.0	920	.1
Vashington	216.4	2,810.6	-3.8	906	.8
Vest Virginia	48.4	690.2	-1.4	704	4.0
Visconsin	156.8	2,619.0	-4.3	747	-1.6
Nyoming	25.1	272.1	-2.0	778	1
Puerto Rico	53.4	967.1	-4.1	496	1.4
		44.6	-4.3	685	-3.1

¹ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

 $^{^2\,}$ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

24. Annual data: Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, by ownership

V	Average	Average	Total annual wages	Average annual wage	Average
Year	establishments	annual employment	(in thousands)	per employee	weekly wage
		Total co	overed (UI and UCFE)	I I	
999	7,820,860	127,042,282	\$4,235,579,204	\$33,340	\$64
000	7,879,116	129,877,063	4,587,708,584	35,323	679
001	7,984,529	129,635,800	4,695,225,123	36,219	697
002	8,101,872	128,233,919	4,714,374,741	36,764	70
003	8,228,840	127,795,827	4,826,251,547	37,765	726
004	8,364,795	129,278,176	5,087,561,796	39,354	757
005	8,571,144	131,571,623	5,351,949,496	40,677	782
006	8,784,027			42,535	818
007		133,833,834 135,366,106	5,692,569,465	44,458	85
008	8,971,897 9,082,049	134,805,659	6,018,089,108 6,142,159,200	45,563	870
	0,002,040	104,000,000	Ul covered	40,000	
			Oi covered		
999	7,771,198	124,255,714	\$4,112,169,533	\$33,094	\$63
000	7,828,861	127,005,574	4,454,966,824	35,077	67
001	7,933,536	126,883,182	4,560,511,280	35,943	69
002	8,051,117	125,475,293	4,570,787,218	36,428	70
003	8,177,087	125,031,551	4,676,319,378	37,401	71
004	8,312,729	126,538,579	4,929,262,369	38,955	74
					77
005	8,518,249	128,837,948	5,188,301,929	40,270	
006	8,731,111	131,104,860	5,522,624,197	42,124	81
007	8,908,198	132,639,806	5,841,231,314	44,038	84
008	9,017,717	132,043,604	5,959,055,276	45,129	86
		Privat	te industry covered		
999	7,560,567	107,619,457	\$3,577,738,557	\$33,244	\$63
000	7,622,274	110,015,333	3,887,626,769	35,337	68
001	7,724,965	109,304,802	3,952,152,155	36,157	69
002	7,839,903	107,577,281	3,930,767,025	36,539	70
003	7,963,340	107,065,553	4,015,823,311	37,508	72
	8,093,142	. , ,			75
004		108,490,066	4,245,640,890	39,134	
005	8,294,662	110,611,016	4,480,311,193	40,505	77
006	8,505,496	112,718,858	4,780,833,389	42,414	81
007	8,681,001	114,012,221	5,057,840,759	44,362	85
008	8,789,360	113,188,643	5,135,487,891	45,371	87
		State o	overnment covered		
999	70,538	4,296,673	\$149,011,194	\$34,681	\$66
000	65,096	4,370,160	158,618,365	36,296	69
	64,583	4,452,237	168,358,331	37,814	72
001					
		/ /Ω5 ∩71			
002	64,447	4,485,071	175,866,492	39,212	75
002 003	64,467	4,481,845	175,866,492 179,528,728	39,212 40,057	75 77
002 003 004	64,467 64,544	4,481,845 4,484,997	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992	39,212 40,057 41,118	75 77 79
002	64,467 64,544 66,278	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249	75 77 79 81
002 	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921	4,481,845 4,484,997	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875	75 77 79 81 84
002 	64,467 64,544 66,278	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249	75 77 79 87 84
002	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875	75 77 79 81 84 88
001	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903	75 77 79 81 84 88
002 	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980	75 77 79 81 84 88 92
102	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local (175,866,492 179,528,728 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980	75 77 79 81 84 88 92
02	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local (12,339,584 12,620,081	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387	75 77 79 82 84 88 92 \$60 62
102	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local g 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521	75 77 79 81 84 88 92 \$60 62 64
02	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local (12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941	175,866,492 179,528,728 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605	75 77 79 83 84 88 92 \$66 62 64
102	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local 9 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669	75 77 75 83 84 88 92 \$66 66 66 66
002	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local (2) 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,563,517	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805	75 777 79 81 84 88 92 \$66 62 64 66 68
102	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local (12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,583,517 13,699,418	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718	75 77 75 84 84 88 92 \$66 62 64 66 68 77
102	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local 9 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,563,517 13,699,418 13,820,093	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179	75 77 75 84 88 92 \$66 66 66 67 77 75
102	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local (12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,583,517 13,699,418	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718	75 77 75 81 84 88 92 \$66 62 64 66 68 70 72
002	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local 9 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,563,517 13,699,418 13,820,093	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179	75 777 79 811 84 88 92 \$60 62 64 66 68 70 72 75 78
002	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695 159,816	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local 9 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,563,517 13,699,418 13,820,093 14,016,190 14,212,311	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514 571,713,553	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179 40,790 42,274	75 777 79 81 84 88 92 \$60 62 64 66 68 70 72 75 78 81
002	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695 159,816	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local 9 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,563,517 13,699,418 13,820,093 14,016,190 14,212,311	175,866,492 179,528,728 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514 571,713,553 600,812,461	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179 40,790 42,274	75 77 79 81 84 88 92 \$66 62 64 66 68 70 72 75 78 81
102	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695 159,816 160,683	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local g 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,669,418 13,820,093 14,016,190 14,212,311 Federal gov	175,866,492 179,528,728 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514 571,713,553 600,812,461 gernment covered (UCF)	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179 40,790 42,274	75 77 79 81 84 88 92 \$60 62 64 66 68 70 72 75 78
002	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695 159,816 160,683	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,563,517 13,699,418 13,820,093 14,016,190 14,212,311 Federal gov	175,866,492 179,528,728 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514 571,713,553 600,812,461 rernment covered (UCF) \$123,409,672 132,741,760	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179 40,790 42,274 E)	75 77 79 81 84 88 92 \$60 62 64 66 68 70 72 75 78 81
002	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695 159,816 160,683	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local 9 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,563,517 13,699,418 13,820,093 14,016,190 14,212,311 Federal gov	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514 571,713,553 600,812,461 rernment covered (UCF \$123,409,672 132,741,760 134,713,843	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179 40,790 42,274 E)	75 777 799 81 88 88 92 \$66 62 64 66 68 70 72 75 78 81
002	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695 159,816 160,683	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local g 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,563,517 13,699,418 13,820,093 14,016,190 14,212,311 Federal gov	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514 571,713,553 600,812,461 rernment covered (UCF \$123,409,672 132,741,760 134,713,843 143,587,523	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179 40,790 42,274 E)	75 77 79 81 82 88 92 \$60 62 64 66 68 70 72 75 75 81
002	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695 159,816 160,683	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local 9 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,563,517 13,699,418 13,820,093 14,016,190 14,212,311 Federal gov 2,786,567 2,871,489 2,752,619 2,758,627 2,764,275	175,866,492 179,528,728 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514 571,713,553 600,812,461 rernment covered (UCF) \$123,409,672 132,741,760 134,713,843 143,587,523 149,932,170	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179 40,790 42,274 E)	75 77 77 88 88 89 86 66 66 66 66 70 72 75 88 88 94 1,000 1,04
002	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695 159,816 160,683	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local g 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,563,517 13,699,418 13,820,093 14,016,190 14,212,311 Federal gov	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514 571,713,553 600,812,461 rernment covered (UCF \$123,409,672 132,741,760 134,713,843 143,587,523 149,932,170 158,299,427	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179 40,790 42,274 E) \$44,287 46,228 48,940 52,050 54,239 57,782	75 77 77 88 88 89 86 66 66 66 66 70 72 75 88 88 94 1,000 1,04
102	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695 159,816 160,683	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local 9 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,563,517 13,699,418 13,820,093 14,016,190 14,212,311 Federal gov 2,786,567 2,871,489 2,752,619 2,758,627 2,764,275	175,866,492 179,528,728 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514 571,713,553 600,812,461 rernment covered (UCF) \$123,409,672 132,741,760 134,713,843 143,587,523 149,932,170	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179 40,790 42,274 E)	75 77 79 88 84 92 \$66 62 64 66 68 77 75 88 88 92 1,00 1,0-1
002	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695 159,816 160,683	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local 9 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,126,143 13,451,153 13,563,517 13,699,517 13,699,418 13,820,093 14,016,190 14,212,311 Federal gov 2,786,567 2,871,489 2,752,619 2,758,627 2,758,627 2,764,275 2,739,596	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514 571,713,553 600,812,461 rernment covered (UCF \$123,409,672 132,741,760 134,713,843 143,587,523 149,932,170 158,299,427	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179 40,790 42,274 E) \$44,287 46,228 48,940 52,050 54,239 57,782	75 77 77 88 84 84 89 92 \$66 66 66 67 77 78 88 88 99 1,00 1,04 1,11 1,15
002	64,467 64,544 66,278 66,921 67,381 67,675 140,093 141,491 143,989 146,767 149,281 155,043 157,309 158,695 159,816 160,683	4,481,845 4,484,997 4,527,514 4,565,908 4,611,395 4,642,650 Local g 12,339,584 12,620,081 13,126,143 13,412,941 13,484,153 13,563,517 13,699,418 13,820,093 14,016,190 14,212,311 Federal gov 2,786,567 2,871,489 2,752,619 2,758,627 2,764,275 2,739,596 2,733,675	175,866,492 179,528,728 184,414,992 191,281,126 200,329,294 211,677,002 222,754,925 government covered \$385,419,781 408,721,690 440,000,795 464,153,701 480,967,339 499,206,488 516,709,610 541,461,514 571,713,553 600,812,461 rernment covered (UCF \$123,409,672 132,741,760 134,713,843 143,587,523 149,932,170 158,299,427 163,647,568	39,212 40,057 41,118 42,249 43,875 45,903 47,980 \$31,234 32,387 33,521 34,605 35,669 36,805 37,718 39,179 40,790 42,274 E) \$44,287 46,228 48,940 52,050 54,239 57,782 59,864	75 77 79 81 84 88 92 \$60 62 64 66 68 70 72 75 78

NOTE: Data are final. Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

25. Annual data: Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, establishment size and employment, private ownership, by supersector, first quarter 2008

					Size	of establishn	nents			
Industry, establishments, and employment	Total	Fewer than 5 workers ¹	5 to 9 workers	10 to 19 workers	20 to 49 workers	50 to 99 workers	100 to 249 workers	250 to 499 workers	500 to 999 workers	1,000 or more workers
Total all industries ² Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	8,737,209	5,347,059	1,405,989	940,355	649,897	221,242	125,680	30,651	10,833	5,503
	112,661,107	7,726,320	9,317,598	12,712,673	19,590,026	15,200,470	18,769,975	10,490,782	7,355,848	11,497,415
Natural resources and mining Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	125,210	70,167	23,540	15,213	10,230	3,338	1,888	574	192	68
	1,735,716	113,349	155,594	205,063	309,062	229,769	285,052	198,874	129,465	109,488
Construction Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	884,900	596,761	135,351	80,118	49,933	14,548	6,455	1,305	337	92
	7,015,698	820,427	887,949	1,076,415	1,494,411	990,273	953,252	438,169	221,521	133,281
Manufacturing Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	360,128	138,761	61,564	53,932	52,329	25,129	18,998	6,052	2,298	1,065
	13,530,440	239,464	413,129	741,464	1,631,131	1,758,241	2,909,766	2,072,004	1,554,107	2,211,134
Trade, transportation, and utilities Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,918,453	1,025,889	381,783	253,919	158,449	53,773	34,906	7,571	1,654	509
	26,025,160	1,686,285	2,543,460	3,411,060	4,758,401	3,726,557	5,155,843	2,600,592	1,090,853	1,052,109
Information Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	144,342	82,456	21,073	16,279	13,502	5,634	3,580	1,093	490	235
	3,007,840	113,866	140,161	222,141	415,963	388,105	542,466	380,246	334,589	470,303
Financial activities Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	866,044	571,395	153,677	80,370	39,542	11,675	6,176	1,823	911	475
	8,002,154	880,298	1,013,702	1,059,248	1,176,225	798,971	929,717	631,696	630,185	882,112
Professional and business services Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,500,983	1,026,478	199,658	126,947	85,319	32,918	20,556	5,907	2,267	933
	17,672,891	1,403,930	1,312,525	1,712,339	2,594,343	2,279,648	3,116,492	2,019,588	1,542,704	1,691,322
Education and health services Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	838,101	403,555	181,824	119,131	77,795	28,219	19,577	4,258	1,933	1,809
	17,855,618	715,158	1,208,328	1,604,008	2,344,710	1,961,088	2,946,642	1,449,126	1,343,470	4,283,088
Leisure and hospitality Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	729,550	280,079	122,835	135,822	137,270	40,241	10,754	1,610	642	297
	13,121,259	443,453	829,466	1,908,049	4,122,254	2,674,380	1,523,474	547,993	438,685	633,505
Other services Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,157,207	946,782	118,658	57,400	25,255	5,738	2,787	458	109	20
	4,450,274	1,128,799	775,868	757,235	736,119	391,483	406,934	152,494	70,269	31,073

¹ Includes establishments that reported no workers in March 2008.

NOTE: Data are final. Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

² Includes data for unclassified establishments, not shown separately.

26. Average annual wages for 2007 and 2008 for all covered workers $\mbox{^{\sc i}}$ by metropolitan area

	Average annual wages ³				
Metropolitan area ²	2007	2008	Percent change, 2007-08		
Metropolitan areas4	\$46,139	\$47,194	2.3		
Abilene, TX Aguadilla-Isabela-San Sebastian, PR Akron, OH Albany, GA Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY Albuquerque, NM Alexandria, LA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ Altoona, PA Armarillo, TX	31,567	32,649	3.4		
	20,295	20,714	2.1		
	39,499	40,376	2.2		
	33,378	34,314	2.8		
	42,191	43,912	4.1		
	38,191	39,342	3.0		
	32,757	34,783	6.2		
	41,784	42,500	1.7		
	31,988	32,986	3.1		
	35,574	38,215	7.4		
Ames, IA Anchorage, AK Anderson, IN Anderson, SC Ann Arbor, MI Anniston-Oxford, AL Appleton, WI Asheville, NC Atthens-Clarke County, GA Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	37,041	38,558	4.1		
	45,237	46,935	3.8		
	32,850	31,326	-4.6		
	31,086	32,322	4.0		
	49,427	48,987	-0.9		
	34,593	36,227	4.7		
	36,575	37,522	2.6		
	33,406	34,070	2.0		
	34,256	35,503	3.6		
	48,111	48,064	-0.1		
Atlantic City, NJ Auburn-Opelika, AL Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC Augusta-Richmond Rock, TX Bakersfield, CA Baltimore-Towson, MD Bangor, ME Barnstable Town, MA Baton Rouge, LA Battle Creek, MI	39,276	40,337	2.7		
	31,554	32,651	3.5		
	36,915	38,068	3.1		
	46,458	47,355	1.9		
	38,254	39,476	3.2		
	47,177	48,438	2.7		
	32,829	33,829	3.0		
	37,691	38,839	3.0		
	39,339	41,961	6.7		
	40,628	42,782	5.3		
Bay City, MI Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX Bealingham, WA Bend, OR Billings, MT Billings, MT Birminghamton, NY Birmingham-Hoover, AL Bismarck, ND Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA Bloomington, IN	35,680	36,489	2.3		
	40,682	43,302	6.4		
	34,239	35,864	4.7		
	34,318	35,044	2.1		
	35,372	36,155	2.2		
	36,322	37,731	3.9		
	42,570	43,651	2.5		
	34,118	35,389	3.7		
	35,248	35,272	0.1		
	32,028	33,220	3.7		
Bloomington-Normal, IL Boise City-Nampa, ID Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Boulder, CO Bowling Green, KY Bremerton-Silverdale, WA Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT Brownsville-Harlingen, TX Brunswick, GA Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	42,082	43,918	4.4		
	37,553	37,315	-0.6		
	59,817	61,128	2.2		
	52,745	53,455	1.3		
	33,308	34,861	4.7		
	39,506	40,421	2.3		
	79,973	80,018	0.1		
	27,126	28,342	4.5		
	32,705	34,458	5.4		
	38,218	38,984	2.0		
Burlington, NC Burlington-South Burlington, VT Canton-Massillon, OH Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL Carson City, NV Casper, WY Cedar Rapids, IA Champaign-Urbana, IL Charleston, WV Charleston-North Charleston, SC	33,132	34,283	3.5		
	41,907	43,559	3.9		
	34,091	34,897	2.4		
	37,658	37,866	0.6		
	42,030	43,858	4.3		
	41,105	43,851	6.7		
	41,059	42,356	3.2		
	35,788	37,408	4.5		
	38,687	40,442	4.5		
	36,954	38,035	2.9		
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC Charlottesville, VA Chattanooga, TN-GA Cheyenne, WY Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI Chico, CA Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN Clarksville, TN-KY Cleveland, TN Cleveland, TN Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH	46,975 40,819 36,522 36,191 50,823 33,207 42,969 32,216 34,666 42,783	47,332 41,777 37,258 37,452 51,775 34,310 43,801 32,991 35,010 43,467	0.8 2.3 2.0 3.5 1.9 3.3 1.9 2.4 1.0		
Coeur d'Alene, ID College Station-Bryan, TX Colorado Springs, CO Columbia, MO Columbia, SC Columbia, SC Columbus, GA-AL Columbus, IN Columbus, OH Corpus Christi, TX Corvallis, OR	31,035	31,353	1.0		
	32,630	33,967	4.1		
	39,745	40,973	3.1		
	33,266	34,331	3.2		
	36,293	37,514	3.4		
	34,511	35,067	1.6		
	41,078	42,610	3.7		
	42,655	43,533	2.1		
	37,186	38,771	4.3		
	41,981	42,343	0.9		

See footnotes at end of table.

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2007 and 2008 for all covered workers: by metropolitan area

	Avera	ige annual w	rages3
Metropolitan area ²	2007	2008	Percent change, 2007-08
Cumberland, MD-WV Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX Dalton, GA Danville, IL Danville, IL Danville, VA Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL Dayton, OH Decatur, AL Decatur, IL Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL	\$31,373	\$32,583	3.9
	49,627	50,331	1.4
	34,433	34,403	-0.1
	34,086	35,602	4.4
	30,212	30,580	1.2
	39,385	40,425	2.6
	40,223	40,824	1.5
	35,931	36,855	2.6
	41,039	42,012	2.4
	32,196	32,938	2.3
Denver-Aurora, CO Des Moines, IA Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI Dothan, AL Dover, DE Dubuque, IA Duluquh, IA Duluth, MN-WI Durham, NC Eau Claire, WI EI Centro, CA	50,180	51,270	2.2
	42,895	43,918	2.4
	49,019	50,081	2.2
	32,367	32,965	1.8
	35,978	36,375	1.1
	34,240	35,656	4.1
	35,202	36,307	3.1
	52,420	53,700	2.4
	32,792	33,549	2.3
	32,419	33,239	2.5
Elizabethtown, KY Elkhart-Goshen, IN Elmira, NY El Paso, TX Erie, PA Eugene-Springfield, OR Evansville, IN-KY Fairbanks, AK Fajardo, PR Fargo, ND-MN	32,701	33,728	3.1
	36,566	35,858	-1.9
	34,879	36,984	6.0
	31,354	31,837	1.5
	34,788	35,992	3.5
	34,329	35,380	3.1
	37,182	38,304	3.0
	42,345	44,225	4.4
	22,075	22,984	4.1
	35,264	36,745	4.2
Farmington, NM Fayetteville, NC Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO Flagstaff, AZ Flint, MI Florence, SC Florence-Muscle Shoals, AL Fond du Lac, WI Fort Collins-Loveland, CO Fort Smith, AR-OK	38,572	41,155	6.7
	33,216	34,619	4.2
	37,325	39,025	4.6
	34,473	35,353	2.6
	39,310	39,206	-0.3
	34,305	34,841	1.6
	30,699	32,088	4.5
	34,664	36,166	4.3
	39,335	40,154	2.1
	31,236	32,130	2.9
Fort Walton Beach-Crestview-Destin, FL Fort Wayne, IN Fresno, CA Gadsden, AL Gainesville, FL Gainesville, GA Glens Falls, NY Goldsboro, NC Grand Forks, ND-MN Grand Junction, CO	35,613	36,454	2.4
	36,542	36,806	0.7
	35,111	36,038	2.6
	30,979	31,718	2.4
	36,243	37,282	2.9
	36,994	37,929	2.5
	33,564	34,531	2.9
	30,177	30,607	1.4
	30,745	32,207	4.8
	36,221	39,246	8.4
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI Great Falls, MT Greeley, CO Green Bay, WI Greensboro-High Point, NC Greenville, NC Greenville, SC Guayama, PR Gulfport-Biloxi, MS Hagerstown-Martinsburg, MD-WV	38,953	39,868	2.3
	31,009	31,962	3.1
	37,066	38,700	4.4
	37,788	39,247	3.9
	37,213	37,919	1.9
	33,703	34,672	2.9
	36,536	37,592	2.9
	26,094	27,189	4.2
	34,971	35,700	2.1
	35,468	36,472	2.8
Hanford-Corcoran, CA Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA Harrisonburg, VA Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT Hattiesburg, MS Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC Hinesville-Fort Stewart, GA Holland-Grand Haven, MI Honolulu, HI Hot Springs, AR	32,504	35,374	8.8
	41,424	42,330	2.2
	32,718	34,197	4.5
	54,188	54,446	0.5
	30,729	31,629	2.9
	32,364	32,810	1.4
	33,210	33,854	1.9
	37,470	37,953	1.3
	40,748	42,090	3.3
	28,448	29,042	2.1
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux, LA Houston-Baytown-Sugar Land, TX Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH Huntsville, AL Idaho Falls, ID Indianapolis, IN Iowa City, IA Ithaca, NY Jackson, MI Jackson, MS	41,604	44,345	6.6
	53,494	55,407	3.6
	33,973	35,717	5.1
	45,763	47,427	3.6
	29,878	30,485	2.0
	42,227	43,128	2.1
	37,457	39,070	4.3
	39,387	41,689	5.8
	38,267	38,672	1.1
	35,771	36,730	2.7

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2007 and 2008 for all covered workers by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	ages3
Metropolitan area ²	2007	2008	Percent change, 2007-08
Jackson, TN	\$35,059	\$35,975	2.6
	41,437	41,524	0.2
	27,005	27,893	3.3
	36,790	36,906	0.3
	32,903	33,766	2.6
	31,985	32,759	2.4
	31,384	32,464	3.4
	30,378	31,532	3.8
	31,068	32,156	3.5
	38,402	40,333	5.0
Kankakee-Bradley, IL Kansas City, MO-KS Kennewick-Richland-Pasco, WA Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, TX Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA Kingston, NY Knoxville, TN Kokomo, IN La Crosse, WI-MN Lafayette, IN	33,340	34,451	3.3
	42,921	44,155	2.9
	40,439	41,878	3.6
	32,915	34,299	4.2
	36,399	37,260	2.4
	35,018	35,883	2.5
	38,386	38,912	1.4
	47,269	44,117	-6.7
	32,949	34,078	3.4
	36,419	37,832	3.9
Lafayette, LA Lake Charles, LA Lakeland, FL Lancaster, PA Lansing-East Lansing, MI Laredo, TX Las Cruces, NM Las Vegas-Paradise, NV Lawence, KS Lawton, OK	40,684	42,748	5.1
	37,447	39,982	6.8
	34,394	35,195	2.3
	37,043	38,127	2.9
	40,866	42,339	3.6
	29,009	29,572	1.9
	31,422	32,894	4.7
	42,336	43,120	1.9
	30,830	32,313	4.8
	30,617	32,258	5.4
Lebanon, PA Lewiston, ID-WA Lewiston-Auburn, ME Lexington-Fayette, KY Lima, OH Lincoln, NE Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR Logan, UT-ID Longview, TX Longview, WA	32,876	33,900	3.1
	31,961	32,783	2.6
	33,118	34,396	3.9
	39,290	40,034	1.9
	35,177	35,381	0.6
	34,750	35,834	3.1
	39,305	38,902	-1.0
	27,810	29,392	5.7
	36,956	38,902	5.3
	37,101	37,806	1.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA Louisville, KY-IN Lubbock, TX Lynchburg, VA Macon, GA Madera, CA Madera, CA Madison, WI Manchester-Nashua, NH Mansfield, OH Mayaguez, PR	50,480	51,520	2.1
	40,125	40,596	1.2
	32,761	33,867	3.4
	34,412	35,207	2.3
	34,243	34,823	1.7
	33,266	34,405	3.4
	41,201	42,623	3.5
	49,235	50,629	2.8
	33,109	33,946	2.5
	21,326	22,394	5.0
McAllen-Edinburg-Pharr, TX Medford, OR Memphis, TN-MS-AR Merced, CA Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach, FL Michigan City-La Porte, IN Midland, TX Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI Missoula, MT	27,651	28,498	3.1
	32,877	33,402	1.6
	42,339	43,124	1.9
	32,351	33,903	4.8
	43,428	44,199	1.8
	32,570	33,507	2.9
	45,574	50,116	10.0
	43,261	44,462	2.8
	49,542	51,044	3.0
	32,233	33,414	3.7
Mobile, AL	36,890	38,180	3.5
	36,739	37,867	3.1
	31,992	32,796	2.5
	41,636	41,849	0.5
	36,223	37,552	3.7
	35,241	37,082	5.2
	32,806	32,858	0.2
	34,620	36,230	4.7
	31,326	32,420	3.5
	34,982	36,033	3.0
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, SC Napa, CA Naples-Marco Island, FL Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro, TN New Haven-Milford, CT New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA Nilles-Benton Harbor, MI Norwich-New London, CT Ocala, FL	28,576	28,450	-0.4
	44,171	45,061	2.0
	41,300	40,178	-2.7
	42,728	43,964	2.9
	47,039	48,239	2.6
	43,255	45,108	4.3
	65,685	66,548	1.3
	38,140	38,814	1.8
	45,463	46,727	2.8
	31,623	32,579	3.0

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2007 and 2008 for all covered workers by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	ages ³
Metropolitan area ²	2007	2008	Percent change, 2007-08
Ocean City, NJ Odessa, TX Ogden-Clearfield, UT Olklahoma City, OK Olympia, WA Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA Orlando, FL Oshkosh-Neenah, WI Owensboro, KY Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA	\$32,452 41,758 34,067 37,192 39,678 39,273 38,633 41,014 33,593 47,669	\$33,529 44,316 34,778 39,363 40,714 40,097 39,322 41,781 34,956 46,490	3.3 6.1 2.1 5.8 2.6 2.1 1.8 1.9 4.1
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL Panama City-Lynn Haven, FL Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH Pascagoula, MS Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent, FL Peoria, IL Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ Pine Bluff, AR Pittsburgh, PA	40,975	42,089	2.7
	33,950	34,361	1.2
	33,547	35,102	4.6
	39,131	42,734	9.2
	34,165	34,829	1.9
	43,470	44,562	2.5
	50,611	51,814	2.4
	43,697	44,482	1.8
	33,094	34,106	3.1
	42,910	44,124	2.8
Pittsfield, MA Pocatello, ID Ponce, PR Portland-South Portland-Biddeford, ME Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton, OR-WA Port St. Lucie-Fort Pierce, FL Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY Prescott, AZ Providence-New Bedford-Fall River, RI-MA Provo-Orem, UT	38,075	38,957	2.3
	29,268	30,608	4.6
	21,019	21,818	3.8
	38,497	39,711	3.2
	44,335	45,326	2.2
	36,375	36,174	-0.6
	40,793	42,148	3.3
	32,048	33,004	3.0
	40,674	42,141	3.6
	34,141	35,516	4.0
Pueblo, CO Punta Gorda, FL Racine, WI Raleigh-Cary, NC Rapid City, SD Reading, PA Redding, CA Reno-Sparks, NV Richmond, VA Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	32,552	34,055	4.6
	32,833	32,927	0.3
	40,746	41,232	1.2
	42,801	43,912	2.6
	31,119	32,227	3.6
	39,945	40,691	1.9
	34,953	35,655	2.0
	41,365	42,167	1.9
	44,530	45,244	1.6
	37,846	38,617	2.0
Roanoke, VA Rochester, MN Rochester, NY Rockford, IL Rocky Mount, NC Rome, GA Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA Saginaw-Saginaw Township North, MI St. Cloud, MN St. George, UT	35,419	36,475	3.0
	44,786	46,196	3.1
	40,752	41,728	2.4
	38,304	39,210	2.4
	32,527	33,110	1.8
	33,041	35,229	6.6
	46,385	47,924	3.3
	37,507	37,549	0.1
	33,996	35,069	3.2
	29,052	29,291	0.8
St. Joseph, MO-KS St. Louis, MO-IL Salem, OR Salinas, CA Salisbury, MD Salt Lake City, UT San Angelo, TX San Antonio, TX San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA Sandusky, OH	31,828	32,651	2.6
	42,873	45,419	5.9
	33,986	34,891	2.7
	39,419	40,235	2.1
	34,833	35,901	3.1
	40,935	41,628	1.7
	30,920	32,852	6.2
	38,274	38,876	1.6
	47,657	49,079	3.0
	33,471	33,760	0.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA San German-Cabo Rojo, PR San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA San Juan-Caguas-Guaynabo, PR San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles, CA Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta, CA Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA Santa Fe, NM Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL	64,559	65,100	0.8
	19,777	19,875	0.5
	82,038	80,063	-2.4
	25,939	26,839	3.5
	36,740	38,134	3.8
	41,967	42,617	1.5
	41,540	41,471	-0.2
	37,395	38,646	3.3
	42,824	43,757	2.2
	36,424	36,781	1.0
Savannah, GA ScrantonWilkes-Barre, PA Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA Sheboygan, WI Sherman-Denison, TX Shreveport-Bossier City, LA Sioux City, IA-NE-SD Sioux Falls, SD South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI Spartanburg, SC	36,695	37,846	3.1
	34,205	34,902	2.0
	51,924	53,667	3.4
	37,049	37,834	2.1
	35,672	36,081	1.1
	34,892	36,308	4.1
	33,025	34,326	3.9
	36,056	36,982	2.6
	36,266	37,654	3.8
	37,967	39,313	3.5

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2007 and 2008 for all covered workers $^{\mbox{\tiny t}}$ by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	ages ³
Metropolitan area ²	2007	2008	Percent change, 2007-08
Spokane, WA Springfield, IL Springfield, MA Springfield, MO Springfield, OH State College, PA Stockton, CA Sumter, SC Syracuse, NY Tallahassee, FL	\$35,539	\$36,792	3.5
	42,420	44,416	4.7
	39,487	40,969	3.8
	31,868	32,971	3.5
	32,017	33,158	3.6
	36,797	38,050	3.4
	37,906	39,075	3.1
	30,267	30,842	1.9
	39,620	40,554	2.4
	36,543	37,433	2.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL Terre Haute, IN Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR Toledo, OH Topeka, KS Trenton-Ewing, NJ Tucson, AZ Tulsa, OK Tuscaloosa, AL Tyler, TX	39,215	40,521	3.3
	32,349	33,562	3.7
	34,079	35,002	2.7
	38,538	39,686	3.0
	36,109	36,714	1.7
	56,645	60,135	6.2
	38,524	39,973	3.8
	38,942	40,205	3.2
	36,737	37,949	3.3
	37,184	38,817	4.4
Utica-Rome, NY Valdosta, GA Vallejo-Fairfield, CA Vero Beach, FL Victoria, TX Vineland-MiliVille-Bridgeton, NJ Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC Visalia-Porterville, CA Waco, TX Warner Robins, GA	33,916	34,936	3.0
	27,842	29,288	5.2
	42,932	45,264	5.4
	35,901	36,557	1.8
	38,317	39,888	4.1
	39,408	40,709	3.3
	37,734	38,696	2.5
	30,968	32,018	3.4
	34,679	35,698	2.9
	39,220	40,457	3.2
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA Wausau, WI Weirton-Steubenville, WV-OH Wenatchee, WA Wheeling, WV-OH Wichita, KS Wichita Falls, TX Williamsport, PA Wilmington, NC	60,711	62,653	3.2
	35,899	37,363	4.1
	35,710	36,477	2.1
	32,893	35,356	7.5
	29,475	30,750	4.3
	31,169	32,915	5.6
	39,662	40,423	1.9
	32,320	34,185	5.8
	32,506	33,340	2.6
	34,239	35,278	3.0
Winchester, VA-WV Winston-Salem, NC Worcester, MA Yakima, WA Yauco, PR York-Hanover, PA Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA Yuba City, CA Yuma, AZ	36,016	37,035	2.8
	38,921	39,770	2.2
	44,652	45,955	2.9
	29,743	30,821	3.6
	19,380	19,821	2.3
	38,469	39,379	2.4
	34,698	34,403	-0.9
	35,058	36,538	4.2
	30,147	31,351	4.0

¹ Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

² Includes data for Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA) as defined by OMB Bulletin No. 04-03 as of February 18, 2004.

³ Each year's total is based on the MSA definition for the specific year. Annual changes include differences resulting from changes in MSA definitions.

⁴ Totals do not include the six MSAs within Puerto Rico.

27. Annual data: Employment status of the population

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status	1999 ¹	2000 ¹	2001 ¹	2002 ¹	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Civilian noninstitutional population	207,753	212,577	215,092	217,570	221,168	223,357	226,082	228,815	231,867	233,788	235,801
Civilian labor force	139,368	142,583	143,734	144,863	146,510	147,401	149,320	151,428	153,124	154,287	154,142
Labor force participation rate	67.1	67.1	66.8	66.6	66.2	66.0	66.0	66.2	66.0	66.0	65.4
Employed	133,488	136,891	136,933	136,485	137,736	139,252	141,730	144,427	146,047	145,362	139,877
Employment-population ratio	64.3	64.4	63.7	62.7	62.3	62.3	62.7	63.1	63.0	62.2	59.3
Unemployed	5,880	5,692	6,801	8,378	8,774	8,149	7,591	7,001	7,078	8,924	14,265
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.0	4.7	5.8	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.6	5.8	9.3
Not in the labor force	68,385	69,994	71,359	72,707	74,658	75,956	76,762	77,387	78,743	79,501	81,659

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years.

28. Annual data: Employment levels by industry

[In thousands]

[III IIIOusaiius]											
Industry	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total private employment	108,686	110,995	110,708	108,828	108,416	109,814	111,899	114,113	115,380	114,281	108,369
Total nonfarm employment	128,993	131,785	131,826	130,341	129,999	131,435	133,703	136,086	137,598	136,790	130,912
Goods-producing	24,465	24,649	23,873	22,557	21,816	21,882	22,190	22,531	22,233	21,334	18,620
Natural resources and mining	598	599	606	583	572	591	628	684	724	767	700
Construction	6,545	6,787	6,826	6,716	6,735	6,976	7,336	7,691	7,630	7,162	6,037
Manufacturing	17,322	17,263	16,441	15,259	14,510	14,315	14,226	14,155	13,879	13,406	11,883
Private service-providing	84,221	86,346	86,834	86,271	86,600	87,932	89,709	91,582	93,147	92,947	89,749
Trade, transportation, and utilities	25,771	26,225	25,983	25,497	25,287	25,533	25,959	26,276	26,630	26,293	24,947
Wholesale trade	5,893	5,933	5,773	5,652	5,608	5,663	5,764	5,905	6,015	5,943	5,625
Retail trade	14,970	15,280	15,239	15,025	14,917	15,058	15,280	15,353	15,520	15,283	14,528
Transportation and warehousing	4,300	4,410	4,372	4,224	4,185	4,249	4,361	4,470	4,541	4,508	4,234
Utilities	609	601	599	596	577	564	554	549	553	559	561
Information	3,419	3,630	3,629	3,395	3,188	3,118	3,061	3,038	3,032	2,984	2,807
Financial activities	7,648	7,687	7,808	7,847	7,977	8,031	8,153	8,328	8,301	8,145	7,758
Professional and business services	15,957	16,666	16,476	15,976	15,987	16,394	16,954	17,566	17,942	17,735	16,580
Education and health services	14,798	15,109	15,645	16,199	16,588	16,953	17,372	17,826	18,322	18,838	19,190
Leisure and hospitality	11,543	11,862	12,036	11,986	12,173	12,493	12,816	13,110	13,427	13,436	13,102
Other services	5,087	5,168	5,258	5,372	5,401	5,409	5,395	5,438	5,494	5,515	5,364
Government	20,307	20,790	21,118	21,513	21,583	21,621	21,804	21,974	22,218	22,509	22,544

29. Annual data: Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm

payrolls, by industry Industry	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Private sector:	1555	2000	2001	2002	2000	2004	2000	2000	2001	2000	2003
Average weekly hours	34.3	34.3	34.0	33.9	33.7	33.7	33.8	33.9	33.9	33.6	33.1
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	13.49	14.02	14.54	14.97	15.37	15.69	16.13	16.76	17.43	18.08	18.62
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	463.15	481.01	493.79	506.75	518.06	529.09	544.33	567.87	590.04	607.95	617.11
Goods-producing:											
Average weekly hours	40.8	40.7	39.9	39.9	39.8	40.0	40.1	40.5	40.6	40.2	39.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.71	15.27	15.78	16.33	16.80	17.19	17.60	18.02	18.67	19.33	19.90
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	599.99	621.86	630.01	651.61	669.13	688.13	705.31	730.16	757.34	776.66	779.79
Natural resources and mining											
Average weekly hours	44.2	44.4	44.6	43.2	43.6	44.5	45.6	45.6	45.9	45.1	43.3
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	16.33	16.55	17.00	17.19	17.56	18.07	18.72	19.90	20.97	22.50	23.29
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	721.74	734.92	757.92	741.97	765.94	803.82	853.71	907.95	962.64	1014.69	1007.92
Construction:	00.0	00.0	00.7	00.4	00.4	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.5	07.0
Average weekly hours	39.0 16.80	39.2 17.48	38.7 18.00	38.4 18.52	38.4 18.95	38.3 19.23	38.6	39.0 20.02	39.0 20.95	38.5	37.6 22.67
Average hourly earnings (in dollars) Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	655.11		695.89			735.55	19.46 750.22		816.66	21.87	852.48
Manufacturing:	000.11	685.78	093.09	711.82	726.83	733.33	730.22	781.21	010.00	842.61	032.40
•	41.4	41.3	40.3	40.5	40.4	40.8	40.7	41.1	41.2	40.8	39.8
Average weekly hours Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	13.85	14.32	14.76	15.29	15.74	16.14	16.56	16.81	17.26	17.75	18.23
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	573.14	590.77	595.19	618.75	635.99	658.49	673.30	691.02	711.56	724.46	725.87
Private service-providing:	0,0	000	000.10	0.0.70	000.00	000.10	0.0.00	001.02			, 20.01
Average weekly hours	32.7	32.7	32.5	32.5	32.3	32.3	32.4	32.5	32.4	32.3	32.1
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	13.09	13.62	14.18	14.59	14.99	15.29	15.74	16.42	17.11	17.77	18.35
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	427.98	445.74	461.08	473.80	484.68	494.22	509.58	532.78	554.89	574.35	588.07
Trade, transportation, and utilities:											
Average weekly hours	33.9	33.8	33.5	33.6	33.6	33.5	33.4	33.4	33.3	33.2	32.9
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	12.82	13.31	13.70	14.02	14.34	14.58	14.92	15.39	15.78	16.16	16.50
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	434.31	449.88	459.53	471.27	481.14	488.42	498.43	514.34	526.07	536.06	542.47
Wholesale trade:											
Average weekly hours	38.6	38.8	38.4	38.0	37.9	37.8	37.7	38.0	38.2	38.2	37.6
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	15.62	16.28	16.77	16.98	17.36	17.65	18.16	18.91	19.59	20.13	20.85
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	602.77	631.40	643.45	644.38	657.29	667.09	685.00	718.63	748.94	769.62	784.72
Retail trade:											
Average weekly hours	30.8	30.7	30.7	30.9	30.9	30.7	30.6	30.5	30.2	30.0	29.9
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	10.45	10.86	11.29	11.67	11.90	12.08	12.36	12.57	12.75	12.87	13.02
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	602.77	631.40	643.45	644.38	657.29	667.09	685.00	718.63	748.94	769.62	784.72
Transportation and warehousing:	07.0	07.4	00.7			07.0	07.0		07.0	00.4	20.4
Average weekly hours	37.6	37.4	36.7	36.8	36.8	37.2	37.0	36.9	37.0	36.4	36.1
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	14.55 547.97	15.05 562.31	15.33 562.70	15.76 579.88	16.25 598.41	16.52 614.96	16.70 618.58	17.28 636.97	17.72 654.95	18.41	18.80 677.72
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	347.97	302.31	302.70	379.00	396.41	014.90	010.30	030.97	034.93	670.37	011.12
Utilities: Average weekly hours	42.0	42.0	41.4	40.9	41.1	40.9	41.1	41.4	42.4	42.7	42.1
Average weekly flours	22.03	22.75	23.58	23.96	24.77	25.61	26.68	27.40	27.88	28.83	29.56
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	924.59	955.66	977.18	979.09	1017.27	1048.44	1095.90	1135.34	1182.65	1230.69	1243.79
Information:	0200	000.00	011110	0.0.00			.000.00			.200.00	12 10.110
Average weekly hours	36.7	36.8	36.9	36.5	36.2	36.3	36.5	36.6	36.5	36.7	36.6
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	18.40	19.07	19.80	20.20	21.01	21.40	22.06	23.23	23.96	24.78	25.45
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	675.47	700.86	730.88	737.77	760.45	777.25	805.08	850.42	874.65	908.99	931.81
Financial activities:											
Average weekly hours	35.8	35.9	35.8	35.6	35.5	35.5	35.9	35.7	35.9	35.8	36.1
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.47	14.98	15.59	16.17	17.14	17.52	17.95	18.80	19.64	20.28	20.83
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	517.57	537.37	557.92	575.54	609.08	622.87	644.99	672.21	705.13	727.07	751.04
Professional and business services:											
Average weekly hours	34.4	34.5	34.2	34.2	34.1	34.2	34.2	34.6	34.8	34.8	34.7
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.85	15.52	16.33	16.81	17.21	17.48	18.08	19.13	20.15	21.18	22.35
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	510.99	535.07	557.84	574.66	587.02	597.56	618.87	662.27	700.82	737.70	775.78
Education and health services:											
Average weekly hours	32.1	32.2	32.3	32.4	32.3	32.4	32.6	32.5	32.6	32.5	32.3
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	13.44	13.95	14.64	15.21	15.64	16.15	16.71	17.38	18.11	18.87	19.49
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	431.35	449.29	473.39	492.74	505.69	523.78	544.59	564.94	590.09	613.73	628.59
Leisure and hospitality:	66.6	20.1	25.5	25.5	05.0					0= -	215
Average weekly hours	26.1	26.1	25.8	25.8	25.6	25.7	25.7	25.7	25.5	25.2	24.8
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	7.96	8.32	8.57	8.81	9.00	9.15	9.38	9.75	10.41	10.84	11.11
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	208.05	217.20	220.73	227.17	230.42	234.86	241.36	250.34	265.52	273.39	275.78
Other convices:											
Other services:	22 F	22.5	22.2	22.0	24.4	24.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20 5
Other services: Average weekly hours Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	32.5 12.26	32.5 12.73	32.3 13.27	32.0 13.72	31.4 13.84	31.0 13.98	30.9 14.34	30.9 14.77	30.9 15.42	30.8 16.09	30.5 16.59

NOTE: Data reflect the conversion to the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), replacing the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. NAICS-based data by industry are not comparable with SIC-based data.

30. Employment Cost Index, compensation, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

		20	80			20	09		2010	Percer	t change
Series	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Mar	. 2010
Civilian workers ²	107.6	108.3	109.2	109.5	109.9	110.3	110.8	111.1	111.8	0.6	1.7
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	108.3	109.0	110.1	110.4	110.9	111.1	111.5	111.7	112.5	.7	1.4
Management, business, and financial	108.2	108.9	109.7	109.8	110.0	110.1	110.2	110.4	111.7	1.2	1.5
Professional and related	108.4	109.0	110.4	110.7	111.3	111.6	112.2	112.4	112.9	.4	1.4
Sales and office	. 106.8 105.0	107.7 106.1	108.2 106.0	108.3 105.5	108.4 104.3	108.7 104.5	109.4 105.4	109.7 105.8	110.3 105.9	.5 .1	1.8 1.5
Office and administrative support	108.0	108.6	100.5	110.0	110.8	111.3	111.8	112.1	113.0	.8	2.0
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •											
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction and extraction	. 107.7 108.5	108.4 109.6	109.3 110.3	109.8 110.8	110.1 111.0	110.7 111.6	111.2 112.2	111.6 112.5	112.5 113.2	.8 .6	2.2
Installation, maintenance, and repair	106.5	109.6	108.0	108.6	109.1	109.5	110.0	110.4	111.6	1.1	2.0
Production, transportation, and material moving	105.6	106.2	106.9	107.2	108.0	108.5	109.1	109.3	110.3	.9	2.1
Production	104.8	105.3	105.9	106.2	107.2	107.7	108.1	108.4	109.6	1.1	2.2
Transportation and material moving	106.6	107.3	108.1	108.4	108.9	109.5	110.2	110.4	111.2	.7	2.1
Service occupations	108.4	109.1	110.2	110.6	111.5	111.9	112.6	113.0	113.5	.4	1.8
Workers by industry											
Goods-producing	106.1	106.8	107.3	107.5	108.0	108.2	108.5	108.7	109.8	1.0	1.7
ManufacturingService-providing	. 104.7 107.8	105.1 108.5	105.6 109.5	105.9 109.8	106.5 110.3	106.7 110.6	106.8 111.3	107.0 111.5	108.4 112.2	1.3	1.8 1.7
Education and health services	107.8	100.5	110.8	111.1	111.7	110.0	113.2	113.4	113.7	.3	1.7
Health care and social assistance	108.9	109.6	110.4	110.8	111.7	112.2	112.8	113.2	113.7	.4	1.8
Hospitals	108.4	109.2	110.2	110.8	111.7	112.3	112.9	113.4	114.1	.6	2.1
Nursing and residential care facilities	107.3	108.2	109.0	109.6	110.3	110.8	111.3	111.5	112.1	.5	1.6
Education services	108.3	108.9	111.1	111.3	111.8	112.1	113.5	113.6	113.7	.1	1.7
Elementary and secondary schools	108.2	108.8	111.1	111.4	111.9	112.1	113.9	114.0	114.1	.1	2.0
Public administration ³	109.7	110.1	111.6	112.0	113.0	113.8	114.5	115.1	115.6	.4	2.3
Private industry workers	107.3	108.0	108.7	108.9	109.3	109.6	110.0	110.2	111.1	.8	1.6
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	108.1	108.9	109.6	109.9	110.4	110.5	110.6	110.7	111.8	1.0	1.3
Management, business, and financial	108.0	108.7	109.3	109.5	109.6	109.7	109.7	109.9	111.3	1.3	1.6
Professional and related	108.3 106.6	109.0 107.5	109.9 107.9	110.3 107.9	111.0 107.9	111.1 108.3	111.4 108.8	111.4 109.2	112.2 109.8	.7 .5	1.1 1.8
Sales and related	105.0	107.5	107.9	107.9	107.9	106.5	105.3	105.8	109.8	.0	1.4
Office and administrative support	107.8	108.5	109.2	109.6	110.5	110.9	111.3	111.6	112.6	.9	1.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	107.6	108.3	109.0	109.6	109.9	110.3	110.9	111.2	112.2	.9	2.1
Construction and extraction	108.6	109.7	110.3	110.8	110.9	111.5	112.0	112.4	113.1	.6	2.0
Installation, maintenance, and repair	106.3	106.6	107.4	108.1	108.6	108.9	109.4	109.8	111.1	1.2	2.3
Production, transportation, and material moving	105.5	106.0	106.6	106.9	107.7	108.1	108.6	108.9	109.9	.9	2.0
Production	104.8 106.4	105.2 107.2	105.8 107.7	106.1 107.9	107.1 108.4	107.6 108.9	108.0 109.6	108.3 109.7	109.5 110.5	1.1	2.2 1.9
Transportation and material moving Service occupations	100.4	107.2	107.7	107.9	110.7	110.9	111.7	111.8	112.4	.5	1.5
Workers by industry and occupational group											
Goods-producing industries	106.1	106.8	107.2	107.5	107.9	108.2	108.4	108.6	109.8	1.1	1.8
Management, professional, and related	106.1	106.6	106.7	106.6	106.8	106.7	106.5	106.4	108.0	1.5	1.1
Sales and office	105.1	106.3	106.7	107.1	107.3	107.4	107.5	107.8	108.2	.4	.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	. 108.1	109.0	109.8	110.4	110.4	110.9	111.3	111.7	112.6	.8	2.0
Production, transportation, and material moving	104.8	105.3	105.8	106.2	107.0	107.5	107.8	108.0	109.3	1.2	2.1
Construction	108.9	110.1	110.6	110.9	110.9	111.2	111.5	111.7	112.1	.4	1.1
Manufacturing	104.7	105.1	105.6	105.9	106.5	106.7	106.8	107.0	108.4	1.3	1.8
Management, professional, and related	104.9	105.2	105.4	105.4	105.7	105.7	105.4	105.5	107.2	1.6	1.4
Sales and office.	105.0	106.1	106.7	107.0	107.3	107.1	107.2	107.5	108.2	.7 1.7	.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving	104.6 104.5	104.5 105.0	105.3 105.5	106.0 105.8	106.6 106.7	107.1 107.2	107.4 107.5	107.7 107.8	109.5 109.1	1.7	2.7 2.2
Service-providing industries	107.7	108.5	109.1	109.4	109.8	110.1	110.5	110.8	111.6	.7	1.6
Management, professional, and related	108.5	109.3	110.2	110.6	111.1	111.2	111.4	111.6	112.5	.8	1.3
Sales and office	106.8	107.7	108.0	108.0	108.0	108.4	109.0	109.4	110.0	.5	1.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	106.7	107.3	107.8	108.4	109.0	109.5	110.1	110.4	111.7	1.2	2.5
Production, transportation, and material moving Service occupations	106.4 107.9	107.0 108.7	107.6 109.5	107.8 109.8	108.5 110.7	109.0 111.0	109.7 111.7	109.9 111.9	110.6 112.4	.6 .4	1.9 1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	106.1	107.3	107.6	107.5	107.8	108.1	108.6	108.8	109.9	1.0	1.9

30. Continued—Employment Cost Index, compensation, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

		20	08			20	09		2010	Percent	change
Series	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Mar.	2010
Wholesale trade	105.7	107.2	107.1	106.8	107.1	106.9	106.8	107.0	108.0	0.9	0.8
Retail trade	106.6	107.6	108.2	108.1	108.3	108.8	109.7	110.0	110.9	.8	2.4
Transportation and warehousing	105.6	106.4	106.8	106.9	107.4	107.9	108.3	108.2	109.0	.7	1.5
Utilities	106.5	108.1	108.1	108.9	109.6	110.9	111.2	112.0	115.4	3.0	5.3
Information	106.1	106.2	107.2	107.4	107.7	107.5	108.0	108.3	109.0	.6	1.2
Financial activities	106.8	107.3	107.4	107.1	106.8	107.9	108.3	108.6	109.8	1.1	2.8
Finance and insurance	107.0	107.7	107.6	107.2	106.9	108.1	108.6	108.8	110.0	1.1	2.9
Real estate and rental and leasing	105.5	105.7	106.4	106.6	106.6	106.9	107.4	107.7	109.0	1.2	2.3
Professional and business services	109.0	109.9	110.8	111.6	111.9	111.9	112.1	112.4	113.0	.5	1.0
Education and health services	108.6	109.4	110.3	110.6	111.5	111.9	112.6	112.8	113.3	.4	1.6
Education services	108.1	109.1	111.4	111.3	111.9	112.0	113.2	113.2	113.2	.0	1.2
Health care and social assistance	108.8	109.4	110.1	110.5	111.5	111.9	112.5	112.8	113.3	.4	1.6
Hospitals	108.2	109.1	110.1	110.7	111.5	112.0	112.6	113.2	113.9	.6	2.2
Leisure and hospitality	109.0	109.3	110.6	111.4	112.2	112.0	112.7	112.7	113.5	.7	1.2
Accommodation and food services	109.5	110.0	111.4	112.1	113.0	112.6	113.4	113.5	114.0	.4	.9
Other services, except public administration	108.7	109.4	109.9	109.9	110.8	110.8	111.8	111.5	112.2	.6	1.3
State and local government workers	108.9	109.4	111.3	111.6	112.3	112.9	114.0	114.3	114.6	.3	2.0
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	108.8	109.3	111.3	111.6	112.0	112.6	113.7	113.9	114.1	.2	1.9
Professional and related	108.6	109.1	111.1	111.4	111.9	112.4	113.7	114.0	114.0	.0	1.9
Sales and office	108.8	109.3	111.0	111.3	112.4	113.0	114.3	114.7	115.3	.5	2.6
Office and administrative support	109.3	109.8	111.4	111.8	112.8	113.3	114.7	115.0	115.6	.5	2.5
Service occupations	109.7	110.0	111.9	112.4	113.4	114.0	114.9	115.6	116.1	.4	2.4
Workers by industry											
Education and health services	108.6	109.1	111.2	111.5	111.9	112.4	113.7	114.0	114.1	.1	2.0
Education services	108.4	108.8	111.0	111.2	111.8	112.1	113.5	113.7	113.8	.1	1.8
Schools	108.4	108.8	111.0	111.2	111.8	112.1	113.5	113.7	113.8	.1	1.8
Elementary and secondary schools	108.3	108.8	111.1	111.4	112.0	112.2	114.0	114.1	114.1	.0	1.9
Health care and social assistance	110.1	111.1	112.7	113.2	113.3	114.8	115.3	115.8	116.2	.3	2.6
Hospitals	109.2	109.7	110.8	111.3	112.4	113.5	114.0	114.5	115.2	.6	2.5
Public administration ³	109.7	110.1	111.6	112.0	113.0	113.8	114.5	115.1	115.6	.4	2.3

Cost (cents per hour worked) measured in the Employment Cost Index consists of wages, salaries, and employer cost of employee benefits.
 Consists of private industry workers (excluding farm and household workers) and State and local government (excluding Federal Government) workers.
 Consists of legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities.

NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

31. Employment Cost Index, wages and salaries, by occupation and industry group [December 2005 = 100]

		20	08		2009			2010	Percent	change	
Series	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Mar.	2010
Civilian workers ¹	107.6	108.4	109.3	109.6	110.0	110.4	110.9	111.2	111.7	0.4	1.5
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	108.2	109.0	110.1	110.5	111.0	111.2	111.5	111.8	112.5	.6	1.4
Management, business, and financial		109.0	109.8	110.1	110.4	110.5	110.6	110.9	112.1	1.1	1.5
Professional and related	108.3 106.7	109.0 107.7	110.3 108.1	110.7 108.1	111.2 108.1	111.5 108.6	112.1 109.2	112.2 109.7	112.7 109.9	.4	1.3 1.7
Sales and office	105.7	107.7	106.1	105.6	106.1	104.7	105.7	109.7	109.9	.0	1.8
Office and administrative support	107.8	108.5	109.3	109.8	110.6	111.2	111.6	111.9	112.3	.4	1.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	108.1	109.0	109.9	110.6	110.7	111.2	111.7	112.1	112.6	.4	1.7
Construction and extraction	109.0	109.9	110.7	111.3	111.4	111.8	112.3	112.7	112.8	.1	1.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair	107.0	107.8	108.8	109.6	110.0	110.5	111.1	111.5	112.3	.7	2.1
Production, transportation, and material moving Production	106.1 105.7	106.9 106.5	107.7 107.2	108.0 107.5	108.5 108.2	109.0 108.7	109.6 109.2	109.9 109.4	110.1 109.8	.2	1.5 1.5
Transportation and material moving	106.6	107.3	108.2	108.5	108.8	109.5	110.2	110.4	110.6	.2	1.7
Service occupations	108.0	108.7	109.9	110.3	111.2	111.6	112.4	112.7	113.0	.3	1.6
Workers by industry	107.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100 5	100.0	140.4	140 5		4.0
Goods-producing	107.1 . 105.9	108.0 106.7	108.6 107.4	109.0 107.7	109.2 108.1	109.5 108.4	109.8 108.6	110.1 108.9	110.5 109.4	.5	1.2 1.2
Service-providing	107.7	108.5	109.4	109.7	110.2	110.5	111.1	111.4	111.9	.4	1.5
Education and health services	108.0	108.7	110.2	110.5	111.0	111.4	112.3	112.6	112.8	.2	1.6
Health care and social assistance	108.9	109.6	110.4	110.9	111.7	112.2	112.8	113.2	113.6	.4	1.7
Hospitals	108.4	109.4	110.5	111.3	112.0	112.6	113.2	113.7	114.0	.3	1.8
Nursing and residential care facilities Education services	107.4 107.3	108.1 107.9	109.1 110.0	109.7 110.2	110.3 110.5	110.9 110.7	111.4 111.8	111.7 112.0	112.1 112.2	.4	1.6 1.5
Elementary and secondary schools	107.3	107.5	109.9	110.2	110.3	110.7	112.0	112.0	112.2	.2	1.7
Public administration ²	108.2	108.6	109.9	110.4	111.3	112.3	112.8	113.3	113.7	.4	2.2
Private industry workers	107.6	108.4	109.1	109.4	109.8	110.1	110.6	110.9	111.4	.5	1.5
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	108.5	109.3	110.1	110.5	111.1	111.1	111.3	111.5	112.5	.9	1.3
Management, business, and financial Professional and related	108.2 108.7	109.0 109.5	109.7 110.4	110.0 110.9	110.3 111.6	110.3 111.8	110.4 112.1	110.8 112.1	112.0 112.8	1.1	1.5 1.1
Sales and office	106.7	109.3	108.0	108.0	107.9	108.3	109.0	109.4	109.6	.2	1.6
Sales and related	105.3	106.6	106.4	105.7	104.3	104.7	105.7	106.2	106.2	.0	1.8
Office and administrative support	107.7	108.5	109.2	109.7	110.6	111.1	111.4	111.8	112.2	.4	1.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	. 108.1	109.0	109.8	110.5	110.6	111.0	111.6	112.0	112.5	.4	1.7
Construction and extraction Installation, maintenance, and repair	109.2 106.8	110.1 107.6	110.8 108.5	111.5 109.3	111.4 109.7	111.7 110.2	112.3 110.7	112.7 111.2	112.9 112.1	.2	1.3 2.2
Production, transportation, and material moving	106.0	106.8	107.5	107.8	108.3	108.8	109.4	109.6	109.8	.2	1.4
Production	105.6	106.4	107.2	107.4	108.1	108.5	109.0	109.3	109.6	.3	1.4
Transportation and material moving	106.5	107.4	108.0	108.3	108.5	109.2	109.9	110.1	110.2	.1	1.6
Service occupations	107.9	108.8	109.7	110.1	111.0	111.2	112.1	112.3	112.6	.3	1.4
Workers by industry and occupational group Goods-producing industries	107.1	108.0	108.6	109.0	109.2	109.5	109.8	110.0	110.5	.5	1.2
Management, professional, and related	107.1	108.0	108.6	109.0	109.2	109.5	109.8	109.4	110.5	1.0	1.1
Sales and office	105.8	107.2	107.6	107.9	108.1	108.3	108.4	108.8	108.4	4	.3
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	108.8	109.6	110.5	111.3	111.1	111.4	111.9	112.3	112.6	.3	1.4
Production, transportation, and material moving	105.7	106.6	107.3	107.6	108.0	108.5	108.9	109.1	109.4	.3	1.3
Construction	109.0	110.0	110.6	111.1	111.2	111.4	111.7	111.9	112.1	.2	.8
Manufacturing	. 105.9	106.7	107.4	107.7	108.1	108.4	108.6	108.9	109.4	.5	1.2
Management, professional, and related Sales and office	106.7 . 105.5	107.2 106.9	107.6 107.6	107.8 108.1	108.4 108.2	108.5 108.2	108.6 108.3	108.7 108.7	110.0 108.3	1.2 4	1.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	105.5	100.9	107.0	109.0	108.2	100.2	100.3	109.9	110.4	.5	1.5
Production, transportation, and material moving	105.4	106.3	107.1	107.3	107.7	108.2	108.6	108.9	109.2	.3	1.4
Service-providing industries	107.7	108.6	109.3	109.6	110.0	110.3	110.8	111.1	111.7	.5	1.5
Management, professional, and related	. 108.6 106.8	109.4 107.7	110.3 108.0	110.8 108.0	111.4 107.9	111.5 108.3	111.7 109.0	111.9 109.5	112.8 109.8	.8	1.3 1.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	106.8	107.7	108.0	108.0	107.9	110.5	111.2	111.6	112.5	.8	2.4
Production, transportation, and material moving	106.3	107.1	107.8	108.1	108.6	109.3	110.0	110.2	110.4	.2	1.7
Service occupations	108.0	108.8	109.7	110.1	111.0	111.3	112.2	112.3	112.6	.3	1.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	105.9	107.2	107.5	107.4	107.8	108.2	108.7	108.9	109.5	.6	1.6

31. Continued—Employment Cost Index, wages and salaries, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

		20	80			20	09		2010	Percent	change
Series	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Mar.	2010
Wholesale trade	105.2	107.2	106.8	106.4	106.8	106.5	106.2	106.4	107.1	0.7	0.3
Retail trade	106.4	107.6	108.1	108.1	108.3	108.9	110.0	110.4	111.0	.5	2.5
Transportation and warehousing	105.0	106.0	106.7	106.9	107.2	107.9	108.3	108.3	108.7	.4	1.4
Utilities	108.0	109.3	109.3	109.6	111.0	112.0	112.2	113.3	113.9	.5	2.6
Information	105.3	106.3	107.3	107.5	107.8	108.1	108.7	109.1	109.6	.5	1.7
Financial activities	107.2	107.7	107.7	107.2	106.8	107.9	108.5	108.9	109.8	.8	2.8
Finance and insurance	107.9	108.4	108.2	107.6	107.1	108.5	109.0	109.4	110.2	.7	2.9
Real estate and rental and leasing	104.5	104.7	105.3	105.7	105.6	105.8	106.3	106.8	107.9	1.0	2.2
Professional and business services	109.1	110.0	111.0	111.9	112.3	112.2	112.3	112.7	113.3	.5	.9
Education and health services	108.6	109.2	110.2	110.6	111.4	111.8	112.5	112.8	113.2	.4	1.6
Education services	107.9	108.6	110.8	110.8	111.1	111.2	112.2	112.6	112.5	1	1.3
Health care and social assistance	108.7	109.4	110.1	110.6	111.5	111.9	112.5	112.8	113.3	.4	1.6
Hospitals	108.2	109.2	110.3	111.1	111.8	112.3	112.9	113.4	113.7	.3	1.7
Leisure and hospitality	109.7	109.9	111.4	112.3	113.1	112.8	113.7	113.8	114.5	.6	1.2
Accommodation and food services	110.0	110.4	111.9	112.8	113.7	113.2	114.2	114.3	114.7	.3	.9
Other services, except public administration	109.2	109.9	110.4	110.4	111.4	111.4	112.5	112.1	112.3	.2	.8
State and local government workers	107.7	108.2	110.1	110.4	110.9	111.5	112.4	112.6	112.9	.3	1.8
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	107.6	108.2	110.1	110.4	110.7	111.2	112.1	112.3	112.5	.2	1.6
Professional and related	107.5	108.1	110.1	110.3	110.6	111.1	112.1	112.3	112.5	.2	1.7
Sales and office	107.4	107.9	109.3	109.7	110.5	111.2	112.1	112.4	112.9	.4	2.2
Office and administrative support	107.8	108.3	109.7	110.1	111.0	111.6	112.6	112.9	113.3	.4	2.1
Service occupations	108.3	108.6	110.4	110.9	112.0	112.7	113.3	113.8	114.3	.4	2.1
Workers by industry											
Education and health services	107.5	108.1	110.2	110.5	110.7	111.1	112.1	112.3	112.5	.2	1.6
Education services	107.2	107.7	109.9	110.1	110.4	110.7	111.7	111.9	112.1	.2	1.5
Schools	107.2	107.7	109.9	110.1	110.4	110.7	111.7	111.9	112.1	.2	1.5
Elementary and secondary schools	106.9	107.5	109.8	110.1	110.3	110.5	112.0	112.1	112.3	.2	1.8
Health care and social assistance	110.1	111.0	112.8	113.4	113.1	114.8	115.2	115.6	115.9	.3	2.5
Hospitals	109.8	110.3	111.4	112.1	112.8	114.0	114.4	114.9	115.4	.4	2.3
Public administration ²	108.2	108.6	109.9	110.4	111.3	112.3	112.8	113.3	113.7	.4	2.2

Consists of private industry workers (excluding farm and household workers) and State and local government (excluding Federal Government) workers.
 Consists of legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities.
 NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North

American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

32. Employment Cost Index, benefits, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

		20	80			20	09		2010	Percent	change
Series	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Mar.	2010
Civilian workers	107.6	108.1	108.9	109.1	109.7	110.0	110.6	110.7	112.1	1.3	2.2
Private industry workers	106.5	107.0	107.5	107.7	108.2	108.4	108.7	108.8	110.4	1.5	2.0
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	107.3	107.9	108.5	108.5	108.8	108.8	108.9	108.8	110.2	1.3	1.3
Sales and office	106.5	107.0	107.6	107.8	108.0	108.1	108.5	108.7	110.2	1.4	2.0
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	106.5	107.0	107.5	107.7	108.2	108.8	109.3	109.5	111.6	1.9	3.1
Production, transportation, and material moving	104.4	104.5	104.8	105.1	106.4	106.8	107.1	107.4	110.0	2.4	3.4
Service occupations	107.6	108.5	108.7	108.8	109.7	110.0	110.4	110.5	111.7	1.1	1.8
Workers by industry											
Goods-producing	104.0	104.4	104.6	104.7	105.4	105.7	105.7	105.8	108.4	2.5	2.8
Manufacturing	102.3	102.2	102.3	102.5	103.5	103.6	103.4	103.6	106.6	2.9	3.0
Service-providing	107.6	108.1	108.7	108.9	109.3	109.5	109.9	109.9	111.3	1.3	1.8
State and local government workers	111.4	111.8	113.9	114.2	115.2	115.8	117.5	117.9	118.3	.3	2.7

NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior

to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

33. Employment Cost Index, private industry workers by bargaining status and region

[December 2005 = 100]

		20	80			20	09		2010	Percent	change
Series	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	3 months ended	12 months ended
									•	Mar.	2010
COMPENSATION											
Workers by bargaining status ¹											
Union	. 105.9	106.7	107.4	108.0	109.1	109.8	110.5	111.1	112.8	1.5	3.4
Goods-producing	104.6	105.6	106.2	106.9	108.0	108.9	109.5	110.0	112.0	1.8	3.7
Manufacturing	. 101.4	101.7	102.1	102.8	104.4	104.8	105.4	105.8	108.6	2.6	4.0
Service-providing	107.0	107.5	108.3	108.8	109.9	110.6	111.3	111.9	113.5	1.4	3.3
Nonunion	. 107.5	108.3	108.9	109.1	109.4	109.6	109.9	110.1	110.9	.7	1.4
Goods-producing	106.5	107.1	107.6	107.7	107.9	108.0	108.0	108.2	109.1	.8	1.1
Manufacturing	. 105.6	106.2	106.6	106.8	107.1	107.3	107.3	107.5	108.5	.9	1.3
Service-providing	107.7	108.6	109.2	109.4	109.8	110.0	110.4	110.6	111.3	.6	1.4
Workers by region ¹											
Northeast	. 107.4	108.1	108.7	109.5	109.8	110.2	110.7	111.0	111.8	.7	1.8
South	. 107.8	108.5	109.1	109.3	109.8	110.1	110.6	110.7	111.5	.7	1.5
Midwest	. 106.0	107.0	107.4	107.6	107.9	108.1	108.4	108.6	109.9	1.2	1.9
West	. 107.8	108.4	109.3	109.4	109.9	110.1	110.3	110.7	111.4	.6	1.4
WAGES AND SALARIES											
Workers by bargaining status ¹											
Union	. 105.5	106.7	107.4	108.1	108.8	109.6	110.2	110.9	111.5	.5	2.5
Goods-producing	105.2	106.4	107.1	107.7	108.2	108.8	109.5	109.8	110.2	.4	1.8
Manufacturing	. 103.4	104.4	104.9	105.5	106.0	106.4	107.0	107.3	107.8	.5	1.7
Service-providing	105.8	106.9	107.7	108.3	109.2	110.1	110.8	111.6	112.4	.7	2.9
Nonunion	. 107.9	108.7	109.4	109.6	110.0	110.2	110.6	110.9	111.4	.5	1.3
Goods-producing	107.7	108.4	109.0	109.3	109.5	109.7	109.9	110.1	110.6	.5	1.0
Manufacturing	. 106.6	107.3	108.0	108.2	108.6	108.9	109.1	109.3	109.8	.5	1.1
Service-providing	107.9	108.8	109.4	109.7	110.1	110.3	110.8	111.0	111.6	.5	1.4
Workers by region ¹											
Northeast	. 107.5	108.2	108.7	109.6	109.9	110.3	110.8	111.1	111.7	.5	1.6
South		109.1	109.8	110.0	110.4	110.7	111.3	111.5	111.9	.4	1.4
Midwest		107.5	107.9	108.0	108.4	108.6	108.9	109.2	109.9	.6	1.4
West		108.9	109.9	110.1	110.5	110.8	111.2	111.6	112.1	.4	1.4

¹ The indexes are calculated differently from those for the occupation and industry groups. For a detailed description of the index calculation, see the Monthly Labor Review Technical Note, "Estimation procedures for the Employment Cost Index," May 1982.

NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

34. National Compensation Survey: Retirement benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003–2007

Series –		Ye	ar		
Series	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
All retirement					
Percentage of workers with access					
All workers	57	59	60	60	61
White-collar occupations ²	67	69	70	69	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	76
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	64
Blue-collar occupations ²	59	59	60	62	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	6
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	6
Service occupations	28	31	32	34	3
Full-time	67	68	69	69	7
Part-time	24	27	27	29	3
Union	86	84	88	84	8
Non-union	54	56	56	57	5
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	45	46	46	47	4
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	76	77	78	77	7
Goods-producing industries	70	70	71	73	7
Service-providing industries	53	55	56	56	5
Establishments with 1-99 workers	42	44	44	44	4
Establishments with 100 or more workers	75	77	78	78	7
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers	49	50	50	51	5
White-collar occupations ²	59	61	61	60	_
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	6
Sales and office		-		-	5
Blue-collar occupations ²	50	50	51	52	_
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	5
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	- 04	5
Service occupations.	21	22	22	24	2
Full-time	58	60	60	60	6
Part-time	18	20	19	21	2
Union	83	81 47	85	80 47	8
Non-union Average wage less than \$15 per hour	45 35	36	46 35	36	3
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	70	71	71	70	6
Goods-producing industries	63	63	64	64	6
Service-providing industries	45	47	47	47	4
Establishments with 1-99 workers	35	37	37	37	3
Establishments with 100 or more workers	65	67	67	67	6
Take-up rate (all workers) ³	-	-	85	85	84
Defined Benefit					
Percentage of workers with access					
All workers	20	21	22	21	2
White-collar occupations ²	23	24	25	23	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	2
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	1
Blue-collar occupations ²	24	26	26	25	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	2
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	2
Service occupations	8	6	7	8	
Full-time	24	25	25	24	2
Part-time	8	9	10	9	1
Union	74	70	73	70	6
Non-union	15	16	16	15	1
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	12	11	12	11	1
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	34	35	35	34	3
Goods-producing industries	31	32	33	32	2
Service-providing industries	17	18	19	18	1
Establishments with 1-99 workers	9	9	10	9	
Establishments with 100 or more workers	34	35	37	35	3

34. Continued—National Compensation Survey: Retirement benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series		Ye	ear		
551.65	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
Paraentage of weekers portionating					
Percentage of workers participating All workers	20	21	21	20	20
White-collar occupations ²	22	24	24	22	20
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	28
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	17
Blue-collar occupations ²	24	25	26	25	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	2
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	2
Service occupations	7	6	7	7	7
Full-time	24	24	25	23	23
Part-time	8	9	9 72	8	
Non-union	72 15	69 15	15	68 14	6 ⁻
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	11	11	11	10	10
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	33	35	34	33	32
Goods-producing industries	31	31	32	31	28
		_		-	
Service-providing industries	16	18	18	17	18
Establishments with 1-99 workers	8	9	9	9	
Establishments with 100 or more workers	33	34	36	33	33
Take-up rate (all workers) ³	-	-	97	96	95
Defined Contribution					
Percentage of workers with access					
All workers	51	53	53	54	55
White-collar occupations ²	62	64	64	65	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	7
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	60
Blue-collar occupations ²	49	49	50	53	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	_	-	51
Production, transportation, and material moving	_	_	_	_	56
Service occupations	23	27	28	30	32
Full-time.	60	62	62	63	64
Part-time	21	23	23	25	27
Union	45	48	49	50	49
Non-union	51	53	54	55	56
	40	41	41	43	44
Average wage less than \$15 per hour				_	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	67	68	69	69	69
Goods-producing industries	60	60	61	63	62
Service-providing industries	48	50	51	52	53
Establishments with 1-99 workers	38	40	40	41	42
Establishments with 100 or more workers	65	68	69	70	70
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers	40	42	42	43	43
White-collar occupations ²	51	53	53	53	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	6
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	47
Blue-collar occupations ²	38	38	38	40	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	40
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	4
Service occupations	16	18	18	20	20
Full-time	48	50	50	51	50
Part-time	14	14		16	18
Union	39	42	43	44	4
Non-union					4:
	40	42		43	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	29	30	29	31	30
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	57	59	59	58	57
Goods-producing industries	49	49	50	51	49
Service-providing industries	37	40		40	4
Establishments with 1-99 workers	31	32	32	33	33
Establishments with 100 or more workers	51	53	53	54	53
Take-up rate (all workers) ³	_	_	78	79	77

34. Continued—National Compensation Survey: Retirement benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series		Υe	ear		
Series	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
Employee Contribution Requirement					
Employee contribution required	-	-	61	61	65
Employee contribution not required	-	-	31	33	35
Not determinable	-	-	8	6	0
Percent of establishments					
Offering retirement plans	47	48	51	48	46
Offering defined benefit plans	10	10	11	10	10
Offering defined contribution plans	45	46	48	47	44

¹ The 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) replaced the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) System. Estimates for goods-producing and service-providing (formerly service-producing) industries are considered comparable. Also introduced was the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) to replace the 1990 Census of Population system. Only service occupations are considered comparable.

Note: Where applicable, dashes indicate no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria.

² The white-collar and blue-collar occupation series were discontinued effective 2007.

³ The take-up rate is an estimate of the percentage of workers with access to a plan who participate in the plan.

35. National Compensation Survey: Health insurance benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series	-	П	Year	-	
33/103	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
Medical insurance					
Percentage of workers with access	60	60	70	74	7
All workers	60 65	69 76	70	71 77	7
Management, professional, and related	65	76	77	11	8
Sales and office					7
Blue-collar occupations ²	64	76	77	77	,
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-		-	7
Production, transportation, and material moving	_	_	_	_	7
Service occupations.	38	42	44	45	4
Full-time.	73	84	85	85	8
Part-time	17	20	22	22	2
Union	67	89	92	89	8
Non-union	59	67	68	68	6
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	51	57	58	57	5
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	74	86	87	88	8
Goods-producing industries	68	83	85	86	8
Service-providing industries	57	65	66	66	6
Establishments with 1-99 workers	49	58	59	59	5
Establishments with 100 or more workers	72	82	84	84	8
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers	45	53	53	52	5
White-collar occupations ²	50	59	58	57	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	(
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	
Blue-collar occupations 2	51	60	61	60	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	
Service occupations	22	24	27	27	
Full-time	56	66	66	64	(
Part-time	9	11	12	13	
Union	60	81	83	80	7
Non-union	44	50	49	49	4
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	35	40	39	38	;
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	61	71	72	71	
Goods-producing industries	57	69	70	70	
Service-providing industries	42	48	48	47	
Establishments with 1-99 workers	36	43	43	43	
Establishments with 100 or more workers	55	64	65	63	
Take-up rate (all workers) ³	-	-	75	74	
ental					
Percentage of workers with access					
All workers	40	46	46	46	
White-collar occupations 2	47	53	54	53	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	
Blue-collar occupations ²	40	47	47	46	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	
Service occupations	22	25	25	27	
Full-time	49	56	56	55	
Part-time	9	13	14	15	
Union	57	73	73	69	
Non-union	38	43	43	43	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	30	34	34	34	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	55	63	62	62	(
Goods-producing industries	48	56	56	56	
Service-providing industries	37	43	43	43	
Establishments with 1-99 workers.	27	31	31	31	;
Establishments with 100 or more workers	55	64	65	64	(

35. Continued—National Compensation Survey: Health insurance benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series			Year		
Series	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers	32	37	36	36	36
White-collar occupations ²	37	43	42	41	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	5
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	33
Blue-collar occupations ²	33	40	39	38	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	36
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	38
Service occupations	15	16	17	18	20
Full-time	40	46	45	44	44
Part-time	6	8	9	10	9
Union	51	68	67	63	62
Non-union	30	33	33	33	33
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	22	26	24	23	23
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	47	53	52	52	5
Goods-producing industries	42	49	49	49	45
Service-providing industries	29	33	33	32	30
Establishments with 1-99 workers	21	24	24	24	24
Establishments with 100 or more workers	44	52	51	50	49
Take-up rate (all workers) ³	-	-	78	78	77
Vision care					
Percentage of workers with access	25	29	29	29	29
Percentage of workers participating	19	22	22	22	22
Outpatient Prescription drug coverage					
Percentage of workers with access	-	-	64	67	68
Percentage of workers participating	-	-	48	49	49
Percent of estalishments offering healthcare benefits	58	61	63	62	60
Percentage of medical premium paid by					
Employer and Employee					
Single coverage					
Employer share	82	82	82	82	8
Employee share	18	18	18	18	19
Family coverage					
Employer share	70	69	71	70	7
Employee share	30	31	29	30	29

¹ The 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) replaced the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) System. Estimates for goods-producing and service-providing (formerly service-producing) industries are considered comparable. Also introduced was the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) to replace the 1990 Census of Population system. Only service occupations are considered comparable.

Note: Where applicable, dashes indicate no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ The white-collar and blue-collar occupation series were discontinued effective 2007.

³ The take-up rate is an estimate of the percentage of workers with access to a plan who participate in the plan.

36. National Compensation Survey: Percent of workers in private industry with access to selected benefits, 2003-2007

Benefit			Year		
benefit	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Life insurance	50	51	52	52	58
Short-term disabilty insurance	39	39	40	39	39
Long-term disability insurance	30	30	30	30	31
Long-term care insurance	11	11	11	12	12
Flexible work place	4	4	4	4	5
Section 125 cafeteria benefits					
Flexible benefits	-	-	17	17	17
Dependent care reimbursement account	-	-	29	30	31
Healthcare reimbursement account	-	-	31	32	33
Health Savings Account	-	-	5	6	8
Employee assistance program	-	-	40	40	42
Paid leave					
Holidays	79	77	77	76	77
Vacations	79	77	77	77	77
Sick leave	-	59	58	57	57
Personal leave	-	-	36	37	38
Family leave					
Paid family leave	-	-	7	8	8
Unpaid family leave	-	-	81	82	83
Employer assistance for child care	18	14	14	15	15
Nonproduction bonuses	49	47	47	46	47

Note: Where applicable, dashes indicate no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria.

37. Work stoppages involving 1,000 workers or more

Measure	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
weasure	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar. ^p
Number of stoppages:															
Beginning in period	15	5	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1
In effect during period	16	5	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	1
Workers involved:															
Beginning in period (in thousands)	72.2	12.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	1.5	1.9	0.0	0.0	6.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5
In effect during period (in thousands).	136.8	16.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	4.0	1.9	1.9	0.0	6.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5
Days idle:															
Number (in thousands)	1954.1	124.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	43.5	5.7	15.2	0.0	29.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5
Percent of estimated working time 1	0.01	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Agricultural and government employees are included in the total employed and total working time; private household, forestry, and fishery employees are excluded. An explanation of the measurement of idleness as a percentage of the total time

worked is found in "Total economy measures of strike idleness," Monthly Labor Review, October 1968, pp. 54–56.

NOTE: p = preliminary.

38. Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

COMPUBLIER PRICE INDEX All Journal ALL UNBANA COMPUBLIERS ALL LOW JOURNAL ALL UNBANA COMPUBLIERS		Annual	average					20	009						2010	
Consistance Process DINCK FORM ALT BRITTON 216.302 216.507 217.700 218.007 218	Series	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	Mav	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
All servers (1967 = 100). 04456 64.050 64.05	CONSUMER PRICE INDEX					,										
All bernet (1967 = 100)	FOR ALL URBAN CONSUMERS															
Food and benemges	All items	1	214.537	212.709	213.240			215.351	215.834			216.330	215.949	216.687	216.741	217.631
Food at home									1							
Expos Content and battery products. 244.65 265.02 271.00 275.00	-									1						
Ceremina and hasheny products. 24.683 25.6967 26.098 25.079 26.																
Maste, postly, fish, and agegs																1
Department Company C																1
Enter and volgentaires. 10.045 16.04																
Name charles (1997) 1997 1									1							1
Other foods a horns		210.932	272.945	274.759	214.291	274.006	272.000	270.940	207.309	207.009	209.407	209.032	273.109	279.119	274.903	200.431
Description of the following continues 184,166 181,267 191,232 191,332 191,332 191,332 191,332 191,332 191,332 191,332 191,332 191,332 191,332 191,332 191,332 191,333 191	•															
Sugar and sweets																1
Fast and oils. 1967-75 201.242 201.778 201.245 201.778 201.046 201.078																
Other foods. 1994 (2) 239 22-98 22-88 2	-															1
Product samp from home																
Content food away from home 2 15,769 23,727 22,216 22,956 23,032 23,169 23,035 23,035 24,030 22,424 22,438 22,439 24,839 24,955 24,																
Check pool award from horners 2		1														
Alchocis bewerges	Food away from home	1														224.991
Sheeling	Other food away from home ^{1,2}															
Shelter										1						
Rent of primary residence																248.052
Lodging away from home. 43.66 34.245 37.716 37.700 36.860 38.381 39.241 37.841 33.700 33.485 22.840 22.830 22.878 22.891 23.485 32.840		1														1
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence ² Tenants and household insurance ³² 118.84 118.84 118.85																133.075
Tenants and household insurance 12 Tenants and induseshold insurance 12 Tenants and boys appared 113,032 Tenants and induseshold insurance 12 Tenants and boys appared 113,032 Tenants and induseshold insurance 12 Tenants and boys appared 113,032 Tenants and	_								1							256.272
Fuels and utilities.																
Fuel oil and other fuels. 30.080 88.113 88.736 184.903 184.736 185.736 180.687 180.736 180									1							
Fuel oil and other fuels																1
Gas (piped) and electricity 2022 193.563 194.76 196.86 198.61 196.74 196.77 196.77 196.76 196.77																276.027
Household furnishings and operations.		1														
Apparel																
Momen's and boys' apparel																
Mones and girls' apparel 117.460 108.091 111.079 111.071 109.460 104.055 101.088 103.991 112.535 112.535 112.835 111.460 103.303 105.33 105.818 111.160 111.079 111.079 111.079 111.079 111.079 111.079 111.070 111.079	15.15	1							1							113.104
Fromear	* **		108.091	111.079	111.871	109.460		101.688	103.991	1	113.838	111.460	108.304	103.353		111.730
Fromear	Infants' and toddlers' apparel	113 762	11/1/180	115 5/18	117 084	11/1 1/12	113 015	111 022	113 673	116 300	117 300	116 312	112 605	113 2/18	11/1 318	115 020
Transportation	**	1														128.525
Private transportation 191.039 174.762 165.023 167.576 171.757 179.649 178.303 179.967 179.466 180.896 184.099 183.766 186.308 185.274 187.7									1							192.130
New and used motor vehicles 2 93.291 93.486 92.109 92.381 92.701 93.020 93.413 93.126 93.440 95.131 96.039 96.421 96.660 97.020 97.02 New vehicles		1							1							187.796
New vehicles								93.413	93.126	93,440	95.131					97.032
Used cars and trucks \(^1\) 133.951 \(^126.073\) 127.965 \(^220.1786\) 279.652 \(^220.1786\) 279.652 \(^220.1786\) 279.655 \(^220.1786\) 279.655 \(^220.1786\) 277.457 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.1565\) 127.467 \(^220.1555\) 127.467 \(^220.15										1						138.600
Motor fuel. 279.652 201.978 168.404 177.272 193.609 225.091 271.860 225.089 220.690 219.015 228.050 224.730 234.106 227.674 237.605 230.005																
Motor vehicle parts and equipment. 128.747 134.050 134.484 134.640 134.347 134.270 133.729 133.531 133.406 133.650 134.234 134.781 135.277 135.649 135.5 Motor vehicle maintenance and repair. 233.859 243.337 242.118 242.649 242.888 242.683 243.031 243.494 244.493 245.393 245.501 245.511 245.417 245.567 245.969 246.5 Modical care. 250.549 236.348 230.735 229.827 228.878 232.540 238.92 238.997 239.855 241.060 244.226 245.032 241.068 241.667 244.7 Modical care commodities. 260.549 236.348 230.735 299.827 238.93 375.739 375.537 377.727 378.552 379.575 379.516 382.688 385.907 387.1 Modical care commodities. 260.549 236.489 397.299 394.837 395.5753 396.648 305.797 307.671 308.379 308.646 308.221 310.494 312.664 314.0 Modical care services. 310.968 319.372 317.460 317.661 319.333 319.652 320.076 320.252 320.756 321.381 321.473 321.827 324.997 325.995 326.2 Modical care commodities. 533.953 567.879 560.995 564.785 564.112 564.406 568.315 570.150 572.991 575.540 581.603 581.698 588.631 598.549 803.8 Modical care commodities. 260.549 240.249 240.493																237.671
Motor vehicle maintenance and repair. 233.859 243.337 242.118 242.649 242.488 242.683 243.031 243.494 244.493 245.393 245.511 245.417 245.567 245.969 246.687 246.0426 246.203 246.065 246.060 244.226 246.203 241.065 241.060 244.226 246.203 241.065 241.060 244.226 245.203 241.065 241.060 244.226 245.203 241.065 241.067 244.266 246.203 246.065	Gasoline (all types)	277.457	201.555	167.826	176.704	193.727	225.526	217.945	225.179	220.542	218.683	227.665	224.260	233.727	227.198	237.356
Public transportation	Motor vehicle parts and equipment	128.747	134.050	134.484	134.640	134.347	134.270	133.729	133.531	133.406	133.650	134.234	134.781	135.277	135.649	135.523
Medical care. 364.065 375.613 373.189 374.170 375.026 375.093 375.739 376.537 377.727 378.552 379.516 382.688 385.907 387.1 Medical care commodities 296.045 305.108 302.990 300.979 304.687 307.671 308.379 308.546 308.221 310.404 312.841 314.040 312.847 327.299 398.373 395.753 396.648 396.750 397.868 398.303 399.160 400.015 401.452 404.937 408.447 409.6 Professional services 533.953 567.879 560.995 564.785 564.112 564.406 568.315 570.150 572.991 575.540 581.603 581.693 389.91 409.62 Recreation 2 113.254 114.272 114.625 114.261 114.261 114.643 114.643 114.675 114.629 114.1661 114.643 114.643 114.643 114.643 114.643 114.643 114.643 114.643 114.643 114.	Motor vehicle maintenance and repair		243.337	242.118	242.649	242.488	242.683	243.031	243.494	244.493	245.393	245.511	245.417	245.567	245.969	246.624
Medical care commodities	Public transportation		236.348						1	239.855		244.226		241.058		244.766
Medical care services	Medical care													382.688	385.907	387.142
Professional services		1								1						314.023
Hospital and related services																409.687
Recreation 2 113.254 114.272 114.625 114.271 114.625 114.261 1																
Video and audio ^{1,2} 102.632 101.276 102.000 102.300 101.947 101.614 101.614 101.474 100.801 100.178 100.199 99.873 99.940 99.532 99.52 Education and communication ² 123.631 127.393 126.187 126.273 126.467 126.194 128.128 129.128 129.128 128.883 129.072 129.105 129.207 129.057 129.057 128.818 129.128 129.128 128.845 128.883 129.072 129.105 129.20 129.128	•															
Education and communication? 123.631 127.393 126.187 126.273 126.487 126.519 126.914 128.128 129.035 129.128 128.845 129.035 129.072 129.105 129.205 120.005 129.005 1	Recreation 2															
Education 2 181.277 190.857 187.298 187.416 187.853 188.179 189.184 193.161 195.595 195.849 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.42 195.00.551 502.812 502.21 195.850 196.137 196.42 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.42 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.43 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.672 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.952 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.952 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.952 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.952 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.952 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.952 195.850 196.137 196.44 195.952 195.850 195.849 195.672 195.850 195.849 195.849 195.672 195.850 195.849 195.672 195.850 195.849 195.849 195		-1								1						
Educational books and supplies	Education and communication	1														
Tuition, other school fees, and child care 522.098 548.971 538.813 539.149 540.498 541.119 543.810 555.402 562.635 563.352 562.623 562.610 562.841 563.544 564.6 Communication 1.2 84.185 84.954 84.922 84.985 85.049 84.975 85.066 84.913 85.044 85.055 84.768 84.899 84.974 84.905 84.914 Information and information processing 1.2 81.352 81.944 82.022 82.090 82.038 81.991 102.267 102.287 102.81 102.674 102.988 11.954 102.674 102.988 11.954 102.674 102.988 11.954 102.674 102.988 11.954 102.674 102.988 11.955 84.768 84.899 84.974 84.905 84.974 84	Education Looks and supplies															
Communication 1.2 84.185 84.954 84.922 84.985 85.049 84.975 85.056 84.913 85.044 85.055 84.768 84.809 84.974 84.905 84.954 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.974 84.905 84.954 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.974 84.905 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.974 84.905 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.974 84.905 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.974 84.905 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.974 84.905 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.974 84.905 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.975 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.975 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.975 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.975 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.975 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.975 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.975 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.975 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.975 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.809 84.975 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.915 84.915 81.055 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.915 84.915 81.055 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.915 81.055 84.915 81.055 84.768 84.91	•••	1														
Information and information processing ^{1,2} 81.352 81.944 82.022 82.090 82.038 81.991 81.835 81.991 81.835 81.998 81.978 81.688 81.728 81.817 81.743 81.7 Telephone services ^{1,2} 100.451 102.392 101.991 102.072 102.267 102.182 102.643 102.674 102.968 102.981 102.58 102.891 102.528 102.707 102.729 102.288 102.2 Information and information processing other than telephone services ^{1,4} 10.061 9.672 9.872 9.881 9.775 9.731 9.604 9.499 9.467 9.501 9.467 9.423 9.457 9.540 9.50 Personal computers and peripheral equipment ^{1,2} 94.944 82.304 86.213 85.714 84.366 83.476 80.838 78.576 77.997 78.213 78.077 77.960 78.323 77.961 78.3 Other goods and services 345.381 368.586 361.156 370.606 369.901 370.599 372.894 372.699 374.219 375.444 376.702 377.330 377.652 377.992 378.8 Tobacco and smoking products 588.682 730.316 679.078 742.443 740.311 746.283 762.907 763.634 771.089 773.758 781.538 783.794 785.574 787.2																
Telephone services 1.2	Communication '	1														
Other goods and smoking products. 10.061 588.682 730.316 679.078 787.24 740.311 746.283 762.907 763.634 771.089 773.758 781.538		1														
other than telephone services 1.4		100.401	102.002	.01.001	.02.012	.02.201	102.102	102.043	102.014	102.300	102.001	102.020	.02.707	.02.129	.02.200	.02.230
Personal computers and peripheral equipment ^{1,2} 94.944 82.304 86.213 85.714 84.366 83.476 80.838 78.576 77.997 78.213 78.077 77.960 78.323 77.961 78.320 77.961 77.960 77	•					_								l		
equipment 1.2 94.944 82.304 86.213 85.714 84.366 83.476 80.838 78.576 77.997 78.213 78.077 77.960 78.323 77.961 78.32		10.061	9.672	9.872	9.881	9.775	9.731	9.604	9.499	9.467	9.501	9.467	9.423	9.457	9.540	9.552
Other goods and services																
Other goods and services	equipment ^{1,2}	94.944	82.304	86.213	85.714	84.366	83.476	80.838	78.576	77.997	78.213	78.077	77.960	78.323	77.961	78.385
Tobacco and smoking products																
									1							
Personal care	Personal care ¹	1												205.789		
1 0100101 0010									1	1				161.627		1
Personal care services 1 223.669 227.588 227.982 227.913 227.672 227.325 227.580 228.286 228.485 228.343 228.629 228.107 228.4		223.669	227.588			227.607	227.572	227.325	227.580	228.286	228.465	228.358	228.343	228.629	228.107	228.429

38. Continued—Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group [1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

Conto		average						09	0			-		2010	
Series	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar
Miscellaneous personal services	338.921	344.469	341.570	342.641	343.051	344.232	344.367	345.137	345.515	347.834	348.792	348.697	349.605	350.780	352.02
Commodity and service group:															
Commodities	174.764	169.698	166.645	167.816	169.060	171.593	170.483	171.081	171.559	172.252	173.061	172.572	173.646	173.419	174.79
Food and beverages	214.225	218 240	218 704	218 364	218 076	218 030	217 608	217 701	217.617	217 057	217 733	218 040	210 223	219.140	210 37
Commodities less food and beverages									147.222				149.439		
Nondurables less food and beverages													187.484		
Apparel													116.678		
Apparei	. 110.907	120.076	122.545	123.200	121.731	110.799	113.020	117.130	122.470	123.990	122.403	119.557	110.076	110.009	122.07
Ion durables less food, beverages,															
and apparel	248.809	219.592	203.557	209.177	216.090	229.692	227.038	230.396	228.954	228.344	232.649	231.169	235.821	233.447	237.68
													== .	===	
Durables	. 110.877												111.731		
Services	255.498	259.154	258.597	258.466	258.433	259.544	259.992	260.355	260.136	259.844	259.323	259.055	259.459	259.792	260.19
Rent of shelter ³	257.152	259.924	260.197	260.469	260.388	260.869	260.935	260.858	260.064	260.035	258.704	258.303	258.382	258.435	258.48
Transportation services	244.074	251.031	247.912	248.696	248.628	249.194	251.184	252.234	253.001	254.449	255.935	256.014	255.216	256.365	257.3
Other services	. 295.780	303.992	302.024	301.668	302.132	303.000	303.761	305.890	307.161	307.011	306.740	306.436	306.916	307.171	307.4
Special indexes:															
-															
All items less food	215.528	214.008	211.775	212.464	213.236	215.389	215.069	215.617	215.795	215.986	216.207	215.703	216.362	216.440	217.4
All items less shelter	205.453	203.301	200.626	201.271	202.171	204.578	204.069	204.776	205.263	205.567	206.286	205.888	206.892	206.948	208.1
All items less medical care									207.949				208.499		
Commodities less food															
Nondurables less food				176.587							189.852		189.578		
Nondurables less food and apparel															
Nondurables															
									280.194						
Services less rent of shelter ³	273.000														
Services less medical care services	244.987												248.023		
Energy									202.243						
All items less energy									219.076						
All items less food and energy													220.086		
Commodities less food and energy	. 140.246												143.125		
Energy commodities	284.352														
Services less energy	. 261.017	265.875	265.147	265.399	265.466	265.993	266.484	267.008	266.894	267.081	266.488	266.237	266.519	266.967	267.2
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR URBAN															
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR URBAN															
WAGE EARNERS AND CLERICAL WORKERS															
All items	211.053	209.630	207.218	207.925	208.774	210.972	210.526	211.156	211.322	211.549	212.003	211.703	212.568	212.544	213.5
All items (1967 = 100)	628.661	624 423	617 239	619 344	621 875	628 422	627 093	628 970	629 462	630 140	631 491	630 600	633.176	633 105	636.0
Food and beverages													218.354		
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	213.376												217.900		
Food	213.017												214.049		
Food at home	1												251.195		
Cereals and bakery products	1												201.411		
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs															
Dairy and related products ¹	209.773														
Fruits and vegetables	276.759	270.562	271.727	271.771	271.530	270.653	269.316	265.730	265.810	267.084	267.049	270.279	276.025	271.974	277.3
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage															
	159.324	162 508	165 /37	162 464	162 /68	162 167	161 650	162 /33	162 306	162 456	160 610	160 7/5	163.439	162 524	162
materials	100.024	102.550	100.407	102.404	102.400	102.107	101.000	102.400	102.550	102.430	100.013	100.743	100.400	102.524	102.
Other foods at home	183.637	190.519	191.594	190.650	190.401	190.657	190.235	190.704	189.892	190.630	188.868	189.197	190.354	190.831	190.2
Sugar and sweets	185.494	195.702	196.015	195.858	194.928	195.773	194.005	194.511	196.027	195.752	197.031	197.258	198.694	200.880	198.7
Fats and oils	197.512	202.003	205.693	201.474	201.470	202.004	201.666	201.199	200.621	200.759	197.400	198.165	200.741	201.356	198.
Other foods.	198.303	205.573	206.468	205.820	205.641	205.759	205.549	206.210	204.823	205.929	203.664	203.972	204.957	205.117	205.0
Other miscellaneous foods 1,2	120.348	122.753	122.837	123.112	123.126	122.537	122.119	122.217	122.496	122.676	121.647	122.796	122.051	121.482	122.5
	215.613												225.015		
Food away from home 1	213.013														
Other food away from home 1,2	149.731	155.607	154.054	154.414	154.409	155.091	156.904	156.769	157.132	156.909	156.853	156.830	157.670	158.826	159.0
Alcoholic beverages	214.579	221.325	220.500	220.243	220.729	221.179	221.517	221.618	221.454	222.555	223.445	223.168	223.565	223.621	223.4
Housing	211.839	213 144	213 213	212 885	212 881	214 034	214 029	213 824	213 391	212 734	212 327	212 142	212.529	212 401	2126
Shelter													242.019		
Rent of primary residence.	242.196												247.574		
Lodging away from home 2	143.164	135.163	138.008	138.008	136.113	139.246	140.873	138.543	134.803	134.586	127.061	124.222	127.150	130.571	134.6
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence 3	228.758	232.499	232.235	232.503	232.739	232.837	232.723	232.977	232.731	232.761	232.635	232.603	232.463	232.354	232.1
Tenants' and household insurance 1,2	119.136	121 935	121 099	121 084	121 160	121 529	121 765	122 254	122.644	122 761	122.830	124 415	125.299	125.367	125.3
Fuels and utilities															
i dois and dunings	217.883													209.171	210.7
Fuels	197.537			182.795									184.843	183.918	
Fuel oil and other fuels	331.784								238.006	246.153	262.340	265.130	284.061	281.157	279.3
Gas (piped) and electricity	200.265	191.981	192.922	188.735	187.982	195.445	195.547	194.211	193.013	187.473	187.572	187.125	188.607	187.730	189.
Household furnishings and operations	123.635			125.458							123.448	123.187	123.339	123.097	122.8
Apparel	1												116.310		
Men's and boys' apparel													109.893		
Women's and girls' apparel	. 107.489								112.086						
1	116.266								119.075						
Infants' and toddlers' apparel 1	404 40-				1727 802	1776 150	1175 046	1125.880	1128 988	1130 596	130.682	1178 637	127.267	1127 843	128.1
Infants' and toddlers' apparel 1Footwear	124.102	127.183	126.858	120.312	127.002	120.130	120.040		.20.000	.00.000	100.002	120.037	127.207		
Footwear															191 2
FootwearTransportation	195.692	176.729	165.978	168.539	173.055	181.730	180.419	182.541	182.024	183.506	186.928	186.839	189.544	188.406	
		176.729	165.978 162.659	168.539 165.299	173.055 169.957	181.730	180.419 177.197	182.541	182.024 178.801	183.506			189.544 186.457		188.

38. Continued—Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

0	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
Series	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar
New vehicles	135.338	136.711	135.744	135.911	136.113	136.800	137.082	135.130	135.672	138.422	139.952	139.962	139.857	139.905	139.65
Used cars and trucks 1	134.731	127.687	121.669	121.850	123.339	125.056	125.817	128.781	130.122	133.458	134.977	138.242	140.023	141.079	141.65
Motor fuel	280.817	202.695				225.876				219.733		225.584	235.083		
Gasoline (all types)	278.728	202.375	168.574	177.510	194.569	226.515	218.757	226.007	221.197	219.509	228.598	225.223	234.825	228.207	238.58
Motor vehicle parts and equipment	128.776	134.133	134.485	134.614	134.439	134.273	133.787	133.587	133.504	133.764	134.346	134.892	135.383	135.694	135.57
Motor vehicle maintenance and repair	236.353	245.795	244.650	245.180	245.036	245.129	245.421	245.871	246.850	247.811	247.972	247.812	247.975	248.479	249.12
Public transportation	247.865		229.034	228.525	227.522	230.926	236.963			239.729		243.453	239.739	240.418	242.94
Medical care	364.208				375.420					379.072		380.302	383.443		1
Medical care commodities	287.970				296.431					299.742			301.890		
Medical care services	386.317	399.165				398.497		400.204					407.286		
Professional services	313.446				322.043					324.284		324.763			
Hospital and related services	530.193						565.448					580.567	587.101	598.149	
Recreation ²	110.143						111.416			110.724		109.851	109.964	110.076	
Video and audio 1,2	102.654	101.602			102.214	102.193		101.867	101.228		100.681	100.400	100.473	100.084	
Education and communication ²	119.827					122.333				124.362		124.156		124.334	
Education ²	178.892	188.143			185.291	185.626	186.596	190.222			192.776	192.760	193.049	193.641	193.9
Educational books and supplies	452.880	485.025				480.024		493.615		497.534		499.478			
Tuition, other school fees, and child care	504.163				521.550			534.825		542.284				544.155	
Communication 1,2	86.807	87.662	87.615	87.671	87.712	87.652	87.780	87.667	87.810		87.468	87.541	87.617	87.501	
Information and information processing ^{1,2} .	84.828	85.571	85.595	85.655	85.624	85.524	85.653	85.532	85.676	85.651	85.331	85.404	85.433	85.314	
Telephone services ^{1,2}	100.502	102.341	101.977	102.048	102.231	102.153	102.587	102.613	102.896	102.818	102.413	102.585	102.504	102.038	102.0
Information and information processing															
other than telephone services 1,4	10.567	10.178	10.378	10.385	10.271	10.238	10.113	10.012	9.975	9.995	9.969	9.935	9.978	10.077	10.0
Personal computers and peripheral															
equipment ^{1,2}	94.863	82.104	86.004	85.406	84.017	83.278	80.736	78.480	77.835	77.939	77.926	77.821	78.278	77.939	78.4
equipment '	357.906	391.628	380.208	394.902			398.448	398.228		401.390		403.970		404.722	
Tobacco and smoking products	591.100		682.115												
	199.170	202.490			202.631			202.221		203.115		203.454	203.575		
Personal care ¹	159.170									162.242			161.689		
Personal care products 1	1		162.516			227.800									
Personal care services 1	223.978 340.533	227.804			345.326			227.751				228.614 349.851	228.793	228.169 352.366	
·	340.333	340.300	344.021	343.010	343.320	340.411	340.323	347.402	347.030	345.203	330.040	349.031	331.329	332.300	333.0
Commodity and service group:															
Commodities		171.452													
Food and beverages	213.546				217.308					217.123					
Commodities less food and beverages Nondurables less food and beverages	. 157.481 205.279	147.327 185.579					189.436			193.394		193.667	195.981	195.059	
Apparel	118.735		122.162												
• •	110.755	113.047	122.102	122.703	121.504	110.547	113.510	117.033	122.170	123.042	122.220	110.304	110.510	110.007	121.0
Nondurables less food, beverages,															
and apparel	263.756				226.621 108.933										
Durables	111.217									110.988				112.618	
Services	250.272				253.482										
Rent of shelter ³	230.555				234.229								233.252		
Transporatation services Other services	242.563 284.319	250.960	247.862 290.043		248.795					254.408			255.577	256.809	
	. 204.319	291.572	290.043	209.730	290.116	290.045	291.373	293.200	294.190	293.936	293.024	293.470	293.972	294.230	294.5
Special indexes:															
All items less food		208.128													
All items less shelter		199.860													1
All items less medical care		202.810													
Commodities less food		149.780													
Nondurables less food		187.718													
Nondurables less food and apparel		228.679													
Nondurables		201.628				205.219				205.647					
Services less rent of shelter ³		245.814													
Services less medical care services		243.796													
Energy		192.594													
All items less food and operay		212.652													
All items less food and energy Commodities less food and energy		212.126 143.099													
		140.099	144.077	140.201	140.170	144.543	144.020	142.034	144.148	140.409	140.090	140.203	140.000	140.122	1
Energy commodities		205.325	172 562	181 024	106 706	227 444	220 264	227 506	223 040	221 010	231 274	228 202	238 217	231 909	2/11 =

NOTE: Index applied to a month as a whole, not to any specific date.

Not seasonally adjusted.
 Indexes on a December 1997 = 100 base.
 Indexes on a December 1982 = 100 base.

⁴ Indexes on a December 1988 = 100 base.

39. Consumer Price Index: U.S. city average and available local area data: all items

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

	Pricing		All	Urban	Consun	ners			Ur	ban Wa	ge Earn	ers	
	sched-		2009			2010			2009			2010	
	ule ¹	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
U.S. city average	М	216.177	216.330	215.949	216.687	216.741	217.631	211.549	212.003	211.703	212.568	212.544	213.525
Region and area size ²													
Northeast urban	M	231.304	231.708	231.462	232.294	232.382	233.188	228.193	229.048	228.794	229.744	229.874	230.622
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	233.415	233.785	233.475	234.109	234.183	235.060	228.720	229.541	229.180	229.919	230.099	230.819
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	137.348	137.646	137.597	138.416	138.491	138.871	137.959	138.527	138.522	139.364	139.379	139.869
Midwest urban ⁴	M	205.706	206.247	205.613	206.564	206.563	207.359	200.781	201.553	200.999	202.180	202.044	202.966
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	206.625	207.277	206.399	207.325	207.329	207.975	200.730	201.626	200.820	201.957	201.758	202.639
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	131.724	131.952	131.742	132.417	132.451	133.096	131.420	131.823	131.639	132.502	132.507	133.140
Size D—Nonmetropolitan (less than 50,000)	M	202.499	203.047	202.738	203.490	203.274	204.204	200.053	200.748	200.471	201.414	201.118	202.072
South urban	M	209.292	209.738	209.476	210.056	210.020	211.216	206.121	206.859	206.716	207.405	207.325	208.621
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	211.152	211.424	210.971	211.762	211.503	212.692	208.577	209.161	208.788	209.619	209.288	210.613
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M										132.508		
Size D—Nonmetropolitan (less than 50,000)	M	212.423	213.372	213.159	213.873	214.007	215.026	212.368	213.396	213.184	213.984	214.172	215.205
West urban	M	220.447	219.728	219.307	219.989	220.179	220.809	214.718	214.228	213.919	214.664	214.710	215.457
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	224.372	223.489	223.058	223.852	223.989	224.636	217.002	216.286	215.988	216.905	216.850	217.700
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	М	133.618	133.335	133.132	133.366	133.513	133.863	133.244	133.149	132.983	133.238	133.325	133.675
Size classes:													
A ⁵	M	197.670	197.697	197.246	197.948	197.949	198.695	195.895	196.187	195.779	196.606	196.516	197.377
B/C ³	M		133.663			134.028							134.274
D	M	209.139	209.567	209.192	209.984	210.098	211.011	207.120	207.739	207.417	208.297	208.368	209.326
Selected local areas ⁶													
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI	M	211.708	212.206	211.185	212.104	212.456	212.952	204.511	205.136	204.196	205.529	205.627	206.381
Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA	M	225.264	224.317	223.643	224.610	224.620	225.483	217.474	216.618	216.233	217.290	217.090	218.157
New York, NY-Northern NJ-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA	M	238.380	238.777	238.427	238.970	238.862	240.101	233.084	233.893	233.448	234.067	234.153	235.240
Boston-Brockton-Nashua, MA-NH-ME-CT	1	_	236.589	_	237.266	_	237.986	_	236.859	_	237.999	_	238.388
Cleveland-Akron, OH	1	_	201.471	_	203.037	_	203.577	_	192.871	_	194.529	_	194.852
Dallas-Ft Worth, TX	1	_	201.958	_	202.106	_	201.982	_	205.297	_	205.456	_	205.351
Washington-Baltimore, DC-MD-VA-WV 7	1	_	140.718	_	141.124	_	141.741	_	140.608	_	141.155	_	141.782
Atlanta, GA	2	201.068	_	200.456	_	202.646	_	199.736	_	199.331	_	201.407	_
Detroit–Ann Arbor–Flint, MI	2	205.079	_	203.880	_	203.380	_	200.324	_	199.614	_	198.913	_
Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX	2	191.608	_	190.932	_	192.412	_	189.304	_	188.842	_	190.351	_
Miami–Ft. Lauderdale, FL	2	222.416		222.943		222.505		220.358	_	221.067		221.074	_
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD	2	224.787		224.800		226.529		224.573		224.732		226.539	
San Francisco–Oakland–San Jose, CA	2	226.051		224.239	_	226.145		221.708		220.121		222.049	_
Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA	2	226.277		225.596		226.085	_	221.339		220.905		221.215	_

Foods, fuels, and several other items priced every month in all areas; most other goods and services priced as indicated:

Report: Anchorage, AK; Cincinnatti, OH-KY-IN; Kansas City, MO-KS; Milwaukee-Racine, Wt; Minneapolis–St. Paul, MN–Wt; Pittsburgh, PA; Port-land–Salem, OR–WA; St Louis, MO–IL; San Diego, CA; Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater, FL.

7 Indexes on a November 1996 = 100 base.

NOTE: Local area CPI indexes are byproducts of the national CPI program. Each local index has a smaller sample size and is, therefore, subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are similar. Therefore, the Bureau of Labor Statistics strongly urges users to consider adopting the national average CPI for use in their escalator clauses. Index applies to a month as a whole, not to any specific date. Dash indicates data not available.

M—Every month.

1—January, March, May, July, September, and November.

2—February, April, June, August, October, and December.

Regions defined as the four Census regions.
 Indexes on a December 1996 = 100 base.

⁴ The "North Central" region has been renamed the "Midwest" region by the Census Bureau. It is composed of the same geographic entities. ⁵ Indexes on a December 1986 = 100 base.

In addition, the following metropolitan areas are published semiannually and appear in tables 34 and 39 of the January and July issues of the *CPI Detailed*

40. Annual data: Consumer Price Index, U.S. city average, all items and major groups

[1982–84 = 100]

[1902-04 = 100]	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Series	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2006	2009
Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers:											
All items:											
Index	166.6	172.2	177.1	179.9	184.0	188.9	195.3	201.6	207.342	215.303	214.537
Percent change	2.2	3.4	2.8	1.6	2.3	2.7	3.4	3.2	2.8	3.8	-0.4
Food and beverages:											
Index	164.6	168.4	173.6	176.8	180.5	186.6	191.2	195.7	203.300	214.225	218.249
Percent change	2.2	2.3	3.1	1.8	2.1	3.3	2.5	2.4	3.9	5.4	1.9
Housing:											
Index	163.9	169.6	176.4	180.3	184.8	189.5	195.7	203.2	209.586	216.264	217.057
Percent change	2.2	3.5	4.0	2.2	2.5	2.5	3.3	3.8	3.1	3.2	0.4
Apparel:											
Index	131.3	129.6	127.3	124.0	120.9	120.4	119.5	119.5	118.998	118.907	120.078
Percent change	-1.3	-1.3	-1.8	-2.6	-2.5	4	7	.0	-0.4	-0.1	1.0
Transportation:											
Index	144.4	153.3	154.3	152.9	157.6	163.1	173.9	180.9	184.682	195.549	179.252
Percent change	2.0	6.2	0.7	9	3.1	3.5	6.6	4.0	2.1	5.9	-8.3
Medical care:											
Index	250.6	260.8	272.8	285.6	297.1	310.1	323.2	336.2	351.054	364.065	375.613
Percent change	3.5	4.1	4.6	4.7	4.0	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.4	3.7	3.2
Other goods and services:											
Index	258.3	271.1	282.6	293.2	298.7	304.7	313.4	321.7	333.328	345.381	368.586
Percent change	8.7	5.0	4.2	3.8	1.9	2.0	2.9	2.6	3.6	3.6	6.7
Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners											
and Clerical Workers:											
All items:											
Index	163.2	168.9	173.5	175.9	179.8	184.5	191.0	197.1	202.767	211.053	209.630
Percent change	2.2	3.5	2.7	1.4	2.2	5.1	1.1	3.2	2.9	4.1	-0.7

41. Producer Price Indexes, by stage of processing

[1982 = 100]

Grouping	Annual	average					20	09						2010	
Grouping	2008	2009	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. ^p	Jan. ^p	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Finished goods	177.1	172.5	169.1	170.3	171.1	174.3	172.4	174.2	173.2	173.8	175.7	176.0	178.3	177.3	179.2
Finished consumer goods	186.3	179.1	174.2	176.0	177.3	181.7	179.2	181.6		180.8	183.3	183.8	187.0	185.6	
Finished consumer foods	178.3	175.5	173.8	175.9	174.0	176.1	173.5	173.9	173.9	175.6	176.9	179.8	180.4	181.0	185.6
Finished consumer goods															
excluding foods	189.1	179.4	173.5	175.2	177.5	182.7	180.2	183.3	181.6	181.6	184.6	184.2	188.2	186.1	188.3
Nondurable goods less food	210.5	194.1	185.2	187.7	191.2	198.7	195.7	200.1	198.1	197.1	201.2	200.9	206.6	203.6	207.0
Durable goods	141.2	144.3	144.1	144.4	144.2	144.7	143.3	143.8	142.9	144.8	145.4	144.9	145.4	145.4	145.0
Capital equipment	153.8	156.7	156.9	156.8	156.3	156.6	155.9	156.4	155.9	157.0	157.5	157.1	157.6	157.4	157.2
Intermediate materials,															
supplies, and components	188.3	172.5	168.0	168.6	170.2	172.7	172.3	174.8	174.7	174.5	176.0	176.6	179.3	179.2	181.0
Materials and components															
for manufacturing	177.2	162.7	159.5	158.9	160.1	160.9	161.6	163.8	164.9	165.2	166.1	167.5	169.1	170.8	172.5
Materials for food manufacturing	180.4	165.1	163.2	164.2	166.2	166.0	163.7	164.1	164.3	164.0	165.7	168.5	168.7	169.8	170.4
Materials for nondurable manufacturing	214.3	191.6	182.3	182.6	187.4	190.1	192.0	196.6	197.1	196.7	199.8	202.9	206.6	211.0	214.7 183.1
Materials for durable manufacturing	203.3 140.3	168.9	165.8 141.3	163.2 140.8	162.1 140.8	162.7 140.7	164.5	168.9 140.8	173.2 140.9	174.6 141.1	174.6 141.1	176.5 141.0	178.8 141.2	180.4 141.4	183.1
Components for manufacturing	140.3	141.0	141.3	140.8	140.8	140.7	140.7	140.8	140.9	141.1	141.1	141.0	141.2	141.4	141.7
Materials and components	005.4		0040		000.0	0000	004.0	004.5		004.0	004 =				0040
for construction	205.4	202.9	204.2	203.2	202.8	202.0	201.9	201.5	202.0	201.9	201.7	202.0	202.0	203.5	204.8
Processed fuels and lubricants	206.2	161.9	146.5	151.4	156.5	167.0	164.1	172.2		167.9	172.6	171.4	180.8	175.1	179.3
Containers	191.8	195.8 172.2	198.4 171.9	197.6 172.0	196.1 172.3	195.4	194.3	193.5 171.9	193.7	193.3 171.7	193.2	193.2 172.5	193.4	197.3	198.3
Supplies	173.8	172.2	171.9	172.0	172.3	172.8	172.2	171.9	172.0	171.7	172.0	172.5	172.9	173.0	173.4
Crude materials for further															
processing	251.8	175.2	160.1	163.9	171.5	179.8	172.9	178.4	173.5	184.0	192.1	195.5	213.1	206.6	213.6
Foodstuffs and feedstuffs	163.4	134.5	131.0	136.5	140.5	141.0	133.2	130.2	127.6	132.0	134.0	138.9	142.9	142.3	147.4
Crude nonfood materials	313.9	197.5	172.6	174.6	184.7	199.8	194.5	207.5	201.0	216.2	229.4	231.2	260.2	248.7	256.7
Special groupings:															
Finished goods, excluding foods	176.6	171.1	167.2	168.3	169.7	173.1	171.3	173.4	172.2	172.6	174.7	174.3	177.0	175.6	176.9
Finished energy goods	178.7	146.9	133.2	137.2	142.9	154.4	149.6	156.1	152.8	151.2	156.8	156.0	163.9	158.9	163.7
Finished goods less energy	169.8	172.3	171.9	172.4	171.7	172.4	171.4	171.8	171.5	172.8 179.7	173.5	174.0	174.6	174.8 182.7	175.8 184.3
Finished consumer goods less energy Finished goods less food and energy	176.9 167.2	179.2 171.5	178.5 171.4	179.2 171.4	178.5 171.1	179.4 171.4	178.2 170.8	178.6 171.2		179.7	180.6 172.6	181.6 172.4	182.3 173.0	173.0	172.9
Finished consumer goods less food															
and energy	176.4	181.6	181.4	181.5	181.3	181.7	181.1	181.5	181.2	182.3	183.1	183.0	183.7	184.0	184.0
Consumer nondurable goods less food	170.4	101.0	101.4	101.5	101.5	101.7	101.1	101.5	101.2	102.5	100.1	100.0	100.7	104.0	104.0
and energy	206.8	214.3	214.0	213.8	213.7	213.9	214.4	214.5	214.9	215.1	215.9	216.4	217.4	218.0	218.5
Intermediate materials less foods															
and feeds	188.7	173.0	168.4	168.9	170.4	172.9	172.7	175.5	175.4	175.3	176.8	177.2	180.1	180.0	182.1
Intermediate foods and feeds	181.6	166.0	163.5	164.5	167.3	169.3	166.5	166.1	165.8	164.5	165.7	168.0	168.5	168.4	167.8
Intermediate energy goods	208.1	162.5	144.1	149.5	157.2	167.8	165.3	174.5		169.8	175.2	173.8	183.7	177.6	
Intermediate goods less energy	180.9	172.8	171.9	171.2	171.3	171.8	171.9	172.7	173.5	173.6	174.0	175.0	175.9	177.4	178.5
Intermediate materials less foods															
and energy	180.9	173.4	172.6	171.8	171.6	171.9	172.3	173.3	174.2	174.4	174.8	175.7	176.6	178.2	179.5
Crude energy materials	309.4	176.8	153.3	155.0	164.2	181.2	173.0	184.1	173.5	193.1	211.0	208.6	241.1	226.1	229.4
Crude materials less energy	205.4	164.8	156.4	161.2	166.9	168.9	163.4	164.5		167.6	169.2	176.3	183.8	183.1	191.4
Crude nonfood materials less energy	324.4	248.4	222.9	224.4	234.9	242.6	247.1	263.6	267.9	270.9	270.9	285.3	304.4	303.4	322.2

p = preliminary.

42. Producer Price Indexes for the net output of major industry groups

[December 2003 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

NAICS	Industry					20	09						2010	
1/103	mausu y	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.p	Jan. ^p	Feb. ^p	Mar.
	Total mining industries (December 1984=100)	159.1	160.5	166.0	180.2	173.0	182.8	177.2	192.3	206.7	208.4	234.4	224.3	223.4
211	Oil and gas extraction (December 1985=100)	154.1	157.0	168.6	192.2	179.9	194.8	186.6	210.8	233.5	235.5	277.3	261.6	258.2
212	Mining, except oil and gas	186.1	187.9	185.0	185.9	186.2	189.3	188.6	189.7	191.6	194.2	196.0	193.4	196.8
213	Mining support activities	109.4	105.6	101.3	100.0	101.2	100.4	98.7	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	100.3	100.6
	Total manufacturing industries (December 1984=100)	162.9	164.2	165.8	168.4	167.1	169.4	168.6	168.9	170.7	170.8	173.0	172.1	173.9
311	Food manufacturing (December 1984=100)	167.6	168.6	170.5	171.4	169.7	169.7	169.5	168.3	169.1	171.2	171.8	172.3	172.
312	Beverage and tobacco manufacturing	120.3	119.6	119.2	119.4	119.4	119.5	119.9	120.6	121.3	121.3	121.9	121.9	122.
313	Textile mills	112.3	112.1	111.8	112.1	111.9	111.8	112.0	112.1	112.4	112.4	112.3	112.9	114.
315	Apparel manufacturing	103.5	103.5	103.3	103.3	103.2	103.3	103.5	103.7	103.6	103.6	103.6	103.5	103.
316	Leather and allied product manufacturing (December 1984=100)	154.7	153.9	153.9	153.6	153.2	154.0	154.0	153.3	152.9	152.8	153.0	153.5	154.
321 322	Wood products manufacturing Paper manufacturing	103.2 125.5	102.8 124.5	102.4 123.1	102.3 122.5	103.2 121.8	103.2 121.7	103.7	102.7 121.7	103.0 122.0	103.5 122.0	103.5 121.7	105.4 122.7	107. 124.
323	Printing and related support activities	109.6	109.4	109.2	109.0	109.0	108.8	121.7 109.0	109.2	109.3	109.4	109.2	109.4	109
324	Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	168.0	186.2	206.5	238.1	225.9	251.6	241.5	240.8	258.4	254.3	275.6	260.7	278
324	(December 1984=100)	100.0	100.2	200.0	200	220.0	201.0	211.0	210.0	200.1	20	2.0.0	200.7	2.0
325	Chemical manufacturing (December 1984=100)	224.6	223.6	222.8	222.4	224.1	224.0	225.1	225.0	225.4	227.3	229.6	231.7	232
		161.2	160.9	160.6	160.3	160.3	160.4	161.3	161.5	161.9	162.0	161.7	162.9	164
326	Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	101.2	160.9	160.6	160.3	160.3	160.4	161.3	0.101	161.9	162.0	161.7	162.9	164
	(December 1984=100)													
331	Primary metal manufacturing (December 1984=100)	169.5	164.7	162.8	163.8	165.4	172.5	177.8	180.7	179.9	182.2	185.3	187.4	190
332	Fabricated metal product manufacturing (December 1984=100).	177.0	175.5	175.0	174.4	173.9	173.8	174.0	174.1	174.1	174.2	174.2	175.3	175
333	Machinery manufacturing	120.4	120.3	120.2	120.2	120.3	120.2	120.3	120.1	120.2	120.3	120.3	120.4	120
334	Computer and electronic products manufacturing	92.4	92.3	92.3	92.1	92.2	92.2	91.9	91.9	91.8	91.7	91.8	91.4	91
335 336	Electrical equipment, appliance, and components manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing	127.3 109.4	127.9 109.3	128.5 108.9	128.3 109.5	128.5 108.5	129.2 109.1	129.4 108.5	129.7 110.2	130.1 110.6	130.5 110.2	130.9 110.8	130.8 110.8	131 110
337	Furniture and related product manufacturing	176.8	176.7	176.9	176.8	177.0	176.2	176.6	176.7	176.4	176.4	176.3	175.9	176
551	(December 1984=100)	170.0	170.7	170.5	170.0	177.0	170.2	170.0	170.7	170.4	170.4	170.5	175.5	170
339	Miscellaneous manufacturing	111.6	111.7	111.3	111.4	111.2	111.3	111.4	111.6	111.8	112.0	112.0	112.2	112
000	Retail trade													
441		118.0	119.0	118.1	118.4	118.8	122.9	123.0	122.1	122.4	121.5	121.4	120.7	124
442	Motor vehicle and parts dealers Furniture and home furnishings stores	120.8	121.4	123.0	122.6	121.5	120.5	121.6	121.8	121.5	121.1	121.4	120.7	120
443	Electronics and appliance stores	105.4	104.9	104.2	104.8	105.7	106.6	103.7	106.0	109.0	92.3	109.6	101.7	95
446	Health and personal care stores	136.3	138.7	138.1	137.2	138.6	137.1	139.0	138.7	140.0	139.0	138.2	141.7	142
447	Gasoline stations (June 2001=100)	63.1	59.7	59.4	69.5	75.9	63.5	68.3	61.9	77.8	82.9	71.9	74.1	64
454	Nonstore retailers	156.1	148.0	142.2	143.6	152.4	145.5	147.6	144.1	143.4	145.0	143.7	154.2	142.
	Transportation and warehousing													
481	Air transportation (December 1992=100)	187.6	187.2	179.5	182.2	185.5	189.6	184.5	188.5	193.3	194.7	199.9	195.1	200
483	Water transportation	117.7	115.2	111.3	111.9	113.3	114.0	115.7	116.8	118.3	118.3	118.3	121.1	120
491	Postal service (June 1989=100)	181.6	181.6	186.8	186.8	186.8	186.8	186.8	186.8	186.8	186.8	187.7	187.7	187
	Utilities													
221	Utilities	130.4	128.1	128.0	129.0	130.9	131.8	130.0	128.8	128.9	129.4	130.9	133.4	131.
	Health care and social assistance													
6211	Office of physicians (December 1996=100)	125.9	125.9	126.3	126.5	126.8	126.8	126.8	127.4	127.5	127.6	128.4	128.5	128.
6215 6216	Medical and diagnostic laboratories	108.9 127.7	108.8 127.7	108.6 127.7	108.4 127.5	108.4 127.9	108.4 128.2	108.4 128.4	108.3 128.8	108.0 128.8	108.0 128.8	108.4 129.1	107.6 129.4	107 129
622	Hospitals (December 1992=100)	167.0	166.9	167.2	167.3	167.5	168.4	168.3	171.2	171.3	171.5	171.8	172.5	173
6231	Nursing care facilities	122.3	122.6	122.6	122.7	123.8	124.3	123.8	123.8	124.1	124.4	125.3	125.3	125
62321	Residential mental retardation facilities	120.5	121.4	122.3	122.4	122.3	122.8	125.4	125.6	125.6	127.1	124.8	124.9	124
	Other services industries													
511	Publishing industries, except Internet	111.6	111.7	111.7	111.8	111.4	111.7	111.1	111.4	109.8	109.7	110.1	110.1	110
515	Broadcasting, except Internet	107.5	105.5	107.4	106.4	102.5	102.1	103.6	103.5	104.9	104.6	104.4	103.8	105
517	Telecommunications	101.1	100.8	101.1	101.1	101.2	101.7	101.3	101.1	100.8	100.9	100.5	100.4	100
5182	Data processing and related services	100.9	100.9	101.0	101.0	101.0	100.9	100.9	101.0	100.6	100.6	100.7	100.7	100
523	Security, commodity contracts, and like activity	109.2 109.5	109.1 108.8	109.2 108.8	108.8 108.8	111.3 109.4	112.0 109.1	112.6 109.7	116.4 109.5	116.0 109.3	116.5 109.9	118.0 109.2	116.7 109.8	116 109
53112 5312	Lessors or nonresidental buildings (except miniwarehouse) Offices of real estate agents and brokers	109.5	101.9	100.0	100.0	109.4	102.0	109.7	109.5	109.3	101.9	101.9	102.0	109
5312	Real estate support activities	101.6	101.9	102.1	102.2	102.0	102.0	102.0	102.0	102.0	101.9	107.9	102.0	100
5321	Automotive equipment rental and leasing (June 2001=100)	133.1	135.1	134.0	137.6	141.1	142.0	140.5	135.8	132.3	129.8	130.5	134.7	131
5411	Legal services (December 1996=100)	166.0	166.2	166.3	166.3	166.4	166.5	166.6	166.6	166.6	166.8	168.3	168.7	169
541211	Offices of certified public accountants	115.3	115.3	115.3	114.3	114.5	114.6	115.1	114.7	115.4	114.0	113.0	114.3	113
5413	Architectural, engineering, and related services	4.00	4.0.0	4.00.0	4.00.0	4.00.0	4.00.0	4.00.0	4.00.0	440.5	4.00.0	4.00.0	4 10 -	
5/104	(December 1996=100)	142.8 105.3	143.0 105.3	143.0 105.4	143.0 105.4	143.0 105.4	142.9 104.9	142.9 104.7	142.8 104.6	142.8 104.7	143.0 104.7	143.0 104.7	143.2 104.7	143 104
54181	Advertising agencies Employment services (December 1996=100)	123.6	123.9	123.5	123.6	123.7	123.6	123.3	123.2	122.8	122.8	123.4	124.2	123
5640	Employment services (December 1996=100)				98.6	98.9	98.5	98.5	98.5	98.1	98.1			100
5613 56151	Travel agencies	1(17)	7(10.7)											
56151	Travel agencies	102.2 109.8	100.2 109.7	100.2 109.7								98.5 110.6	100.7 110.5	
	Travel agencies	102.2 109.8 114.9	100.2 109.7 115.0	100.2 109.7 115.6	109.7 114.9	110.1 116.3	110.1 116.7	110.5 117.0	110.3 116.9	110.5 117.1	110.5 116.1	110.6 116.0	100.7 110.5 115.4	110

43. Annual data: Producer Price Indexes, by stage of processing

[1982 = 100]

Index	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Finished goods											
Total	133.0	138.0	140.7	138.9	143.3	148.5	155.7	160.4	166.6	177.1	172.6
Foods	135.1	137.2	141.3	140.1	145.9	152.7	155.7	156.7	167.0	178.3	175.5
Energy	78.8	94.1	96.7	88.8	102.0	113.0	132.6	145.9	156.3	178.7	147.2
Other	146.1	148.0	150.0	150.2	150.5	152.7	156.4	158.7	161.7	167.2	171.5
Intermediate materials, supplies, and											
components											
Total	123.2	129.2	129.7	127.8	133.7	142.6	154.0	164.0	170.7	188.3	172.6
Foods	120.8	119.2	124.3	123.2	134.4	145.0	146.0	146.2	161.4	180.4	165.1
Energy	84.3	101.7	104.1	95.9	111.9	123.2	149.2	162.8	174.6	208.1	162.8
Other	133.1	136.6	136.4	135.8	138.5	146.5	154.6	163.8	168.4	180.9	173.4
Crude materials for further processing											
Total	98.2	120.6	121.0	108.1	135.3	159.0	182.2	184.8	207.1	251.8	175.0
Foods	98.7	100.2	106.1	99.5	113.5	127.0	122.7	119.3	146.7	163.4	134.4
Energy	78.5	122.1	122.3	102.0	147.2	174.6	234.0	226.9	232.8	309.4	176.3
Other	91.1	118.0	101.5	101.0	116.9	149.2	176.7	210.0	238.7	308.5	211.0

44. U.S. export price indexes by end-use category

[2000 = 100]

Category					20	09						2010	
Category	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
ALL COMMODITIES	115.5	116.1	116.6	117.8	117.4	118.1	117.9	117.9	118.9	119.7	120.7	120.3	121.2
Foods, feeds, and beverages	156.7	162.8	167.3	174.8	164.9	164.5	158.2	156.5	162.0	165.1	167.6	161.0	163.5
Agricultural foods, feeds, and beverages	158.3	165.0	170.3	178.6	167.6	167.3	160.7	159.0	164.6	167.9	170.6	163.1	165.8
Nonagricultural (fish, beverages) food products	144.4	145.3	141.4	141.5	142.2	140.8	137.3	135.0	139.9	140.9	140.9	144.8	145.8
Industrial supplies and materials	136.5	136.9	137.7	140.4	140.6	143.6	143.9	144.9	147.5	150.1	152.8	152.4	155.1
Agricultural industrial supplies and materials	122.9	123.6	130.2	131.0	134.9	138.0	142.2	143.9	151.8	152.5	152.1	150.4	155.9
Fuels and lubricants	146.9	156.9	160.2	175.2	166.0	181.6	171.9	175.5	184.6	189.6	200.0	190.4	196.3
Nonagricultural supplies and materials,													
excluding fuel and building materials	138.2	137.1	137.3	138.5	139.8	141.1	142.7	143.3	144.8	147.3	148.9	150.3	152.3
Selected building materials	114.0	113.5	112.5	113.0	112.8	113.7	114.0	112.5	113.0	113.5	114.8	115.9	116.0
Capital goods	102.3	102.8	103.0	103.1	103.2	103.4	103.5	103.2	103.3	103.3	103.6	103.6	104.0
Electric and electrical generating equipment	106.8	106.8	107.0	107.2	107.0	107.3	107.4	107.9	108.9	109.3	109.9	110.0	109.8
Nonelectrical machinery	93.8	94.3	94.4	94.4	94.5	94.7	94.9	94.4	94.6	94.5	94.5	94.6	94.9
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines	108.2	108.1	108.1	108.0	107.9	107.9	108.0	108.1	108.2	108.2	108.5	108.7	108.6
Consumer goods, excluding automotive	108.5	107.5	107.9	108.4	108.9	109.1	109.2	109.3	109.4	109.4	109.5	110.0	110.1
Nondurables, manufactured	107.1	107.2	107.8	108.5	108.7	109.0	109.4	109.3	109.8	110.0	110.9	111.9	111.9
Durables, manufactured	109.9	107.6	107.9	108.1	109.5	109.6	109.5	109.6	109.4	109.2	107.8	107.5	107.4
Agricultural commodities	151.6	157.2	162.8	169.7	161.3	161.6	156.9	155.8	161.8	164.7	166.8	160.3	163.4
Nonagricultural commodities	112.9	113.1	113.4	114.1	114.2	115.0	115.1	115.2	115.8	116.5	117.3	117.4	118.2

45. U.S. import price indexes by end-use category

[2000 = 100]

Catagory					20	09						2010	
Category	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
ALL COMMODITIES	113.6	114.8	116.8	120.0	119.3	121.1	121.3	122.3	124.1	124.4	125.9	125.8	126.4
Foods, feeds, and beverages	137.0	138.9	139.2	139.8	138.2	140.0	140.6	141.2	142.6	143.7	145.6	145.2	147.4
Agricultural foods, feeds, and beverages	151.3	154.3	155.0	155.5	153.2	155.7	156.8	157.3	159.5	160.8	163.9	163.1	165.8
Nonagricultural (fish, beverages) food products	104.8	104.1	103.6	104.4	104.2	104.5	104.1	104.9	104.5	104.9	104.2	104.7	105.6
Industrial supplies and materials	149.3	154.3	163.0	177.3	174.4	182.4	183.0	187.2	195.0	196.2	202.7	202.7	205.2
Fuels and lubricants	162.3	174.4	191.5	222.1	216.3	231.4	228.5	235.3	250.1	249.7	260.6	258.8	263.1
Petroleum and petroleum products	168.5	185.5	206.1	241.5	235.8	253.7	252.2	258.3	272.2	269.3	279.6	277.4	285.0
Paper and paper base stocks	106.6	104.6	103.3	101.8	99.1	98.4	99.1	100.5	102.4	103.1	104.3	106.4	107.5
Materials associated with nondurable													
supplies and materials	136.7	135.3	139.2	137.5	132.3	133.3	134.8	137.7	139.4	140.6	142.6	142.9	143.9
Selected building materials	116.2	115.2	114.5	116.0	118.0	119.2	118.9	118.6	118.5	120.9	122.5	124.6	127.3
Unfinished metals associated with durable goods	171.6	171.1	172.8	178.3	184.8	190.6	204.0	208.0	212.9	221.5	227.8	233.7	233.4
Nonmetals associated with durable goods	105.2	104.3	103.4	103.0	102.8	103.5	104.3	104.8	105.2	105.4	106.0	106.7	107.1
Capital goods	91.8	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.7	91.4
Electric and electrical generating equipment	109.4	109.1	109.8	110.0	110.2	110.3	110.3	110.8	111.0	111.3	111.7	111.8	111.1
Nonelectrical machinery	86.6	86.8	86.7	86.5	86.5	86.5	86.5	86.4	86.4	86.4	86.2	86.1	85.9
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines	107.7	107.7	107.9	108.0	108.2	108.4	108.6	108.8	108.9	108.8	108.4	108.4	108.2
Consumer goods, excluding automotive	103.9	104.1	104.2	104.3	104.1	104.1	104.1	104.3	104.3	104.3	104.4	104.3	104.5
Nondurables, manufactured	108.4	108.3	108.1	108.1	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.9	107.9	108.5	108.4	109.0
Durables, manufactured	99.8	100.0	100.5	100.6	100.6	100.6	100.7	100.9	100.9	100.8	100.5	100.3	100.2
Nonmanufactured consumer goods	101.2	102.7	101.3	101.4	101.3	100.8	101.2	101.6	101.1	102.1	102.1	102.4	102.5

46. U.S. international price Indexes for selected categories of services

[2000 = 100, unless indicated otherwise]

Category		20	08			20	09		2010
Category	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.
Import air freight	144.4	158.7	157.1	138.5	132.9	132.8	134.8	163.9	156.6
Export air freight	132.0	140.8	144.3	135.0	124.1	117.4	121.6	122.9	124.3
Import air passenger fares (Dec. 2006 = 100)	131.3	171.6	161.3	157.3	134.9	147.3	137.9	152.3	149.8
Export air passenger fares (Dec. 2006 = 100)	156.4	171.4	171.9	164.6	141.7	138.2	141.3	156.1	160.1

47. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, and unit costs, quarterly data seasonally adjusted [1992 = 100]

Item		20	07			20	08			20	09		2010
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	ı
Business													
Output per hour of all persons	139.0	140.0	142.0	142.8	142.8	143.8	144.3	145.0	145.3	148.0	150.9	153.4	154.5
Compensation per hour	175.2	176.3	177.7	179.9	180.3	181.0	183.6	185.4	183.5	186.8	186.8	187.0	187.8
Real compensation per hour	122.8	122.1	122.4	122.5	121.3	120.2	120.1	124.3	123.6	125.4	124.2	123.5	123.6
Unit labor costs	126.0	125.9	125.1	126.0	126.3	125.8	127.2	127.8	126.2	126.2	123.8	121.9	121.6
Unit nonlabor payments	136.7	139.4	141.9	141.9	141.7	143.8	145.3	143.4	148.0	147.7	151.9	155.3	156.6
Implicit price deflator	130.0	130.9	131.4	131.9	132.1	132.5	134.0	133.6	134.3	134.2	134.3	134.4	134.6
Nonfarm business													
Output per hour of all persons	138.3	139.0	141.0	142.0	141.8	142.8	143.2	144.0	144.3	147.0	149.8	152.1	153.4
Compensation per hour	174.3	174.9	176.2	178.8	179.3	179.7	182.4	184.4	182.5	185.9	185.7	185.9	186.7
Real compensation per hour	122.2	121.2	121.4	121.7	120.6	119.4	119.3	123.6	123.0	124.7	123.5	122.8	122.9
Unit labor costs	126.0	125.8	125.0	125.9	126.4	125.9	127.4	128.1	126.4	126.4	124.0	122.2	121.7
Unit nonlabor payments	138.2	141.0	143.3	142.9	142.5	144.9	146.5	145.1	150.3	150.0	154.6	157.5	158.9
Implicit price deflator	130.5	131.4	131.7	132.2	132.3	132.9	134.4	134.3	135.2	135.1	135.2	135.2	135.4
Nonfinancial corporations													
Output per hour of all employees	143.6	144.3	144.0	146.2	145.0	147.3	149.1	149.2	146.6	149.9	151.3	154.3	_
Compensation per hour	164.3	165.0	166.1	168.6	168.7	169.7	172.4	175.0	173.2	175.4	175.9	176.0	_
Real compensation per hour	115.2	114.3	114.4	114.8	113.5	112.7	112.8	117.3	116.7	117.7	116.9	116.2	_
Total unit costs	116.8	117.2	118.6	118.7	119.8	118.9	119.4	121.8	123.8	122.7	121.5	119.5	_
Unit labor costs	114.4	114.4	115.3	115.3	116.3	115.1	115.6	117.3	118.1	117.1	116.3	114.1	_
Unit nonlabor costs	123.1	124.9	127.4	127.9	129.1	129.2	129.8	134.1	139.1	138.0	135.7	134.5	_
Unit profits	171.2	171.8	155.6	149.9	133.0	134.7	145.3	129.5	127.5	133.8	140.0	149.1	-
Unit nonlabor payments	136.2	137.7	135.1	133.9	130.2	130.7	134.0	132.8	135.9	136.8	136.8	138.5	-
Implicit price deflator	121.8	122.2	122.0	121.6	121.0	120.4	121.8	122.5	124.1	123.7	123.2	122.2	_
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	176.6	177.6	180.2	182.5	182.9	181.1	181.0	179.7	178.4	181.3	187.6	190.6	191.8
Compensation per hour	172.7	172.2	172.9	176.3	175.6	176.1	179.2	185.4	185.0	187.8	187.4	187.2	186.7
Real compensation per hour	121.1	119.4	119.1	120.0	118.1	117.0	117.3	124.2	124.7	126.0	124.6	123.7	122.8
Unit labor costs	97.8	97.0	95.9	96.6	96.0	97.3	99.1	103.1	103.7	103.6	99.9	98.2	97.3

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

48. Annual indexes of multifactor productivity and related measures, selected years

[2000 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

Item	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Private business													
Productivity:													
Output per hour of all persons	90.0	91.7	94.3	97.2	100.0	102.8	107.1	111.2	114.5	116.6	117.6	119.5	122.7
Output per unit of capital services	105.3	105.3	103.8	102.3	100.0	96.0	94.7	95.5	97.2	98.1	98.4	97.7	95.6
Multifactor productivity	95.3	96.2	97.4	98.8	100.0	100.4	102.5	105.4	108.2	109.7	110.3	110.7	112.0
Output	82.8	87.2	91.5	96.2	100.0	100.5	102.0	105.2	109.7	113.6	117.1	119.5	120.4
Inputs:													
Labor input	90.8	94.4	96.5	98.8	100.0	98.2	96.2	95.8	96.9	98.8	101.2	102.3	100.3
Capital services	78.7	82.9	88.2	94.1	100.0	104.6	107.7	110.2	112.9	115.8	119.1	122.3	125.9
Combined units of labor and capital input	86.9	90.7	93.9	97.4	100.0	100.0	99.5	99.9	101.4	103.6	106.2	108.0	107.6
Capital per hour of all persons	85.5	87.1	90.9	95.0	100.0	107.0	113.1	116.5	117.8	118.9	119.6	122.3	128.3
Private nonfarm business													
Productivity:													
Output per hour of all persons	90.5	92.0	94.5	97.3	100.0	102.7	107.1	111.1	114.2	116.1	117.2	118.9	122.3
Output per unit of capital services	106.1	105.8	104.2	102.6	100.0	96.0	94.5	95.2	96.9	97.7	97.9	97.0	95.1
Multifactor productivity	95.8	96.5	97.7	99.0	100.0	100.4	102.5	105.2	108.0	109.3	109.9	110.1	111.4
Output	82.8	87.2	91.5	96.3	100.0	100.5	102.1	105.2	109.6	113.5	117.1	119.4	120.4
Inputs:													
Labor input	90.4	94.0	96.3	98.8	100.0	98.4	96.4	96.0	97.1	99.1	101.6	102.8	100.9
Capital services	78.1	82.4	87.8	93.9	100.0	104.7	107.9	110.5	113.1	116.1	119.6	123.1	126.7
Combined units of labor and capital input	86.5	90.4	93.7	97.3	100.0	100.2	99.6	100.0	101.5	103.8	106.6	108.4	108.1
Capital per hour of all persons	85.3	86.9	90.7	94.8	100.0	107.0	113.2	116.7	117.8	118.9	119.7	122.6	128.8
Manufacturing [1996 = 100]													
3, 111													
Productivity:													
Output per hour of all persons	82.7	87.2	91.9	96.1	100.0	101.6	108.6	115.4	118.0	123.6	124.6	128.8	_
Output per unit of capital services	97.9	100.5	100.7	100.4	100.0	93.5	92.4	93.3	95.5	98.9	100.0	101.1	_
Multifactor productivity	91.2	93.8	95.9	96.6	100.0	98.7	102.4	105.3	108.1	108.1	110.8	116.0	_
Output	83.0	89.2	93.8	97.3	100.0	94.9	94.3	95.3	97.0	100.4	102.0	103.6	_
Inputs:													_
Hours of all persons	100.4	102.3	102.0	101.3	100.0	93.5	86.8	82.6	82.2	81.3	81.9	80.4	_
Capital services	84.8	88.7	93.2	97.0	100.0	101.5	102.1	102.1	101.6	101.5	102.0	102.5	_
Energy	110.4	108.2	105.4	105.5	100.0	90.6	89.3	84.4	84.0	92.5	86.3	84.0	_
Nonenergy materials	85.9	92.8	97.7	102.6	100.0	93.3	88.4	87.7	87.3	92.7	90.4	83.1	_
Purchased business services	88.4	92.0	95.0	100.0	100.0	100.7	98.3	99.1	97.0	105.2	103.9	103.5	_
Combined units of all factor inputs	91.1	95.1	97.8	100.7	100.0	96.2	92.1	90.5	89.7	92.9	92.0	89.3	_

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

49. Annual indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, selected years

[1992 = 100]

Item	1964	1974	1984	1994	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Business													
Output per hour of all persons	57.0	72.5	85.5	101.4	120.7	126.2	131.0	134.9	137.2	138.5	141.0	144.0	149.4
Compensation per hour	16.2	31.8	68.9	103.8	140.9	145.3	152.3	157.6	163.8	170.1	177.3	182.5	186.0
Real compensation per hour	68.4	84.1	90.5	99.2	114.0	115.6	118.6	119.5	120.2	120.8	122.4	121.4	124.2
Unit labor costs	28.5	43.8	80.6	102.3	116.7	115.1	116.2	116.9	119.5	122.8	125.7	126.8	124.5
Unit nonlabor payments	27.2	39.7	80.4	106.1	111.0	116.1	118.7	125.8	131.9	135.9	140.0	143.6	150.8
Implicit price deflator	28.0	42.3	80.5	103.7	114.6	115.5	117.1	120.2	124.1	127.7	131.0	133.0	134.3
Nonfarm business													
Output per hour of all persons	59.8	74.5	86.4	101.6	120.2	125.7	130.3	134.0	136.2	137.5	140.1	142.9	148.3
Compensation per hour	16.6	31.9	69.2	103.8	140.1	144.5	151.4	156.6	162.8	169.0	176.1	181.4	185.0
Real compensation per hour	70.0	84.6	90.9	99.2	113.3	115.0	117.9	118.7	119.4	120.0	121.6	120.7	123.5
Unit labor costs	27.8	42.9	80.1	102.2	116.5	115.0	116.2	116.8	119.5	122.9	125.7	126.9	124.7
Unit nonlabor payments	27.1	37.9	79.5	106.6	112.6	118.1	120.1	126.7	133.6	138.0	141.4	144.7	153.2
Implicit price deflator	27.5	41.0	79.9	103.8	115.1	116.1	117.6	120.4	124.7	128.5	131.5	133.5	135.2
Nonfinancial corporations													
Output per hour of all employees	62.6	73.0	87.4	102.3	123.5	127.9	133.0	137.5	141.0	143.1	144.5	147.6	150.5
Compensation per hour	18.2	34.0	71.6	103.6	137.3	140.9	147.3	150.9	155.7	160.2	166.0	171.4	175.1
Real compensation per hour	76.9	90.0	94.0	99.0	111.0	112.2	114.7	114.4	114.2	113.8	114.6	114.0	116.9
Total unit costs	27.7	45.1	81.8	100.9	111.5	110.9	111.3	110.1	111.8	113.8	117.8	120.0	121.9
Unit labor costs	29.2	46.5	82.0	101.3	111.2	110.2	110.8	109.7	110.4	112.0	114.9	116.1	116.4
Unit nonlabor costs	23.9	41.3	81.4	99.6	112.3	112.9	112.7	111.3	115.4	118.9	125.8	130.5	136.8
Unit profits	58.6	47.5	106.4	134.0	84.0	96.6	107.3	142.7	161.1	179.9	162.1	135.7	137.6
Unit nonlabor payments	33.3	42.9	88.2	109.0	104.6	108.5	111.2	119.8	127.8	135.5	135.7	131.9	137.0
Implicit price deflator	30.6	45.3	84.1	103.9	109.0	109.6	110.9	113.1	116.3	119.9	121.9	121.4	123.3
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	-	_	-	106.2	141.4	151.1	160.6	164.3	172.0	173.4	179.2	181.2	184.4
Compensation per hour	-	-	_	104.8	137.5	145.1	156.7	157.9	163.2	166.4	173.5	179.0	186.9
Real compensation per hour	-	_	-	100.1	111.2	115.5	122.0	119.7	119.7	118.2	119.9	119.0	124.8
Unit labor costs	-	_	-	98.7	97.3	96.0	97.6	96.1	94.9	96.0	96.8	98.8	101.3
Unit nonlabor payments	-	-	_	102.8	102.2	101.2	103.4	111.3	122.6	128.1	130.8	_	-
Implicit price deflator	-	-	_	101.5	100.6	99.5	101.5	106.3	113.5	117.6	119.7	_	-

Dash indicates data not available.

50. Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries

[2002=100]

[2002=10													
NAICS	Industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	Mining												
21	Mining	75.1	83.7	88.1	97.8	96.1	100.0	102.2	94.1	84.6	76.9	71.9	-
211	Oil and gas extraction		65.9	80.8	96.5	98.2	100.0	105.1	90.2	87.1	81.0	78.3	-
2111	Oil and gas extraction	64.7	65.9	80.8	96.5	98.2	100.0	105.1	90.2	87.1	81.0	78.3	-
212	Mining, except oil and gas		78.4	90.3	96.0	98.5	100.0	102.8	104.9	103.1	100.3	95.0	-
2121 2122	Coal mining	51.7 51.4	67.2 66.0	89.5 72.4	103.7 87.9	102.3 95.7	100.0 100.0	101.5 102.9	101.5 99.2	96.5 94.0	89.3 89.1	90.4 75.4	_
2123	Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying	85.0	93.1	96.5	92.8	95.7	100.0	104.5	110.4	114.3	115.8	106.0	
213	Support activities for mining	76.7	87.6	96.6	97.5	106.7	100.0	131.7	164.5	140.1	142.1	151.5	
2131	Support activities for mining	76.7	87.6	96.6	97.5	106.7	100.0	131.7	164.5	140.1	142.1	151.5	-
2211	Utilities Power generation and supply	63.7	72.4	97.2	103.9	103.4	100.0	102.1	104.4	111.1	112.1	110.1	
2212	Natural gas distribution	58.7	66.0	86.6	98.1	95.3	100.0	98.9	104.4	105.8	103.2	103.7	[
2212	Natural gas distribution	30.7	00.0	00.0	30.1	33.3	100.0	30.3	102.5	100.0	103.2	105.7	
	Manufacturing												
311	Food	80.9	85.0	86.9	93.5	95.4	100.0	101.6	101.0	106.2	104.1	101.4	-
3111	Animal food	58.6	63.6	70.4	77.0	92.0	100.0	117.7	104.6	119.5	108.2	109.4	-
3112	Grain and oilseed milling	66.0	74.2	81.4	92.3	97.6	100.0	100.7	105.1	106.6	102.3	104.1	-
3113 3114	Sugar and confectionery products Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty	80.4 73.1	81.9 72.3	92.5 78.7	102.3 88.7	100.3 95.7	100.0 100.0	100.4 97.2	107.3 99.5	120.4 103.3	113.5 98.0	103.4 104.5	
3114	Truit and vegetable preserving and specially	75.1	12.5	70.7	00.7	33.7	100.0	31.2	33.3	100.0	30.0	104.5	
3115	Dairy products	77.4	89.1	94.6	89.6	92.1	100.0	104.2	102.0	101.9	100.7	99.4	
3116	Animal slaughtering and processing	90.1	94.4	93.0	95.7	96.0	100.0	99.9	100.4	109.7	109.4	105.8	-
3117	Seafood product preparation and packaging	72.5	69.4	58.9	82.7	89.8	100.0	101.8	96.5	110.5	122.0	109.2	-
3118	Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing	85.5	86.2	87.5	96.6	98.4	100.0	97.9	100.1	104.3	103.8	101.3	-
3119	Other food products	86.8	86.9	89.1	100.4	94.2	100.0	105.0	106.1	102.6	102.6	94.7	-
312	Beverages and tobacco products	94.9	111.0	121.4	107.3	108.3	100.0	111.4	114.6	120.8	113.0	109.5	-
3121 3122	Beverages	77.8 107.2	95.7	100.8 149.3	91.6	93.2	100.0 100.0	110.8 116.7	115.4	120.9 136.5	112.6	112.7 137.3	-
3122	Tobacco and tobacco products Textile mills	59.8	116.0 66.6	81.3	143.0 86.3	146.6 89.4	100.0	111.1	121.5 113.0	122.9	138.1 122.2	124.1	1 [
3131	Fiber, yarn, and thread mills	50.0	60.2	75.2	75.6	82.5	100.0	112.1	116.7	108.8	105.5	115.7	
0101	r ibor, yarri, and throad rillio	00.0	00.2	70.2	70.0	02.0	100.0	112.1	110.7	100.0	100.0	110.7	
3132	Fabric mills	56.0	67.2	82.5	90.2	91.4	100.0	114.0	115.3	133.0	140.7	141.5	-
3133	Textile and fabric finishing mills	76.5	69.9	83.6	87.2	91.0	100.0	104.1	104.5	113.3	102.4	98.5	-
314	Textile product mills	82.2	82.0	91.4	101.3	97.8	100.0	102.8	115.0	121.1	110.9	98.5	-
3141	Textile furnishings mills	86.1	87.4	94.4	100.5	98.0	100.0	105.6	115.1	118.8	107.7	99.9	-
3149	Other textile product mills	78.7	79.1	93.1	105.9	99.0	100.0	98.0	116.4	128.3	120.9	103.2	-
		=0.4						400 =					
315	Apparel	73.1	77.8	100.3	116.9	117.2	100.0	106.7	94.2	94.4	86.0 97.7	60.4	-
3151 3152	Apparel knitting mills Cut and sew apparel	71.3 70.4	86.9 73.1	92.8 99.6	100.4 119.2	97.3 119.7	100.0 100.0	93.2 109.7	83.7 96.4	97.8 91.9	97.7 82.4	65.6 58.2	_
3159	Accessories and other apparel	129.9	129.8	132.2	129.8	137.4	100.0	105.7	95.8	109.8	96.3	71.6	1 :
316	Leather and allied products	84.7	95.2	121.1	133.4	138.0	100.0	105.7	130.3	130.6	135.8	128.4	_
		•											
3161	Leather and hide tanning and finishing	138.4	131.6	153.7	136.7	140.1	100.0	103.1	135.7	142.2	127.8	166.5	-
3162	Footwear	78.5	86.0	102.5	122.2	131.5	100.0	107.7	112.6	118.6	126.7	101.6	-
3169	Other leather products	117.2	127.9	135.3	143.2	140.8	100.0	109.7	165.5	160.7	183.1	178.6	-
321	Wood products	83.1	86.8	87.5	90.2	91.7	100.0	101.6	102.2	107.6	110.9	111.2	-
3211	Sawmills and wood preservation	67.3	74.1	86.9	90.9	90.6	100.0	108.3	103.9	108.3	113.4	107.7	-
2212	Dhavend and engineered wood products	00.3	102.4	00.4	90.6	05.1	100.0	06.7	92.3	99.6	105.5	100.4	
3212 3219	Plywood and engineered wood products Other wood products	90.3 89.9	103.4 87.8	90.4 87.3	89.6 90.4	95.1 90.9	100.0	96.7 100.7	106.5	111.5	113.2	109.4 115.4	-
322	Paper and paper products	75.4	79.7	87.7	93.5	93.8	100.0	100.7	108.0	108.6	109.8	113.4]
3221	Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	61.7	66.4	75.4	88.0	90.4	100.0		110.3	110.2	110.8	114.0	_
3222	Converted paper products	84.4	89.2	94.8	96.0	95.3	100.0	104.0	107.5	108.7	110.3	115.4	-
323	Printing and related support activities	87.7	91.1	88.9	95.0	95.1	100.0	100.4	103.8	109.2	111.8	115.4	-
3231	Printing and related support activities	87.7	91.1	88.9	95.0	95.1	100.0	100.4	103.8	109.2	111.8	115.4	-
324	Petroleum and coal products	60.8	67.0	85.6	96.8	94.9	100.0	102.0	105.9	106.2	104.3	105.8	-
3241	Petroleum and coal products	60.8	67.0	85.6	96.8	94.9	100.0	102.0	105.9	106.2	104.3	105.8	-
325	Chemicals	75.0	75.9	87.3	92.9	92.0	100.0	101.2	105.3	109.4	109.1	116.7	-
3251	Basic chemicals	76.1	72.4	80.2	94.6	87.6	100.0	108.5	121.8	129.6	134.1	154.9	
3252	Resin, rubber, and artificial fibers	62.9	65.4	81.2	89.0	86.3	100.0	97.7	97.3	103.4	105.5	108.6] [
3253	Agricultural chemicals	80.8	82.5	100.6	92.8	89.9	100.0	110.4	121.0	139.2	134.7	142.8	
3254	Pharmaceuticals and medicines	89.6	89.9	102.7	98.2	102.2	100.0	102.8	103.7	107.3	107.6	105.1	-
3255	Paints, coatings, and adhesives		81.6	91.4	90.5	97.3	100.0	106.1	109.7	111.2	106.7	104.4	-
3256	Soap, cleaning compounds, and toiletries	67.8	68.5	80.0	82.3	84.6	100.0	92.7	102.6	109.7	111.3	134.3	-
3259	Other chemical products and preparations	62.3	70.7	82.6	98.1	90.9	100.0	98.6	96.2	96.0	91.5	105.7	-
326	Plastics and rubber products	67.3	73.8	82.7	91.1	92.8	100.0	103.8	105.9	108.7	108.6	108.1	-
3261	Plastics products	67.3	73.2	80.8	90.7	92.4	100.0	103.9	105.8	108.5	106.8	105.1	-
3262	Rubber products	71.3	79.3	93.2	94.8	95.5	100.0	103.5	106.4	109.4	114.2	119.5	-
327	Nonmetallic mineral products	83.6	86.4	95.1	98.6	95.6	100.0	107.1	105.3	111.6	110.7	111.5	l .
3271	Clay products and refractories	90.6	92.7	102.7	108.5	99.1	100.0	107.1	116.0	122.0	122.2	115.2	[
	/ 1	50.0	52.7					. 50.5					

50. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries [2002=100]

NAICS	Industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
3272	Glass and glass products	75.6	77.6	91.1	100.2	94.1	100.0	106.7	105.7	111.8	119.2	118.6	_
3273	Cement and concrete products	90.5	93.3	97.0	99.3	95.5	100.0	106.3	101.0	104.6	101.6	105.4	-
3274	Lime and gypsum products	89.3	90.3	101.2	99.8	103.1	100.0	109.3	107.2	121.9	119.3	113.9	-
3279	Other nonmetallic mineral products	79.4	85.6	94.9	90.3	95.2	100.0	105.7	106.8	118.5	112.8	109.7	-
331	Primary metals	70.4	76.7	86.9	88.0	87.6	100.0	103.4	116.7	119.8	119.7	129.3	-
3311	Iron and steel mills and ferroalloy production	51.9	59.9	80.1	84.6	83.6	100.0	106.1	136.5	134.2	138.1	142.3	-
3312	Steel products from purchased steel	81.9	92.5	102.9	99.1	101.3	100.0	91.8	82.6	77.7	70.0	68.6	-
3313	Alumina and aluminum production	72.7	76.9	80.3	77.5	77.2	100.0	101.8	110.4	125.3	123.1	132.0	-
3314	Other nonferrous metal production	90.8	93.3	93.7	96.2	93.4	100.0	109.6	110.3	106.1	95.2	115.7	-
3315	Foundries	69.4	73.7	85.5	88.7	91.2	100.0	100.4	106.8	111.4	114.1	115.3	-
332	Fabricated metal products	78.3	82.3	90.1	94.7	94.5	100.0	103.4	102.9	106.5	109.2	111.1	-
3321	Forging and stamping	68.8 76.1	74.2	80.4 88.1	97.8	97.3	100.0	107.3	113.8 90.9	118.5	121.4	128.4	-
3322 3323	Cutlery and handtools Architectural and structural metals	83.5	76.8 87.3	94.0	93.4 95.6	97.3 95.5	100.0 100.0	99.2 103.7	90.9	95.4 104.3	97.2 107.6	109.1 107.2	_
3324	Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers	86.7	96.2	100.6	95.0	95.0	100.0	103.7	96.0	99.4	107.6	107.2	-
3325	Hardware	77.0	75.8	86.8	99.4	98.4	100.0	105.7	104.5	106.8	107.2	91.6	
3326	Spring and wire products	65.4	72.2	79.6	89.7	89.0	100.0	106.0	104.3	110.9	110.5	108.4	
3327	Machine shops and threaded products	65.2	73.4	87.2	94.9	95.3	100.0	100.5	101.7	101.0	102.1	104.5	_
3328	Coating, engraving, and heat treating metals	64.1	73.8	85.7	89.4	92.5	100.0	100.3	106.1	118.0	115.6	118.6	-
3329	Other fabricated metal products	85.5	84.9	93.9	93.9	90.6	100.0	104.5	104.8	106.6	111.1	111.8	-
333	Machinery	70.0	74.0	85.8	95.7	93.7	100.0	108.1	109.4	115.9	119.5	119.7	
3331	Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery	69.1	74.7	96.1	96.1	95.3	100.0	112.3	120.8	124.0	125.1	120.9	-
3332	Industrial machinery	63.4	67.3	84.8	109.9	89.6	100.0	98.9	107.3	105.3	116.3	119.0	-
3333	Commercial and service industry machinery	88.9	102.5	102.1	102.9	97.1	100.0	107.5	109.6	118.4	127.4	114.6	-
3334	HVAC and commercial refrigeration equipment	70.6	76.8	84.1	90.8	93.3	100.0	109.6	112.1	116.1	113.0	108.8	-
3335	Metalworking machinery	75.8	79.8	89.6	96.2	94.2	100.0	103.9	102.9	110.9	111.7	117.3	-
3336	Turbine and power transmission equipment	61.5	61.9	76.6	88.1	97.3	100.0	110.3	96.4	100.6	96.4	96.1	-
3339	Other general purpose machinery	70.5	72.0	84.7	96.1	93.5	100.0	108.1	107.4	117.4	121.8	124.4	-
334	Computer and electronic products	15.1	23.0	53.0	96.2	96.3	100.0	114.2	127.9	134.9	146.2	157.9	-
3341	Computer and peripheral equipment	3.7	7.2	33.5	78.4	84.4	100.0	121.5	133.9	172.7	233.1	285.0	-
3342	Communications equipment	31.2	47.5	78.2	128.4	120.1	100.0	113.4	122.0	118.5	146.3	139.5	-
3343	Audio and video equipment	41.6	63.1	67.0	84.9	86.7	100.0	112.6	155.8	149.2	147.1	106.9	-
3344	Semiconductors and electronic components	6.4	11.3	37.8	87.5	87.1	100.0	121.0	133.8	140.7	137.7	159.2	-
3345	Electronic instruments	59.3	72.7	84.4	98.4	100.4	100.0	106.1	122.4	124.4	128.8	138.2	-
3346	Magnetic media manufacturing and reproduction	77.0	81.3	89.7	93.3	88.7	100.0	114.5	128.8	129.7	124.9	128.2	-
335	Electrical equipment and appliances	66.0	72.5	88.1	98.3	98.2	100.0	103.5	109.2	114.3	114.7	117.6	-
3351	Electric lighting equipment	80.6	83.4	88.6	90.2	94.3	100.0	98.5	108.1	112.7	121.6	122.7	-
3352	Household appliances	53.5	62.4	76.0	89.3	94.9	100.0	111.6	121.2	124.6	129.7	125.9	-
3353 3359	Electrical equipment Other electrical equipment and components	67.3 68.7	77.5 71.8	98.1 87.3	97.5 104.7	98.9 99.0	100.0 100.0	102.1 102.0	110.7 101.8	117.9 106.3	119.7 101.5	126.3 105.9	-
336	Transportation equipment	65.5	70.5	78.7	85.7	89.2	100.0	109.0	108.3	113.8	114.8	122.1	-
3361	Motor vehicles	60.4	72.4	79.5	87.1	87.3	100.0	112.0	113.2	118.5	130.6	136.8	-
3362	Motor vehicle bodies and trailers	81.0	83.0	95.2	93.7	84.2	100.0	103.8	104.8	107.8	103.3	110.5	-
3363 3364	Motor vehicle parts Aerospace products and parts	60.3 73.5	63.1 81.3	76.9 84.2	86.1 86.9	88.1 97.4	100.0 100.0	104.8 99.2	105.5 93.9	109.8 102.6	108.4 97.3	111.9 109.0	-
3365	Railroad rolling stock.	38.0	55.9	68.5	81.1	86.3	100.0	94.1	87.2	88.4	95.2	94.4	-
3366 3369	Ship and boat building Other transportation equipment	73.3 48.7	76.1 59.3	76.6 65.5	94.4 83.3	93.3 83.4	100.0 100.0	103.7 110.0	106.8 110.4	102.4 112.8	97.8 122.9	99.5 148.8	_
337	Furniture and related products	75.9	78.4	88.7	91.3	92.0	100.0	102.0	103.3	107.5	109.2	106.2	
3371	Household and institutional furniture	77.3	81.4	89.3	92.7	94.7	100.0	101.1	100.8	105.9	109.7	105.7	-
3372	Office furniture and fixtures	74.0	74.0	86.3	86.9	84.7	100.0	106.3	110.4	112.4	107.2	104.3	
3372	Office furniture and fixtures Other furniture related products	74.0	74.0	89.6	90.2	94.8	100.0	99.4	10.4	115.5	120.5	119.5]
339	Miscellaneous manufacturing	64.5	71.1	79.3	92.6	94.0	100.0	106.9	106.4	114.8	118.4	114.4	l -
3391	Medical equipment and supplies	57.7	68.5	76.6	90.3	93.8	100.0	107.6	108.6	116.2	117.8	113.7	-
3399	Other miscellaneous manufacturing	71.8	74.5	83.1	96.0	94.7	100.0	105.8	104.6	113.0	117.8	113.5	-
	Wholesale trade												
42	Wholesale trade	59.5	70.3	81.2	94.5	95.5	100.0	103.5	109.0	109.4	110.9	110.8	110.5
423	Durable goods	44.5	53.9	71.5	89.2	92.0	100.0	104.6	115.1	118.9	122.9	121.9	122.3
4231	Motor vehicles and parts	55.9	63.1	75.0	87.5	90.0	100.0	103.2	107.6	110.0	119.5	114.1	105.3
4232	Furniture and furnishings	69.5	82.4	86.3	97.0	95.5	100.0	106.9	112.2	109.6	113.0	105.2	88.4
4233 4234	Lumber and construction supplies Commercial equipment	88.0 10.6	89.1 17.8	80.7 37.8	86.9 68.7	94.1 82.3	100.0 100.0	107.4 112.9	112.4 133.2	113.0 151.1	108.9 167.1	103.4 180.4	102.2 197.0
4005	BURGERS AND MINORALS	105.6	112.3	103.9	97.5	98.0	100.0	101.2	110.4	107.5	103.0	95.1	87.1
4235 4236	Metals and minerals Electric goods	26.8	35.1	62.7	95.8	92.5	100.0	103.9	121.7	127.3	137.3	144.2	148.0
						92.5 98.0	100.0 100.0	103.9 101.3	121.7 104.5	127.3 101.0	137.3 101.4	144.2 96.5	148.0 89.5

50. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries [2002=100]

NAICS	Industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
4239	Miscellaneous durable goods	72.0	87.0	80.2	91.7	93.8	100.0	96.0	107.7	107.0	96.7	93.8	96.5
424	Nondurable goods	86.1	96.3	94.6	99.4	99.3	100.0	104.4	107.4	107.7	105.8	105.0	104.5
4241	Paper and paper products	73.5	82.8	85.9	86.6	89.7	100.0	102.7	112.2	121.5	117.2	124.4	113.8
4242	Druggists' goods	78.8	98.7	111.5	95.7	94.6	100.0	111.6	117.9	124.8	121.7	113.3	121.2
4243	Apparel and piece goods	70.3	78.3	81.5	88.7	93.9	100.0	102.6	106.7	114.8	115.0	113.5	118.8
4244	Grocery and related products	89.3	106.1	101.5	103.9	103.3	100.0	106.4	105.6	104.7	104.5	107.3	103.5
4245	Farm product raw materials	83.1	84.8	101.8	107.2	104.1	100.0	100.1	111.3	113.4	120.4	119.9	122.0
4246	Chemicals	101.5	118.1	112.3	98.7	95.8	100.0	103.5	102.4	97.5	93.0	92.6	93.4
4247	Petroleum	54.9	73.9	65.1	89.9	91.5	100.0	98.4	106.2	98.6	95.8	92.0	93.5
4248	Alcoholic beverages	92.9	97.5	93.6	101.5	99.6	100.0	101.1	96.6	97.4	100.7	100.8	96.6
4249	Miscellaneous nondurable goods	104.9	92.5	94.3	108.1	105.3	100.0	103.5	113.5	116.4	113.4	109.0	101.5
425	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	58.6	77.0	91.1	109.4	100.9	100.0	95.3	89.4	79.6	84.2	91.4	89.0
4251	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	58.6	77.0	91.1	109.4	100.9	100.0	95.3	89.4	79.6	84.2	91.4	89.0
	Retail trade												
44-45	Retail trade	63.1	67.9	79.6	92.5	95.6	100.0	104.8	109.8	112.5	116.8	120.0	117.9
441	Motor vehicle and parts dealers	65.4	73.4	83.4	95.3	96.7	100.0	103.6	106.2	105.6	107.5	109.0	99.3
4411 4412	Automobile dealers	67.6	76.4	85.3	97.0	98.5 93.2	100.0 100.0	101.9 100.1	106.4	105.4 100.8	106.9 106.9	109.2 108.3	99.1 110.1
4413	Other motor vehicle dealers	55.4 66.7	63.5 76.9	74.8 92.9	86.2 100.7	94.1	100.0	106.1	107.2 102.3	100.8	108.9	105.6	101.4
	rate parte, accessories, and the electronic	00	7 0.0	02.0	100	0	100.0		102.0		100.2	100.0	
442	Furniture and home furnishings stores	58.1	66.8	77.4	89.7	94.7	100.0	104.1	113.5	116.4	121.1	128.1	128.5
4421	Furniture stores	61.8	72.8	79.9	89.5	95.6	100.0	102.9	111.2	113.7	119.8	123.2	121.6
4422	Home furnishings stores	53.0	59.0	74.1	89.7	93.5	100.0	105.7	116.3	119.5	123.0	133.9	136.5
443 4431	Electronics and appliance stores Electronics and appliance stores	16.3 16.3	24.1 24.1	42.8 42.8	74.4 74.4	84.2 84.2	100.0 100.0	125.3 125.3	143.1 143.1	158.1 158.1	177.3 177.3	201.1 201.1	232.9 232.9
1101	Licetonics and appliance stores	10.0	2-7.1	42.0	7 - 1 1	04.2	100.0	120.0	140.1	100.1	177.0	201.1	202.0
444	Building material and garden supply stores	62.8	67.5	82.8	93.7	96.7	100.0	105.2	111.3	111.4	113.9	116.8	117.8
4441	Building material and supplies dealers	64.0	68.3	82.5	94.9	96.2	100.0	105.0	110.4	111.3	113.5	114.5	112.1
4442	Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	56.5	63.5	84.6	87.2	100.1	100.0	106.3	118.4	111.8	116.7	136.1	164.4
445 4451	Food and beverage stores	105.9 106.1	101.8 102.1	95.5 95.5	96.5 96.5	99.1 98.6	100.0 100.0	102.3 101.9	107.8 107.1	112.6 111.5	115.2 112.9	118.2 115.1	116.0 113.5
4401	Grocery stores	100.1	102.1	33.3	30.5	30.0	100.0	101.5	107.1	111.5	112.5	110.1	110.0
4452	Specialty food stores	131.5	106.1	95.0	93.6	102.8	100.0	106.5	114.3	118.8	131.2	140.1	128.7
4453	Beer, wine, and liquor stores	85.0	85.8	90.8	96.0	97.2	100.0	106.3	116.0	127.0	132.5	141.1	134.1
446	Health and personal care stores	68.4	73.1	81.3	91.3	94.5	100.0	105.3	109.2	108.8	113.0	112.1	112.5
4461 447	Health and personal care stores	68.4 67.1	73.1 70.2	81.3 79.9	91.3 86.1	94.5 90.2	100.0 100.0	105.3 95.8	109.2 97.7	108.8 99.4	113.0 98.9	112.1 101.4	112.5 100.8
777	Gasonine stations	07.1	70.2	73.3	00.1	30.2	100.0	33.0	31.1	33.4	30.3	101.4	100.0
4471	Gasoline stations	67.1	70.2	79.9	86.1	90.2	100.0	95.8	97.7	99.4	98.9	101.4	100.8
448	Clothing and clothing accessories stores	50.5	57.6	76.2	94.1	96.3	100.0	105.8	106.0	112.4	122.8	132.4	136.7
4481 4482	Clothing stores	49.4 52.2	58.0 59.9	73.6 79.9	91.9 87.9	95.8 89.0	100.0 100.0	104.3 105.8	103.6 99.7	112.4 105.5	123.4 116.2	135.0 113.7	144.3 112.3
4483	Shoe stores Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	54.4	53.2	84.3	110.0	104.4	100.0	111.9	121.6	117.0	124.2	134.2	122.0
. 100	conc), raggago, ana ibanior goodo dioreci	0	00.2	01.0	110.0		100.0		12110		.22	.02	122.0
451	Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	58.7	67.7	78.4	94.9	99.6	100.0	103.1	118.4	128.2	133.3	131.2	135.4
4511	Sporting goods and musical instrument stores	53.8	63.4	73.5	95.1	98.9	100.0	103.7	122.0	132.0	140.1	137.0	141.7
4512 452	Book, periodical, and music stores General merchandise stores	70.7 56.9	77.5 64.3	89.6 77.5	94.7 93.1	101.2 96.7	100.0 100.0	101.8 106.0	110.7 109.0	120.1 112.4	118.5 116.1	118.7 116.7	121.7 115.8
4521	Department stores	85.7	89.6	97.9	103.8	101.5	100.0	100.0	103.0	108.9	111.3	104.2	97.3
.02.	2 opanion de la company	00	00.0	07.0	100.0	101.0	100.0		101.0				07.0
4529	Other general merchandise stores	30.5	38.9	55.8	82.4	92.2	100.0	105.8	107.1	110.7	113.9	120.3	123.2
453	Miscellaneous store retailers	54.7	61.9	84.0	95.8	94.6	100.0	105.9	109.8	116.7	128.4	133.8	136.8
4531 4532	Florists Office supplies, stationery and gift stores	68.2 43.4	73.6 52.6	87.9 70.7	101.3 89.9	90.3 93.5	100.0 100.0	95.7 108.8	90.9 122.1	108.5 128.9	125.5 143.1	118.2 151.8	140.6 147.4
4532	Used merchandise stores	45.4	57.6	70.7	82.0	85.8	100.0	105.4	107.4	110.4	117.6	131.9	147.4
4539	Other miscellaneous store retailers	72.4	75.5	106.0	110.6	102.7	100.0	105.8	102.7	107.4	119.0	123.1	121.3
454	Nonstore retailers	27.9	33.5	54.9	83.6	89.9	100.0	107.4	118.4	121.3	140.4	152.4	154.8
4541 4542	Electronic shopping and mail-order houses Vending machine operators	18.5 104.6	23.6 101.6	47.0 109.6	75.3 121.7	84.4 104.9	100.0 100.0	114.5 112.1	128.3 121.1	136.4 125.7	160.6 139.7	176.6 142.3	170.5 160.9
4543	Direct selling establishments	52.4	58.4	74.0	90.7	94.7	100.0	94.1	96.5	88.9	95.8	99.9	99.4
	Transportation and warehousing												
481	Air transportation and warehousing	76.7	80.0	98.3	96.0	91.0	100.0	110.2	124.2	133.6	140.5	143.0	
482111	Line-haul railroads	44.7	62.3	75.8	86.6	92.4	100.0	105.0	107.2	103.3	109.3	104.4	
48412	General freight trucking, long-distance	80.1	91.4	93.5	95.3	96.4	100.0	103.5	103.4	105.9	105.9	107.8	-
48421	Used household and office goods moving	130.9	137.9	122.6	116.2	102.9	100.0	105.7	108.6	108.5	109.0	114.3	
491	U.S. Postal service	85.4	89.4	93.9	99.1	99.8	100.0	101.3	103.4	104.5	104.5	105.3	
4911	U.S. Postal service	85.4	89.4	93.9	99.1	99.8	100.0	101.3	103.4	104.5	104.5	105.3	
492	Couriers and messengers	103.6	108.8	69.8	90.0	92.6	100.0	102.2	96.7	95.3	98.0	92.5	
493	Warehousing and storage	-	62.4	81.9	89.5	94.4	100.0	102.2	100.3	101.1	97.8	94.5	
	I save a save a save	_	62.4	81.9	89.5	94.4	100.0	102.2	100.3	101.1	97.8	94.5	-
4931	Warehousing and storage												
4931 49311 49312	Warehousing and storage	-	44.9 106.7	73.5 114.7	85.1 109.4	92.8 98.0	100.0 100.0	102.1 105.8	96.2 114.0	97.0 101.8	95.6 92.2	91.3 97.7	-

50. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries

[2002=100]

[2002=10	0]												
NAICS	Industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
-44	Information	547	00.5	85.3	00.0	00.5	400.0	407.0	444.0	440.0	400.4	400.4	
511	Publishing industries, except internet	54.7	62.5		99.9	99.5	100.0	107.8	111.6	116.6	123.1	128.1	-
5111	Newspaper, book, and directory publishers	100.3	91.7	95.6	102.9	101.0	100.0	104.7	101.9	103.1	107.2	109.1	-
5112	Software publishers	8.3 90.9	35.3	81.9	97.7	96.2	100.0	113.1	131.5	142.1	146.3	151.2	-
51213 515	Motion picture and video exhibition	90.9	104.2 99.0	100.2 96.2	106.7 99.6	101.8 95.5	100.0 100.0	100.6 103.8	103.8 108.2	102.5 111.7	107.5 118.4	110.8 127.7	-
515	Broadcasting, except internet	95.7	99.0	96.2	99.6	95.5	100.0	103.8	108.2	111.7	118.4	127.7	-
5151	Radio and television broadcasting	103.2	109.7	105.2	96.9	94.2	100.0	99.5	101.6	104.1	112.4	116.6	-
5152	Cable and other subscription programming	81.3	74.2	77.0	108.7	98.7	100.0	112.5	122.3	126.1	129.5	148.3	-
5171*	Wired telecommunications carriers	45.8	58.1	80.6	98.8	94.1	100.0	105.1	106.3	111.4	114.7	114.6	-
5172	Wireless telecommunications carriers	34.7	34.1	45.9	70.1	88.0	100.0	111.3	134.2	175.2	198.0	209.5	-
	Finance and insurance												
52211	Commercial banking	68.8	78.5	93.6	98.0	95.8	100.0	104.5	110.2	111.6	114.8	115.8	-
	Real estate and rental and leasing												
532111	Passenger car rental	80.9	91.4	87.3	98.0	97.0	100.0	105.7	103.2	95.8	97.2	113.6	_
53212	Truck, trailer, and RV rental and leasing	52.9	58.7	87.7	106.8	99.6	100.0	102.0	120.8	129.0	148.2	152.4	-
53223	Video tape and disc rental	59.1	78.5	76.7	103.5	102.3	100.0	113.9	118.5	110.6	135.2	171.1	-
	Bustonsianal and task nicel comices												
541213	Professional and technical services Tax preparation services	74.4	78.5	89.8	90.6	84.8	100.0	98.7	89.7	93.1	92.7	105.4	
541213	Architectural services	83.7	93.5	92.9	100.0	103.2	100.0	104.6	109.9	111.3	110.5	115.7	-
54133	Engineering services	89.8	96.8	92.9	100.0	99.6	100.0	104.6	109.9	111.8	110.5	109.5	-
54181	Advertising agencies	84.8	99.7	88.5	95.1	94.5	100.0	100.0	118.0	117.6	118.6	123.0	-
541921	Photography studios, portrait	100.5	98.7	102.4	111.6	104.7	100.0	107.1	95.4	95.9	101.2	107.0	-
041021		100.0	30.7	102.4	111.0	104.7	100.0	100.7	30.4	30.3	101.2	107.0	
	Administrative and waste services												
561311	Employment placement agencies	-	-	85.6	76.9	85.2	100.0	98.7	102.5	99.3	106.0	113.7	-
56151	Travel agencies	70.0	72.4	78.4	93.6	90.3	100.0	115.4	131.0	140.5	143.8	149.4	-
56172	Janitorial services	71.1	87.2	94.7	95.7	96.7	100.0	112.5	110.4	114.3	110.0	115.9	-
	Health care and social assistance												
6215	Medical and diagnostic laboratories	-	-	72.7	95.9	98.3	100.0	102.3	102.3	100.1	101.5	98.9	-
621511	Medical laboratories	-	-	81.2	103.5	103.7	100.0	104.5	106.2	102.2	103.4	105.6	-
621512	Diagnostic imaging centers	-	-	61.2	85.7	90.8	100.0	98.0	94.0	94.4	96.0	85.1	-
	Arts, entertainment, and recreation												
71311	Amusement and theme parks	105.1	89.9	93.9	99.5	87.3	100.0	106.3	95.2	103.2	91.7	96.9	-
71395	Bowling centers	110.0	108.5	103.8	96.9	97.9	100.0	106.3	112.0	110.5	106.4	127.4	-
	Accommodation and food services												
72	Accommodation and food services	88.1	93.2	94.6	100.1	99.1	100.0	101.5	103.2	102.8	102.9	102.1	_
721	Accommodation	76.7	81.0	89.3	98.5	96.4	100.0	101.0	106.4	102.1	99.0	97.3	_
7211	Traveler accommodation	75.6	80.4	89.2	99.2	96.6	100.0	100.9	106.5	102.1	98.9	97.1	_
722	Food services and drinking places	91.9	96.9	95.8	99.1	99.4	100.0	101.8	102.5	103.3	104.5	104.1	103.3
7221	Full-service restaurants	88.3	93.5	95.8	98.7	99.2	100.0	99.9	100.4	100.8	101.1	99.7	100.2
7222	Limited-service eating places	94.0	100.2	97.4	99.4	99.8	100.0	102.6	104.1	104.6	106.3	106.4	103.1
7223	Special food services	78.2	87.7	87.0	100.1	100.3	100.0	102.3	102.7	103.7	102.6	104.0	106.0
7224	Drinking places, alcoholic beverages	132.8	115.8	97.2	97.8	94.8	100.0	115.3	109.1	117.2	130.4	133.7	139.2
	Other services												
8111	Automotive repair and maintenance	82.8	86.9	96.4	105.5	105.0	100.0	100.4	107.9	108.1	107.4	106.4	_
81142	Reupholstery and furniture repair	103.3	105.3	98.0	103.4	102.9	100.0	95.3	97.8	99.4	98.0	100.4	_
81211	Hair, nail, and skin care services	75.7	78.4	90.6	98.0	103.8	100.0	108.4	113.3	117.7	117.6	121.9	-
81221	Funeral homes and funeral services	109.7	112.2	105.8	100.3	97.1	100.0	101.2	98.3	98.4	105.2	102.6	-
8123	Drycleaning and laundry services	86.3	85.1	88.9	95.7	98.6	100.0	92.3	98.4	107.6	106.5	101.9	-
81292	Photofinishing	95.3	111.2	99.5	73.4	80.8	100.0	99.9	101.5	111.8	110.7	109.6	-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				- 1					_			

NOTE: Indexes for Wired telecommunications carriers are on a NAICS 2002 basis. Dash indicates data are not available

51. Unemployment rates adjusted to U.S. concepts, 10 countries, seasonally adjusted

[Percent]

			2007					20		2009		
Country	2007	2008	I	II	III	IV	ı	II	Ш	IV	I	II
United States	4.6	5.8	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.4	6.0	6.9	8.1	9.2
Canada	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.6	6.7	7.5
Australia	4.4	4.2	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.5	5.3	5.7
Japan	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.5	5.3
France	8.1	7.5	8.6	8.2	8.1	7.7	7.2	7.4	7.5	8.0	8.7	9.3
Germany	8.7	7.5	9.2	8.8	8.6	8.2	7.8	7.6	7.4	7.4	7.7	8.0
Italy	6.2	6.8	6.2	6.1	6.3	6.4	6.6	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.3	7.4
Netherlands	3.2	2.8	3.6	3.2	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.3
Sweden	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.9	6.5	7.4	8.2
United Kingdom	5.4	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.9	6.3	7.0	7.8

Quarterly figures for France, Germany, Italy, and the Netherlands are calculated by applying annual adjustment factors to current published data and therefore should be viewed as less precise indicators of unemployment under U.S. concepts than the annual figures. For further qualifications and historical annual data, see the BLS report International Comparisons of Annual Labor Force Statistics, Adjusted to U.S. Concepts, 10 Countries (on the internet at http://www.bls.gov/ilc/flscomparelf.htm).

For monthly unemployment rates, as well as the quarterly and annual rates published in this table, see the BLS report *International Unemployment Rates* and *Employment Indexes*, *Seasonally Adjusted* (on the Internet at http://www.bls.gov/lic/intl_unemployment_rates monthly.htm).
Unemployment rates may differ between the two reports mentioned, because the

former is updated annually, whereas the latter is updated monthly and reflects the most recent revisions in source data.

52. Annual data: employment status of the working-age population, adjusted to U.S. concepts, 10 countries

[Numbers in thousands]

Deficies 137,673 139,366 142,585 143,784 144,863 167,510 147,007 149,202 151,202 153,104 154,007 144,007 149,007 149,007 149,007 157,007 177,006 177	[Numbers in thousands]											
	Employment status and country	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Camada	Civilian labor force											
Masterials	United States	137,673	139,368	142,583	143,734	144,863	146,510	147,401	149,320	151,428	153,124	154,287
Jagene	Canada	15,135	15,403	15,637	15,891	16,366	16,733	16,955	17,108	17,351	17,696	17,987
France	Australia	9,339	9,414	9,590	9,746	9,901	10,085	10,213	10,529	10,771	11,021	11,254
Commany	Japan	67,240	67,090	66,990	66,860	66,240	66,010	65,770	65,850	65,960	66,080	65,900
Instruction 18	France	25,277	25,705	25,951	26,217	26,448	26,624	26,758	26,926	27,169	27,305	27,541
Nemberlands	Germany	39,752	39,375	39,302	39,459	39,413	39,276	39,711	40,760	41,250	41,416	41,623
Surphism	Italy	23,004	23,176	23,361	23,524	23,728	24,020	24,084	24,179	24,395	24,459	24,829
Surphism	Netherlands	7,744	7,881	8,052	8,199	8,345	8,379	8,439	8,459	8,541	8,686	8,780
Participation rate					4,530							4,887
Participation rate						-			-			31,125
	· .	-,	-,	-,	-,	-,-	.,	-,	, .	,	,	
Canada.	·	07.4	07.4	07.4	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0
Apartania												
France.												
Semany	·											
Instruction		55.6	56.2	56.3	56.4	56.4		56.2			56.2	
Nemberlands	Germany	57.7	56.9	56.7	56.7	56.4	56.0	56.4	57.6	58.2	58.4	58.6
Sweden	Italy	47.7	47.9	48.1	48.3	48.5	49.1	49.1	48.7	48.9	48.6	49.0
	Netherlands	61.8	62.5	63.4	64.0	64.7	64.6	64.8	64.7	65.1	65.9	66.3
Performance	Sweden	62.8	62.7	63.7	63.7	63.9	63.9	63.6	64.9	65.0	65.4	65.2
	United Kingdom	62.4	62.8	62.8	62.7	62.9	62.9	63.0	63.1	63.5	63.4	63.6
	Employed											
Canada		131 463	133 488	136 891	136 933	136 485	137 736	139 252	141 730	144 427	146 047	145 362
Australia												
Japan.							-					
France												
Germany	•											
Install												
Netherlands	,				,			,		-		
Sweden	*											
Delical Kingdom												
Employment-population ratio												
United States 64.1 64.3 64.4 63.7 62.7 62.3 62.3 62.7 63.1 63.0 62.2 63.4 63.1 63.0 63.2 63.4 63.3 63.4 63.6 64.2 64.2 64.2 64.2 64.2 64.3 63.4 64.3 63.6 64.2 64.2 64.2 64.2 64.2 64.2 64.3 63.4 64.3 63.6 64.2 64.2 64.2 64.3 63.4 64.3 63.6 64.2 64.2 64.3 63.4 64.3 63.6 64.2 64.2 64.3 63.4 64.3 63.6 64.2 64.2 64.3 63.4 64.3 63.4 64.3	-	26,684	27,058	27,375	27,604	27,815	28,077	28,380	28,674	28,928	29,127	29,343
Canada	Employment-population ratio ²											
Australia.	United States	64.1	64.3	64.4	63.7	62.7	62.3	62.3	62.7	63.1	63.0	62.2
Japan.	Canada	60.4	61.3	62.0	61.9	62.4	63.1	63.3	63.4	63.6	64.2	64.2
France	Australia	59.3	59.6	60.3	60.0	60.2	60.8	61.1	62.1	62.6	63.3	63.8
Semany	Japan	60.2	59.4	59.0	58.4	57.5	57.1	57.1	57.3	57.5	57.6	57.4
Germany	France	49.7	50.4	51.4	51.9	51.8	51.5	51.1	51.1	51.2	51.6	52.1
Italy		52.3		52.2	52.2		50.8	50.6	51.2	52.2	53.3	54.2
Netherlands	-											45.6
Sweden 57.6 58.3 60.1 60.5 60.6 60.2 59.5 59.9 60.4 61.3 61.1 United Kingdom 58.5 59.0 59.4 59.5 59.6 59.8 60.0 60.0 60.1 60.0 59.9 United States 6.210 5.880 5.692 6.801 8.378 8.774 8.149 7.591 7,001 7,078 8.924 Canada 1.162 1.072 956 1.026 1.143 1.147 1.093 1.028 958 929 962 Australia 721 652 602 668 630 599 551 531 516 482 477 Japan 2,790 3,170 3,200 3,400 3,590 3,500 3,130 2,940 2,750 2,650 2,262 2,262 2,262 2,262 2,202 2,412 2,429 2,432 2,217 2,062 Germany 3,633 3,333 3,65	-											
United Kingdom												
Unemployed Canada												
United States. 6,210 5,880 5,692 6,801 8,378 8,774 8,149 7,591 7,001 7,078 8,924 Canada. 1,162 1,072 956 1,026 1,143 1,147 1,093 1,028 958 929 962 Australia. 721 652 602 668 630 599 551 531 516 482 477 Japan. 2,790 3,170 3,200 3,590 3,500 3,130 2,940 2,750 2,657 2,657 France. 2,680 2,625 2,262 2,071 2,132 2,299 2,412 2,429 2,432 2,217 2,067 Germany. 3,693 3,333 3,065 3,110 3,396 3,661 4,107 4,575 4,272 3,601 3,140 Italy. 2,634 2,559 2,388 2,164 2,062 2,048 1,960 1,889 1,673 1,506 1,692	-	00.0	00.0	00.4	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.1	00.0	00.0
Canada 1,162 1,072 956 1,026 1,143 1,147 1,093 1,028 958 929 962 Australia 721 652 602 658 630 599 551 531 516 482 477 Japan 2,790 3,170 3,200 3,400 3,590 3,500 3,130 2,940 2,750 2,570 2,650 France 2,680 2,625 2,262 2,071 2,132 2,299 2,412 2,429 2,432 2,217 2,061 Germany 3,693 3,333 3,065 3,110 3,396 3,661 4,107 4,575 4,272 3,601 1,692 Netherlands 337 277 239 186 231 310 387 402 336 278 243 Sweden 368 313 260 227 234 264 300 367 336 298 305												
Australia. 721 652 602 658 630 599 551 531 516 482 477 Japan. 2,790 3,170 3,200 3,400 3,590 3,500 3,130 2,940 2,750 2,570 2,650 France. 2,680 2,625 2,262 2,071 2,132 2,299 2,412 2,429 2,432 2,217 2,660 Germany. 3,693 3,333 3,065 3,110 3,396 3,661 4,107 4,675 4,272 3,601 3,140 Italy. 2,634 2,559 2,388 2,164 2,062 2,048 1,960 1,889 1,673 1,506 1,692 Netherlands. 337 277 239 186 231 310 387 402 336 278 243 Sweden. 368 313 260 227 234 264 300 367 336 298 305 Uni							-			-		8,924
Japan 2,790 3,170 3,200 3,400 3,590 3,500 3,130 2,940 2,750 2,650 2,650 2,662 2,262 2,071 2,132 2,299 2,412 2,429 2,432 2,217 2,067 Germany 3,693 3,333 3,065 3,110 3,396 3,661 4,107 4,575 4,272 3,601 3,140 Italy 2,634 2,559 2,388 2,164 2,062 2,048 1,960 1,889 1,673 1,506 1,692 Netherlands 337 277 239 186 231 310 387 402 336 278 243 Sweden 368 313 260 227 234 264 300 367 336 298 305 United Kingdom 1,791 1,728 1,587 1,489 1,528 1,488 1,423 1,463 1,670 1,652 1,783 United States 4.5 <												962
France. 2,680 2,625 2,262 2,071 2,132 2,299 2,412 2,429 2,432 2,217 2,067 Germany. 3,693 3,333 3,306 3,110 3,396 3,661 4,107 4,575 4,272 3,601 3,140 Italy. 2,634 2,559 2,388 2,164 2,062 2,048 1,960 1,889 1,673 1,506 1,692 Sweden. 368 313 260 227 234 264 300 367 336 298 243 Sweden. 368 313 260 227 234 264 300 367 336 298 243 United Kingdom. 1,791 1,728 1,587 1,489 1,528 1,488 1,423 1,463 1,670 1,652 1,783 United States. 4,5 4,2 4,0 4,7 5,8 6,0 5,5 5,1 4,6 4,6 5,8												477
Germany 3,693 3,333 3,065 3,110 3,396 3,661 4,107 4,575 4,272 3,601 3,140 Italy 2,634 2,559 2,388 2,164 2,062 2,048 1,960 1,889 1,673 1,506 1,692 Netherlands 337 277 239 186 231 310 387 402 336 278 243 Sweden 368 313 260 227 234 264 300 367 336 298 305 United Kingdom 1,791 1,728 1,587 1,489 1,528 1,488 1,423 1,463 1,670 1,652 1,783 United States 4.5 4.2 4.0 4.7 5.8 6.0 5.5 5.1 4.6 4.6 5.8 Canada 7.7 7.0 6.1 6.5 7.0 6.9 6.4 6.0 5.5 5.3 5.3 Australia	·								-			2,650
Italy. 2,634 2,559 2,388 2,164 2,062 2,048 1,960 1,889 1,673 1,506 1,692 Netherlands. 337 277 239 186 231 310 387 402 336 278 243 Sweden. 368 313 260 227 234 264 300 367 336 298 305 United Kingdom. 1,791 1,728 1,587 1,489 1,528 1,488 1,423 1,463 1,670 1,652 1,783 United States. 4.5 4.2 4.0 4.7 5.8 6.0 5.5 5.1 4.6 4.6 5.8 Canada. 7.7 7.0 6.1 6.5 7.0 6.9 6.4 6.0 5.5 5.3 5.3 5.3 5.3 Australia. 7.7 6.9 6.3 6.8 6.4 5.9 5.4 5.0 4.8 4.4 4.2	France						-			-		2,067
Netherlands 337 277 239 186 231 310 387 402 336 278 243 Sweden 368 313 260 227 234 264 300 367 336 298 305 United Kingdom 1,791 1,728 1,587 1,489 1,528 1,488 1,423 1,463 1,670 1,652 1,783 United States 4.5 4.2 4.0 4.7 5.8 6.0 5.5 5.1 4.6 4.6 4.6 5.8 Canada 7.7 7.0 6.1 6.5 7.0 6.9 6.4 6.0 5.5 5.3 4.8 4.4 4.2 Japan 4.1 4.7 4.8 5.1 5.4 5.3 4.8 4.5 4.2 3.9 4.0 France 10.6 10.2 8.7 7.9 8.1 8.6 9.0 9.0 9.0 8.1	Germany	3,693	3,333	3,065	3,110	3,396	3,661	4,107	4,575	4,272	3,601	3,140
Sweden	Italy	2,634	2,559	2,388	2,164	2,062	2,048	1,960	1,889	1,673	1,506	1,692
United Kingdom 1,791 1,728 1,587 1,489 1,528 1,488 1,423 1,463 1,670 1,652 1,783 United States 4.5 4.2 4.0 4.7 5.8 6.0 5.5 5.1 4.6 4.6 5.8 Canada 7.7 7.0 6.1 6.5 7.0 6.9 6.4 6.0 5.5 5.3 5.3 Australia 7.7 6.9 6.3 6.8 6.4 5.9 5.4 5.0 4.8 4.4 4.2 Japan 4.1 4.7 4.8 5.1 5.4 5.3 4.8 4.5 4.2 3.9 4.0 France 10.6 10.2 8.7 7.9 8.6 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 8.1 7.5 Germany 9.3 8.5 7.8 7.9 8.6 9.3 10.3 11.2 10.4 8.7 7.5 Italy. 11.5 11.0	Netherlands	337	277	239	186	231	310	387	402	336	278	243
Unemployment rate³ 4.5 4.2 4.0 4.7 5.8 6.0 5.5 5.1 4.6 4.6 5.8 Canada	Sweden	368	313	260	227	234	264	300	367	336	298	305
Unemployment rate³ 4.5 4.2 4.0 4.7 5.8 6.0 5.5 5.1 4.6 4.6 5.8 Canada	United Kingdom	1,791	1,728	1,587	1,489	1,528	1,488	1,423	1,463	1,670	1,652	1,783
United States 4.5 4.2 4.0 4.7 5.8 6.0 5.5 5.1 4.6 4.6 5.8 Canada 7.7 7.0 6.1 6.5 7.0 6.9 6.4 6.0 5.5 5.3 5.3 Australia 7.7 6.9 6.3 6.8 6.4 5.9 5.4 5.0 4.8 4.4 4.2 Japan 4.1 4.7 4.8 5.1 5.4 5.3 4.8 4.5 4.2 3.9 4.0 France 10.6 10.2 8.7 7.9 8.6 9.3 10.3 11.2 10.4 8.7 7.5 Germany 9.3 8.5 7.8 7.9 8.6 9.3 10.3 11.2 10.4 8.7 7.5 Italy 11.5 11.0 10.2 9.2 8.7 8.5 8.1 7.8 6.9 6.2 6.8 Netherlands 4.4 3.5	Unemployment rate ³											
Canada 7.7 7.0 6.1 6.5 7.0 6.9 6.4 6.0 5.5 5.3 5.3 Australia 7.7 6.9 6.3 6.8 6.4 5.9 5.4 5.0 4.8 4.4 4.2 Japan 4.1 4.7 4.8 5.1 5.4 5.3 4.8 4.5 4.2 3.9 4.0 France 10.6 10.2 8.7 7.9 8.6 9.0 9.0 9.0 8.1 7.5 Germany 9.3 8.5 7.8 7.9 8.6 9.3 10.3 11.2 10.4 8.7 7.5 Italy 11.5 11.0 10.2 9.2 8.7 8.5 8.1 7.8 6.9 6.2 6.8 Netherlands 4.4 3.5 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.7 4.6 4.8 3.9 3.2 2.8 Sweden 8.4 7.1 5.8		45	42	4 0	47	5.9	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.6	5.9
Australia. 7.7 6.9 6.3 6.8 6.4 5.9 5.4 5.0 4.8 4.4 4.2 Japan. 4.1 4.7 4.8 5.1 5.4 5.3 4.8 4.5 4.2 3.9 4.0 France. 10.6 10.2 8.7 7.9 8.1 8.6 9.0 9.0 9.0 8.1 7.5 Germany. 9.3 8.5 7.8 7.9 8.6 9.3 10.3 11.2 10.4 8.7 7.5 Italy. 11.5 11.0 10.2 9.2 8.7 8.5 8.1 7.8 6.9 6.2 6.8 Netherlands. 4.4 3.5 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.7 4.6 4.8 3.9 3.2 2.8 Sweden. 8.4 7.1 5.8 5.0 5.1 5.8 6.6 7.8 7.1 6.2 6.2												
Japan. 4.1 4.7 4.8 5.1 5.4 5.3 4.8 4.5 4.2 3.9 4.0 France 10.6 10.2 8.7 7.9 8.1 8.6 9.0 9.0 9.0 8.1 7.5 Germany. 9.3 8.5 7.8 7.9 8.6 9.3 10.3 11.2 10.4 8.7 7.5 Italy. 11.5 11.0 10.2 9.2 8.7 8.5 8.1 7.8 6.9 6.2 6.2 Netherlands. 4.4 3.5 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.7 4.6 4.8 3.9 3.2 2.8 Sweden. 8.4 7.1 5.8 5.0 5.1 5.8 6.6 7.8 7.1 6.2 6.2												
France 10.6 10.2 8.7 7.9 8.1 8.6 9.0 9.0 9.0 8.1 7.5 Germany 9.3 8.5 7.8 7.9 8.6 9.3 10.3 11.2 10.4 8.7 7.5 Italy 11.5 11.0 10.2 9.2 8.7 8.5 8.1 7.8 6.9 6.2 6.8 Netherlands 4.4 3.5 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.7 4.6 4.8 3.9 3.2 2.8 Sweden 8.4 7.1 5.8 5.0 5.1 5.8 6.6 7.8 7.1 6.2 6.2												
Germany 9.3 8.5 7.8 7.9 8.6 9.3 10.3 11.2 10.4 8.7 7.5 Italy 11.5 11.0 10.2 9.2 8.7 8.5 8.1 7.8 6.9 6.2 6.8 Netherlands 4.4 3.5 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.7 4.6 4.8 3.9 3.2 2.8 Sweden 8.4 7.1 5.8 5.0 5.1 5.8 6.6 7.8 7.1 6.2 6.2	·											
Italy 11.5 11.0 10.2 9.2 8.7 8.5 8.1 7.8 6.9 6.2 6.8 Netherlands 4.4 3.5 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.7 4.6 4.8 3.9 3.2 2.8 Sweden 8.4 7.1 5.8 5.0 5.1 5.8 6.6 7.8 7.1 6.2 6.2												
Neiherlands 4.4 3.5 3.0 2.3 2.8 3.7 4.6 4.8 3.9 3.2 2.8 Sweden 8.4 7.1 5.8 5.0 5.1 5.8 6.6 7.8 7.1 6.2 6.2	,											
Sweden 8.4 7.1 5.8 5.0 5.1 5.8 6.6 7.8 7.1 6.2 6.2	*											6.8
												2.8
1 001 001 501 501 501 401 551 551												6.2
United Kingdom	United Kingdom	6.3	6.0	5.5	5.1	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.9	5.5	5.4	5.7

¹ Labor force as a percent of the working-age population. ² Employment as a percent of the working-age population. ³ Unemployment as a percent of the labor force.

NOTE: There are breaks in series for the United States (1999, 2000, 2003, 2004), Australia (2001), France (2003), Germany (1999, 2005), the Netherlands (2000, 2003), and Sweden (2005). For further qualifications and historical annual data, see the BLS

report International Comparisons of Annual Labor Force Statistics, Adjusted to U.S. Concepts, 10 Countries (on the internet at http://www.bls.gov/ilc/flscomparelf.htm). Unemployment rates may differ from those in the BLS report International Unemployment Rates and Employment Indexes, Seasonally Adjusted (on the Internet at http://www.bls.gov/ilc/intl_unemployment_rates_monthly.htm), because the former is updated annually, whereas the latter is updated monthly and reflects the most recent revisions in source data.

53. Annual indexes of manufacturing productivity and related measures, 17 economies

Measure and economy	1980	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Output per hour																
United States	41.6	56.9	65.8	68.3	71.0	74.0	79.1	83.1	89.5	90.4	106.4	112.9	115.1	120.5	126.2	127.8
Canada	55.2	70.7	82.4	83.3	83.0	86.7	90.9	94.8	100.5	98.4	100.4	101.6	105.0	107.3	110.2	107.3
Australia	59.0	74.1	80.0	79.0	81.3	83.0	87.0	88.3	93.6	95.9	101.8	103.1	103.8	104.8	106.8	105.9
Japan	47.9	70.9	78.2	83.4	87.2	90.3	91.2	93.6	98.5	96.5	106.8	114.3	121.7	122.9	127.2	127.0
Korea, Rep. of	-	34.6	49.4	54.3	59.7	67.3	75.0	83.5	90.6	90.1	106.8	117.8	130.8	146.8	157.9	159.9
Singapore	29.3	51.0	66.9	71.3	74.7	77.1	83.1	91.5	97.7	91.8	103.7	110.0	112.0	114.7	110.3	103.1
Taiwan	29.3 49.9	53.6 73.9	62.8 82.3	67.4 86.0	72.5 87.3	75.5 92.7	79.1 93.9	84.0 93.3	88.3 96.8	92.2 97.0	102.6 102.9	107.1 108.1	114.8 111.0	122.5 115.1	133.5 120.2	132.8 120.8
Belgium Denmark	66.1	79.3	90.8	90.8	87.8	94.8	94.3	95.8	99.2	99.4	104.2	110.2	113.7	119.0	119.4	114.1
France	42.9	63.6	72.4	75.2	75.5	79.9	84.1	87.8	94.0	95.9	104.2	107.3	112.3	114.9	116.3	115.4
Germany	54.5	69.8	79.3	80.6	82.9	87.7	88.1	90.2	96.5	99.0	103.6	107.5	113.5	123.1	129.3	129.2
Italy	56.8	78.1	89.8	94.2	94.6	96.5	95.2	95.9	100.9	101.2	97.9	99.3	100.8	102.6	103.1	99.6
Netherlands	48.0	68.3	79.0	82.1	83.9	84.1	86.6	90.1	96.6	97.1	102.1	109.0	113.9	118.2	121.4	119.7
Norway	70.1	87.8	89.2	88.1	90.8	91.0	88.7	91.7	94.6	97.2	108.7	115.1	119.1	116.7	116.4	117.2
Spain	57.9	80.0	90.2	93.3	92.2	93.1	94.7	96.4	97.4	99.6	102.5	104.4	106.4	108.5	111.1	110.1
Sweden	41.3	50.9	62.7	66.6	68.8	75.1	79.6	86.9	92.8	90.1	108.1	119.7	127.1	139.0	139.7	134.6
United Kingdom	46.3	72.8	83.5	82.1	81.4	82.9	83.7	87.8	93.7	97.0	104.2	110.8	115.5	119.8	123.8	124.2
Output																
United States	49.6	66.2	75.7	79.1	82.1	87.1	92.9	96.9	103.0	97.3	101.1	106.8	107.7	113.6	116.9	113.7
Canada	55.2	68.7	73.1	76.5	77.5	82.3	86.5	93.7	103.2	99.2	99.4	101.4	103.0	102.6	101.6	95.9
Australia	70.3	81.5	85.4	84.9	87.6	89.6	92.1	91.9	96.3	95.4	101.7	101.8	101.4	100.5	103.7	105.4
Japan	61.9	98.9	97.5	101.7	105.6	108.2	102.5	102.1	107.4	101.6	105.3	111.4	117.2	121.3	125.7	121.4
Korea, Rep. of	13.4	41.3	54.9	61.3	65.3	68.4	63.0	76.8	89.8	92.0	105.4	115.9	123.1	133.0	142.5	146.9
Singapore	-	51.2	68.5	75.4	77.4	80.8	80.2	90.6	104.4	92.2	102.9	117.2	128.3	143.6	152.2	145.9
Taiwan	30.2	60.5	71.1	75.0	78.9	83.5	86.1	92.4	99.2	91.8	105.3	115.6	123.6	132.5	146.3	144.7
Belgium	67.5	87.2	87.5	89.9	90.2	94.5	96.1	96.4	100.7	100.8	98.6	102.2	102.0	104.9	107.6	107.1
Denmark	77.3	85.5	90.3	94.7	90.3	97.7	98.5	99.4	102.9	103.0	97.2	98.8	99.3	103.4	107.2	105.2
France	69.5	81.5	80.9	83.8	83.6	87.5	91.7	94.8	99.1	100.1	101.9	102.8	105.2	104.9	105.7	103.2
Germany	81.3	94.5	90.9	90.1	88.2	92.0	93.1	94.0	100.4	102.1	100.7	104.3	107.8	115.6	122.7	123.5
Italy	71.1	88.2	91.4	95.7	95.2	96.6	97.5	97.3	101.4	101.1	97.3	98.0	97.8	101.1	103.1	98.4
Netherlands	59.3	77.0	82.0	85.1	86.3	87.5	90.5	93.8	100.1	99.9	98.9	102.3	104.3	107.9	111.3	110.6
Norway	95.1	91.4	94.1	94.6	98.4	102.7	101.9	101.8	101.3	100.5	103.3	109.2	114.1	117.5	123.6	127.3
Spain	58.8	73.7	73.2	76.0	77.9	82.9	87.9	92.9	97.0	100.1	101.2	101.9	103.1	105.0	106.0	103.8
Sweden	46.8	56.1	59.7	67.5	69.7	75.1	81.3	89.0	96.3	94.1	104.9	114.5	119.8	129.2	132.2	127.6
United Kingdom	78.5	94.9	95.6	97.1	97.9	99.6	100.3	101.3	103.6	102.2	99.7	101.9	101.7	103.4	104.0	101.0
Total hours	440.4	440.5	445.4	445.0	445.7	4477	447.4	440.0	445.4	407.0	05.4	04.0	00.0	04.0	00.0	00.0
United States	119.4	116.5	115.1	115.9	115.7	117.7	117.4	116.6	115.1	107.6	95.1	94.6	93.6	94.3	92.6 92.2	89.0
Canada Australia	100.0 119.1	97.2 110.0	88.8 106.7	91.8 107.4	93.4 107.7	94.9 108.0	95.2 105.9	98.9 104.1	102.7 102.9	100.8 99.5	99.0 99.9	99.8 98.7	98.1 97.7	95.6 95.9	97.1	89.3 99.6
Japan	129.3	139.6	124.7	122.0	121.0	119.9	112.5	109.1	102.9	105.3	98.6	97.5	96.3	98.6	98.8	95.7
Korea, Rep. of	-	119.2	111.1	113.0	109.3	101.7	84.0	92.0	99.1	102.0	98.7	98.3	94.1	90.6	90.2	91.9
Singapore	_	100.5	102.4	105.7	103.7	104.8	96.5	99.0	106.8	100.5	99.3	106.5	114.6	125.2	137.9	141.5
Taiwan	102.9	113.0	113.3	111.2	108.9	110.6	108.8	110.1	112.4	99.6	102.7	100.5	107.7	108.2	109.6	109.0
Belgium	135.3	117.9	106.3	104.5	103.4	101.9	102.3	103.4	104.0	104.0	95.8	94.5	91.9	91.1	89.5	88.6
Denmark	117.0	107.8	99.5	104.3	102.9	103.1	104.5	103.7	103.7	103.7	93.3	89.6	87.3	86.9	89.8	92.2
France	161.9	128.2	111.8	111.3	110.7	109.4	109.0	108.0	105.4	104.4	97.5	95.8	93.7	91.3	90.8	89.4
Germany	149.3	135.3	114.5	111.7	106.4	104.9	105.8	104.2	104.0	103.1	97.3	97.1	95.0	93.9	94.9	95.6
Italy	125.1	113.0	101.8	101.6	100.7	100.1	102.5	101.5	100.5	99.9	99.4	98.7	97.0	98.6	100.0	98.9
Netherlands	123.6	112.7	103.9	103.7	102.9	104.0	104.5	104.1	103.6	103.0	96.8	93.9	91.6	91.3	91.7	92.4
Norway	135.6	104.1	105.5	107.3	108.4	112.8	115.0	111.0	107.1	103.4	95.1	94.9	95.8	100.7	106.2	108.6
Spain	101.6	92.1	81.1	81.4	84.5	89.0	92.8	96.4	99.7	100.5	98.8	97.6	96.8	96.8	95.4	94.3
Sweden	113.2	110.2	95.1	101.3	101.3	100.1	102.2	102.4	103.8	104.3	97.0	95.7	94.2	93.0	94.6	94.8
United Kingdom	169.8	130.4	114.5	118.2	120.3	120.1	119.8	115.4	110.6	105.4	95.7	92.0	88.1	86.3	84.0	81.3
Hourly compensation																
(national currency basis)																
United States	38.2	62.1	72.2	73.4	74.6	76.5	81.2	84.8	91.3	94.8	108.0	108.9	112.5	114.7	119.6	123.2
Canada	36.3	68.3	79.8	81.7	82.9	84.9	89.3	91.2	94.2	96.8	104.0	107.7	112.4	115.8	119.9	122.5
Australia	-	61.7	69.8	74.1	77.5	79.6	82.9	86.2	90.0	95.7	103.9	109.4	116.3	124.2	130.7	134.2
Japan	50.4	77.4	89.4	92.4	93.2	96.4	98.8	98.6	98.0	99.3	97.8	98.8	99.6	98.5	98.3	100.1
Korea, Rep. of	-	23.7	46.5	56.4	65.7	71.4	77.7	78.2	85.2	89.0	105.5	120.6	139.7	153.9	163.8	167.1
Singapore	-	56.2	77.5	81.0	87.0	90.9	96.1	87.9	90.2	97.3	100.6	97.9	96.8	95.0	94.3	94.7
Taiwan	20.4	58.6	76.4	82.7	88.2	90.8	94.2	95.9	97.6	103.7	101.0	102.1	105.7	108.9	112.4	113.8
Belgium	40.2	69.0	80.9	83.2	84.7	87.9	89.2	90.4	92.0	95.9	103.4	106.2	109.4	113.3	119.3	122.8
Denmark	32.6	68.6	77.7	79.3	82.5	85.4	87.6	89.8	91.6	95.9	106.8	110.9	117.2	122.9	126.1	130.5
France	28.2	64.2	77.6	79.9	81.4	83.8	84.4	87.1	91.8	94.2	102.3	105.5	109.4	113.7	116.8	120.3
Germany	35.8	59.7	77.1	81.2	85.1	86.7	88.0	90.0	94.7	97.6	102.2	102.8	104.1	108.4	110.3	113.0
Italy	19.6	61.3	78.0	82.5	87.0	91.1	89.4	91.7	94.1	97.2	103.8	107.4	110.8	113.0	115.5	118.5
Netherlands	41.1	61.9	75.0	77.0	78.4	80.5	83.9	86.7	90.9	94.8	104.0	108.4	110.0	113.1	116.7	120.5
Norway	24.7	58.5	66.2	69.2	72.1	75.3	79.7	84.2	89.0	94.4	104.1	107.5	112.6	119.5	125.2	132.2
Spain	20.7	59.0	83.8	87.4	89.5	91.6	92.3	92.1	93.5	97.2	105.0	108.7	113.9	118.9	124.8	130.8
Sweden	25.4	59.9	68.0	71.7	77.3	81.4	84.6	87.2	90.6	94.9	104.5	107.3	111.0	114.2	119.7	123.3
United Kingdom	24.5	60.6	70.9	72.1	71.9	75.1	80.7	85.4	90.6	94.7	104.9	109.6	115.9	121.7	125.7	128.8

53. Continued— Annual indexes of manufacturing productivity and related measures, 17 economies

Measure and economy	1980	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Unit labor costs																
(national currency basis)																
United States	92.0	109.3	109.8	107.5	105.2	103.4	102.6	102.0	102.1	104.8	101.5	96.4	97.7	95.1	94.8	96.4
Canada	65.8	96.7	96.8	98.0	100.0	97.9	98.3	96.2	93.7	98.4	103.6	106.1	107.0	108.0	108.9	114.1
Australia	_	83.2	87.2	93.7	95.3	96.0	95.3	97.6	96.2	99.8	102.1	106.0	112.1	118.5	122.3	126.7
Japan	105.4	109.2	114.3	110.8	106.9	106.8	108.3	105.4	99.5	102.9	91.6	86.4	81.8	80.1	77.3	78.8
Korea, Rep. of	37.0	68.5	94.1	104.0	110.0	106.1	103.6	93.7	94.1	98.8	98.8	102.3	106.8	104.8	103.7	104.5
Singapore	-	110.3	115.9	113.6	116.5	117.9	115.7	96.0	92.3	106.0	97.1	88.9	86.5	82.8	85.5	91.9
Taiwan	69.5	109.3	121.6	122.7	121.6	120.4	119.1	114.2	110.5	112.4	98.5	95.3	92.0	88.9	84.2	85.7
Belgium	80.6	93.3	98.2	96.7	97.1	94.8	95.0	97.0	95.1	98.9	100.5	98.2	98.6	98.5	99.3	101.7
Denmark	49.4	86.4	85.6	87.3	94.0	90.0	92.9	93.7	92.3	96.5	102.5	100.6	103.0	103.3	105.6	114.4
France	65.6	101.0	107.1	106.1	107.8	104.8	100.4	99.3	97.6	98.3	97.9	98.3	97.4	98.9	100.4	104.3
Germany	65.7	85.5	97.2	100.8	102.7	98.9	99.9	99.7	98.1	98.6	98.7	95.7	91.7	88.0	85.3	87.5
Italy	34.5	78.6	86.8	87.7	92.0	94.4	94.0	95.6	93.2	96.1	106.0	108.1	110.0	110.2	112.1	119.0
Netherlands	85.6	90.5	95.0	93.8	93.5	95.7	96.9	96.2	94.1	97.7	101.8	99.5	96.6	95.7	96.2	100.7
Norway	35.3	66.6	74.2	78.5	79.4	82.7	89.9	91.8	94.1	97.0	95.8	93.4	94.5	102.4	107.5	112.8
Spain	35.7	73.7	92.8	93.6	97.0	98.4	97.4	95.6	96.0	97.6	102.5	104.1	107.0	109.5	112.3	118.8
Sweden	61.6	117.7	108.4	107.6	112.3	108.4	106.3	100.4	97.6	105.3	96.7	89.7	87.3	82.2	85.6	91.6
United Kingdom	52.9	83.3	84.9	87.9	88.3	90.5	96.4	97.3	96.7	97.6	100.7	98.9	100.4	101.6	101.5	103.7
Unit labor costs																
(U.S. dollar basis)																
United States	92.0	109.3	109.8	107.5	105.2	103.4	102.6	102.0	102.1	104.8	101.5	96.4	97.7	95.1	94.8	96.4
Canada	88.4	130.1	111.3	112.1	115.1	111.1	104.0	101.7	99.1	99.8	116.1	128.0	138.7	149.5	159.3	168.1
Australia	-	119.5	117.3	127.7	137.2	131.3	110.2	115.9	102.9	94.9	122.5	143.6	157.2	164.2	188.8	199.0
Japan	58.2	94.3	140.1	147.7	123.0	110.4	103.6	116.1	115.6	106.0	98.9	100.1	93.0	86.3	82.2	95.5
Korea, Rep. of	76.2	120.5	145.7	168.2	170.9	139.9	92.5	98.4	104.0	95.6	103.6	111.7	130.4	137.3	139.6	119.0
Singapore	-	109.0	135.9	143.5	147.9	142.1	123.9	101.5	95.9	105.9	99.7	94.2	93.1	93.4	101.6	116.4
Taiwan	66.6	140.3	158.7	159.9	152.9	144.5	122.6	122.1	122.1	114.8	98.9	98.6	98.9	94.4	88.5	93.9
Belgium	117.6	119.2	125.4	140.1	133.8	112.9	111.6	109.3	92.8	93.7	120.3	129.2	129.8	130.8	144.0	158.4
Denmark	69.1	110.1	106.2	123.0	127.8	107.4	109.3	105.8	89.9	91.4	122.9	132.5	135.5	137.1	153.1	177.3
France	107.8	128.7	134.1	147.7	146.2	124.5	118.0	111.9	95.3	93.1	117.2	129.4	128.3	131.5	145.6	162.4
Germany	74.7	109.4	124.0	145.6	141.2	117.9	117.4	112.4	95.8	93.3	118.2	125.9	120.8	117.0	123.7	136.3
Italy	82.6	134.3	110.4	110.2	122.1	113.5	110.8	107.7	91.0	91.0	126.9	142.2	144.8	146.5	162.5	185.4
Netherlands	100.4	115.9	121.7	136.3	129.3	114.2	113.8	108.4	91.9	92.5	121.9	130.8	127.2	127.2	139.5	156.8
Norway	57.0	85.0	83.9	98.9	98.1	93.2	95.0	93.9	85.2	86.1	108.0	110.6	117.2	127.6	146.6	159.8
Spain	87.6	127.3	122.1	132.2	134.8	118.1	114.8	107.7	93.8	92.4	122.7	136.9	140.9	145.6	162.9	185.1
Sweden	141.5	193.1	136.7	146.5	162.8	137.9	130.0	117.9	103.5	99.0	116.3	118.7	113.7	108.4	123.3	135.2
United Kingdom	81.9	98.9	86.5	92.3	91.8	98.6	106.4	104.7	97.6	93.5	109.5	120.6	121.6	124.6	135.2	128.0

NOTE: Data for Germany for years before 1993 are for the former West Germany. Data for 1993 onward are for unified Germany. Dash indicates data not available.

54. Occupational injury and illness rates by industry, ¹ United States

Industry and type of cose 2				Ir	ncidence	rates p	er 100 f	ull-time	workers	3		ı	
Industry and type of case ²	1989 ¹	1990	1991	1992	1993 ⁴	1994 4	1995 4	1996 ⁴	1997 4	1998 4	1999 4	2000 4	2001 4
PRIVATE SECTOR ⁵													
Total cases	8.6	8.8	8.4	8.9	8.5	8.4	8.1	7.4	7.1	6.7	6.3	6.1	5.7
Lost workday cases	4.0	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.8
Lost workdays	78.7	84.0	86.5	93.8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁵	10.0	44.0	10.0	44.0	44.0	10.0	0.7	0.7	0.4	7.0	7.0	7.4	7.0
Total cases Lost workday cases	10.9 5.7	11.6 5.9	10.8 5.4	11.6 5.4	11.2 5.0	10.0 4.7	9.7 4.3	8.7 3.9	8.4 4.1	7.9 3.9	7.3 3.4	7.1 3.6	7.3 3.6
Lost workdays	100.9	112.2	108.3	126.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining													
Total cases	8.5	8.3	7.4	7.3	6.8	6.3	6.2	5.4	5.9	4.9	4.4	4.7	
Lost workday cases	4.8	5.0	4.5	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.2	3.7	2.9	2.7	3.0	2.4
Lost workdays	137.2	119.5	129.6	204.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Construction Total cases	14.3	14.2	13.0	13.1	12.2	11.8	10.6	9.9	9.5	8.8	8.6	8.3	7.9
Lost workday cases	6.8	6.7	6.1	5.8	5.5	5.5	4.9	4.5	4.4	4.0	4.2	4.1	
Lost workdays	143.3	147.9	148.1	161.9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
General building contractors:													
Total cases	13.9	13.4	12.0	12.2	11.5	10.9	9.8	9.0	8.5 3.7	8.4	8.0	7.8	
Lost workday cases Lost workdays	6.5 137.3	6.4 137.6	5.5 132.0	5.4 142.7	5.1	5.1	4.4	4.0	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.9	3.5
Heavy construction, except building:	107.0	107.10	102.0										
Total cases	13.8	13.8	12.8	12.1	11.1	10.2	9.9	9.0	8.7	8.2	7.8	7.6	7.8
Lost workday cases	6.5	6.3	6.0	5.4	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.3	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.7	4.0
Lost workdays	147.1	144.6	160.1	165.8	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
Special trades contractors: Total cases	14.6	14.7	13.5	13.8	12.8	12.5	11.1	10.4	10.0	9.1	8.9	8.6	8.2
Lost workday cases	6.9	6.9	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.8	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.1	4.4	4.3	
Lost workdays	144.9	153.1	151.3	168.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing													
Total cases	13.1	13.2	12.7	12.5	12.1	12.2	11.6	10.6	10.3	9.7	9.2	9.0	_
Lost workday cases	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.3	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.1
Lost workdays	113.0	120.7	121.5	124.6	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
Durable goods:													
Total cases	14.1	14.2 6.0	13.6 5.7	13.4 5.5	13.1 5.4	13.5 5.7	12.8 5.6	11.6 5.1	11.3 5.1	10.7 5.0	10.1 4.8	_	8.8 4.3
Lost workday cases Lost workdays	116.5	123.3	122.9	126.7	5.4	5.7	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.0	_	4.3
Lumber and wood products:	110.5	120.0	122.5	120.7									
Total cases	18.4	18.1	16.8	16.3	15.9	15.7	14.9	14.2	13.5	13.2	13.0	12.1	10.6
Lost workday cases	9.4	8.8	8.3	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.0	6.8	6.5	6.8	6.7	6.1	5.5
Lost workdays	177.5	172.5	172.0	165.8	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and fixtures:													
Total cases Lost workday cases	16.1 7.2	16.9 7.8	15.9 7.2	14.8 6.6	14.6 6.5	15.0 7.0	13.9 6.4	12.2 5.4	12.0 5.8	11.4 5.7	11.5 5.9	11.2 5.9	
Lost workdays	- 7.2	7.0	7.2	128.4	0.5	7.0	- 0.4		-	-	-	J.5	5.7
Stone, clay, and glass products:													
Total cases	15.5	15.4	14.8	13.6	13.8	13.2	12.3	12.4	11.8	11.8	10.7	10.4	
Lost workday cases	7.4	7.3	6.8	6.1	6.3	6.5	5.7	6.0	5.7	6.0	5.4	5.5	5.1
Lost workdays	149.8	160.5	156.0	152.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Primary metal industries: Total cases	18.7	19.0	17.7	17.5	17.0	16.8	16.5	15.0	15.0	14.0	12.9	12.6	10.7
Lost workday cases	8.1	8.1	7.4	7.1	7.3	7.2	7.2	6.8	7.2	7.0	6.3	6.3	5.3
Lost workdays	168.3	180.2	169.1	175.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.1
Fabricated metal products: Total cases	18.5	18.7	17.4	16.8	16.2	16.4	15.8	14.4	14.2	13.9	12.6	11.9	11.1
Lost workday cases	7.9	7.9	7.1	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.9	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.0	5.5	
Lost workdays	147.6	155.7	146.6	144.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial machinery and equipment:													
Total cases	12.1	12.0	11.2	11.1	11.1	11.6	11.2	9.9	10.0	9.5	8.5	8.2	11.0
Lost workday cases	4.8	4.7	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.6	6.0
Lost workdays	86.8	88.9	86.6	87.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Electronic and other electrical equipment: Total cases	9.1	9.1	8.6	8.4	8.3	8.3	7.6	6.8	6.6	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.0
Lost workday cases	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.9	
Lost workdays	77.5	79.4	83.0	81.2	-	-	-	-	_				
Transportation equipment:													
Total cases	17.7	17.8	18.3	18.7	18.5	19.6	18.6	16.3	15.4	14.6		13.7	
Lost workday cases Lost workdays	6.8	6.9 153.7	7.0 166.1	7.1 186.6	7.1	7.8	7.9	7.0	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.0
Instruments and related products:	130.6	100.7	100.1	100.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Total cases	5.6	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.6	5.9	5.3	5.1	4.8	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.0
Lost workday cases	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.3	1.9	1.8	2.2	2.0
Lost workdays	55.4	57.8	64.4	65.3	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries:	44.4	11.0	11.0	10.7	10.0	9.9	0.1	0.5	8.9	0.4	0.4	7.0	6.4
Total cases	11.1	11.3 5.1	11.3 5.1	10.7 5.0	10.0 4.6	9.9 4.5	9.1 4.3	9.5 4.4	8.9 4.2	8.1 3.9	8.4 4.0	7.2 3.6	_
Lost workday cases	5.1												

54. Continued—Occupational injury and illness rates by industry, United States

					Incid	lence ra	tes per 1	00 work	ers ³				
Industry and type of case ²	1989 ¹	1990	1991	1992	1993 ⁴	1994 ⁴	1995 ⁴	1996 ⁴	1997 ⁴	1998 ⁴	1999 ⁴	2000 ⁴	2001 4
Nondurable goods:													
Total cases	I I	11.7	11.5	11.3	10.7	10.5	9.9	9.2	8.8	8.2	7.8	7.8	6.8
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		5.6 116.9	5.5 119.7	5.3 121.8	5.0	5.1	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.2	3.8
Food and kindred products:	. 107.0	110.5	113.7	121.0									
Total cases	18.5	20.0	19.5	18.8	17.6	17.1	16.3	15.0	14.5	13.6	12.7	12.4	10.9
Lost workday cases		9.9	9.9	9.5	8.9	9.2	8.7	8.0	8.0		7.3	7.3	6.3
Lost workdays		202.6	207.2	211.9	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-
Tobacco products:	0.7	7.7	6.4	0.0			5.0	6.7	5.0	6.4			6.7
Total cases Lost workday cases	I I	7.7 3.2	6.4 2.8	6.0 2.4	5.8 2.3	5.3 2.4	5.6 2.6	6.7 2.8	5.9 2.7	6.4 3.4	5.5 2.2	6.2 3.1	6.7 4.2
Lost workdays		62.3	52.0	42.9	2.5	- 2.4	2.0	2.0				-	-
Textile mill products:													
Total cases		9.6	10.1	9.9	9.7	8.7	8.2	7.8	6.7	7.4	6.4	6.0	5.2
Lost workday cases	I I	4.0	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.1	3.6	3.1	3.4	3.2	3.2	2.7
Lost workdays	. 81.4	85.1	88.3	87.1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Apparel and other textile products: Total cases	8.6	8.8	9.2	9.5	9.0	8.9	8.2	7.4	7.0	6.2	5.8	6.1	5.0
Lost workday cases	I I	3.9	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.9	3.6	3.3	3.1	2.6	2.8	3.0	2.4
Lost workdays		92.1	99.9	104.6	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
Paper and allied products:													
Total cases		12.1	11.2	11.0	9.9	9.6	8.5	7.9	7.3	7.1	7.0	6.5	6.0
Lost workday cases Lost workdays	5.8 . 132.9	5.5 124.8	5.0 122.7	5.0 125.9	4.6	4.5	4.2	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.2
,	. 132.9	124.8	122.7	125.9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Printing and publishing: Total cases	6.9	6.9	6.7	7.3	6.9	6.7	6.4	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.0	5.1	4.6
Lost workday cases	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.4
Lost workdays	63.8	69.8	74.5	74.8	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-
Chemicals and allied products:	7.0	0.5	0.4					4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0
Total cases Lost workday cases		6.5 3.1	6.4 3.1	6.0 2.8	5.9 2.7	5.7 2.8	5.5 2.7	4.8 2.4	4.8 2.3	4.2 2.1	4.4 2.3	4.2 2.2	4.0 2.1
Lost workdays		61.6	62.4	64.2		2.0			2.5	2.1	2.5		2.1
Petroleum and coal products:													
Total cases		6.6	6.2	5.9	5.2	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.3	3.9	4.1	3.7	2.9
Lost workday cases		3.1	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.4
Lost workdays	. 68.1	77.3	68.2	71.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products: Total cases	16.2	16.2	15.1	14.5	13.9	14.0	12.9	12.3	11.9	11.2	10.1	10.7	8.7
Lost workday cases		7.8	7.2	6.8	6.5	6.7	6.5	6.3	5.8		5.5	5.8	4.8
Lost workdays	. 147.2	151.3	150.9	153.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leather and leather products:													
Total cases Lost workday cases		12.1 5.9	12.5 5.9	12.1 5.4	12.1 5.5	12.0 5.3	11.4 4.8	10.7 4.5	10.6 4.3	9.8 4.5	10.3 5.0	9.0 4.3	8.7 4.4
Lost workdays		152.3	140.8	128.5	5.5	5.5	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	3.0	4.5	-
Transportation and public utilities													
Total cases	9.2	9.6	9.3	9.1	9.5	9.3	9.1	8.7	8.2	7.3	7.3	6.9	6.9
Lost workday cases		5.5	5.4	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.1	4.8		4.4	4.3	4.3
Lost workdays	. 121.5	134.1	140.0	144.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale and retail trade													
Total cases		7.9	7.6	8.4	8.1	7.9	7.5	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.1	5.9	6.6
Lost workday cases		3.5 65.6	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.5
Lost workdays	. 63.3	05.0	72.0	80.1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Wholesale trade: Total cases	7.7	7.4	7.2	7.6	7.8	7.7	7.5	6.6	6.5	6.5	6.3	5.8	5.3
Lost workday cases	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.8
Lost workdays	71.9	71.5	79.2	82.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade: Total cases	. 8.1	8.1	7.7	8.7	8.2	7.9	7.5	6.9	6.0	6.5	6.1	5.0	5.7
Lost workday cases	I I	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	7.5 3.0	2.8	6.8 2.9	6.5 2.7	2.5	5.9 2.5	2.4
Lost workdays		63.2	69.1	79.2	-	-	- 0.0						
Finance, insurance, and real estate													
Total cases	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.2	.7	1.8	1.9	1.8
Lost workday cases	9	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	.9	.9		.8	.8	.7
Lost workdays	. 17.6	27.3	24.1	32.9	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_
Services													
Total cases		6.0	6.2	7.1	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.0	5.6	5.2	4.9	4.9	4.6
Lost workday cases Lost workdays	. 2.7 . 51.2	2.8 56.4	2.8 60.0	3.0 68.6	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.2
Lost WUINUays	51.2	50.4	00.0	00.0									

¹ Data for 1989 and subsequent years are based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition. For this reason, they are not strictly comparable with data for the years 1985-88, which were based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972 Edition, 1977 Supplement.

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

² Beginning with the 1992 survey, the annual survey measures only nonfatal injuries and illnesses, while past surveys covered both fatal and nonfatal incidents. To better address fatalities, a basic element of workplace safety, BLS implemented the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.

³ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as (N/EH) X 200,000, where:

N = number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays;

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year; and 200,000 = base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

⁴ Beginning with the 1993 survey, lost workday estimates will not be generated. As of 1992, BLS began generating percent distributions and the median number of days away from work by industry and for groups of workers sustaining similar work disabilities.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees since 1976.

55. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure, 1996-2005

1	1996-2000	2001-2005	200	₀₅ 3
Event or exposure ¹	(average)	(average) ²	Number	Percent
All events	6,094	5,704	5,734	100
Transportation incidents	2,608	2,451	2,493	43
Highway	1,408	1,394	1,437	25
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	685	686	718	13
Moving in same direction	117	151	175	3
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming	247	254	265	5
Moving in intersection	151	137	134	2
Vehicle struck stationary object or equipment on				
side of road	264	310	345	6
Noncollision	372	335	318	6
Jack-knifed or overturnedno collision	298	274	273	5
Nonhighway (farm, industrial premises)	378	335	340	6
Noncollision accident	321	277	281	5
Overturned	212	175	182	3
Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment	376	369	391	7
Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in				
roadway	129	136	140	2
Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in				
parking lot or non-road area	171	166	176	3
Water vehicle	105	82	88	2
Aircraft	263	206	149	3
Assaults and violent acts	1,015	850	792	14
Homicides	766	602	567	10
Shooting	617	465	441	8
Suicide, self-inflicted injury	216	207	180	3
Suicide, sell-inflicted injury	210	207	100	3
Contact with objects and equipment	1,005	952	1,005	18
Struck by object	567	560	607	11
Struck by falling object	364	345	385	7
Struck by rolling, sliding objects on floor or ground				
level	77	89	94	2
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	293	256	278	5
Caught in running equipment or machinery	157	128	121	2
Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials	128	118	109	2
Falls	714	763	770	13
Fall to lower level	636	669	664	12
Fall from ladder	106	125	129	2
Fall from roof	153	154	160	3
Fall to lower level, n.e.c.	117	123	117	2
Experience to be professional authorous as any significant	F2F	400	F04	
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	535	498	501	9
Contact with electric current	290	265	251	4
Contact with overhead power lines	132	118	112	2
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances Oxygen deficiency	112 92	114 74	136 59	2
Oxygon donoidnoy	32	'-	00	'
Fires and explosions	196	174	159	3
Firesunintended or uncontrolled	103	95 78	93	2
Explosion	92		65	1

¹ Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual. 2 Excludes fatalities from the Sept. 11, 2001, terrorist attacks.

The BLS news release of August 10, 2006, reported a total of 5,702 fatal work injuries for calendar year 2005. Since then, an additional 32 job-related fatalities were identified, bringing the total job-related fatality count for 2005 to 5,734.

NOTE: Totals for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not

shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.